

# ORIGAMI

## gli insetti

di Alberto Geronzi



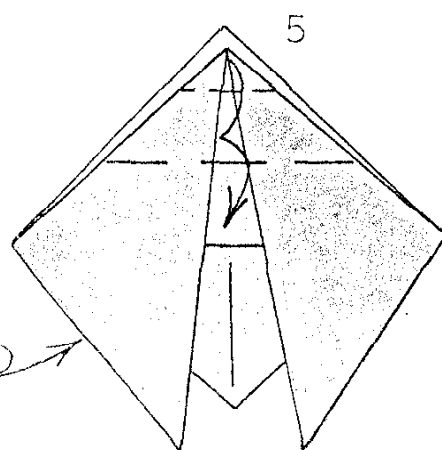
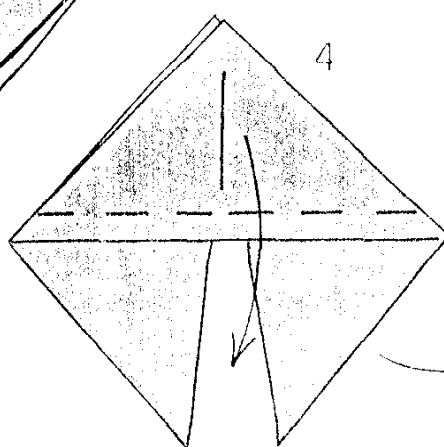
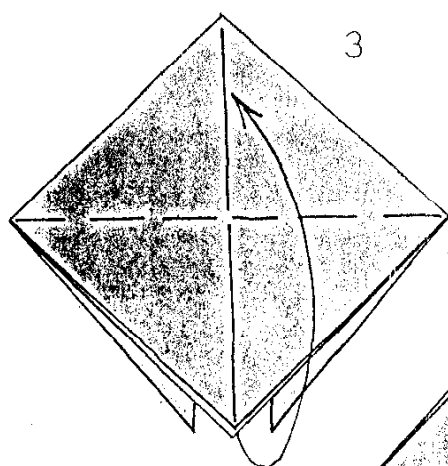
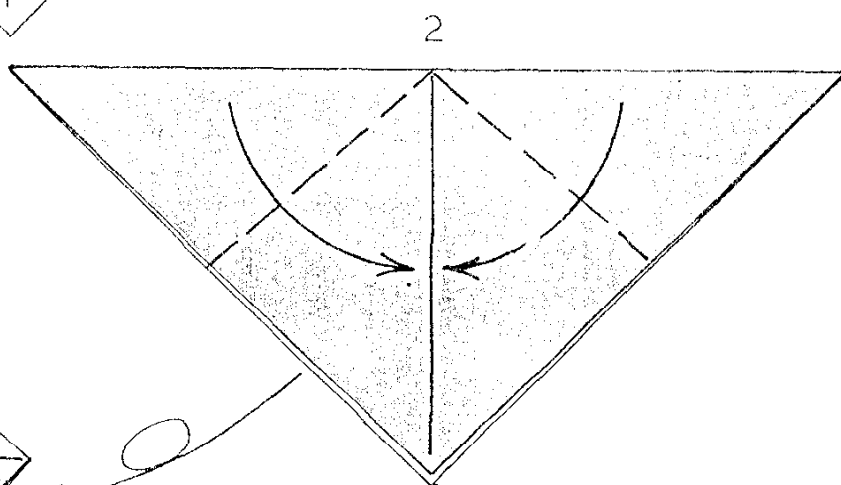
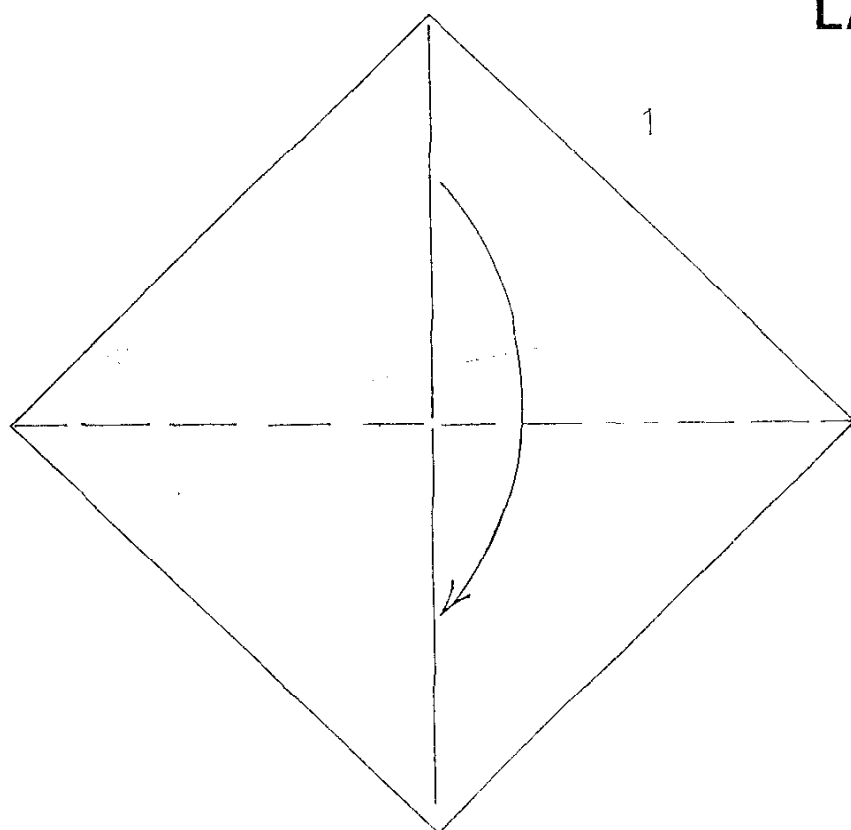
# ORIGAMI

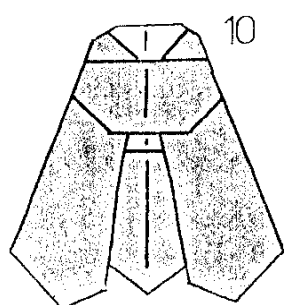
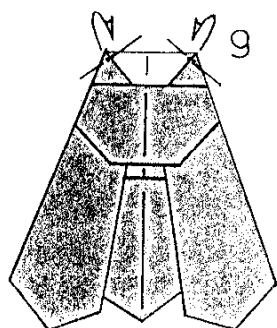
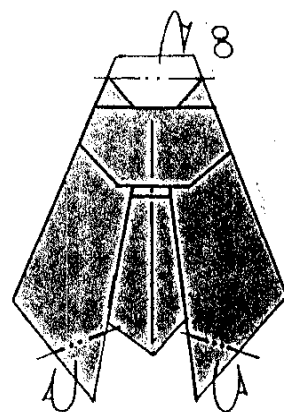
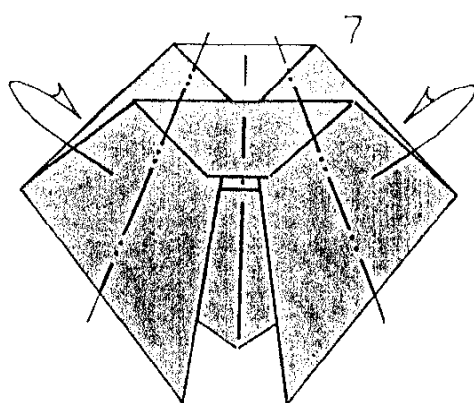
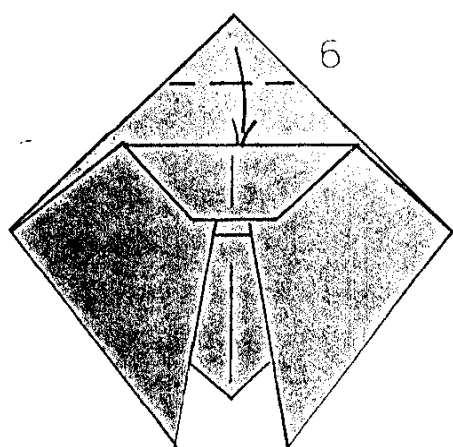
## gli insetti

di Alfredo Giunta

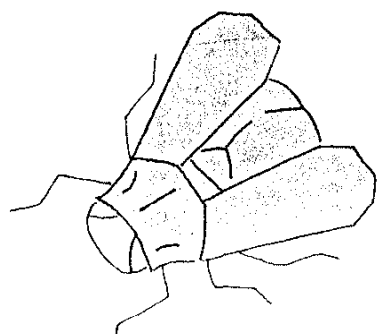
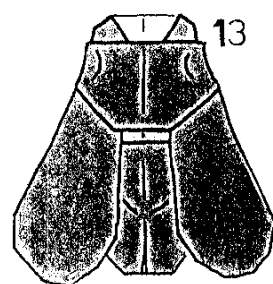
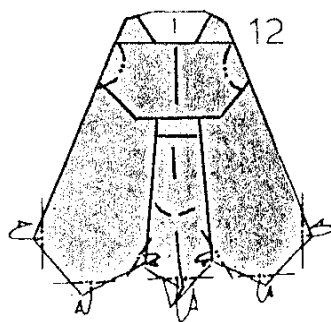
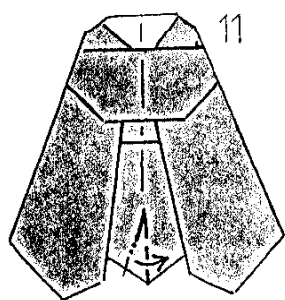
 il Castello

# LA MOSCA n.1



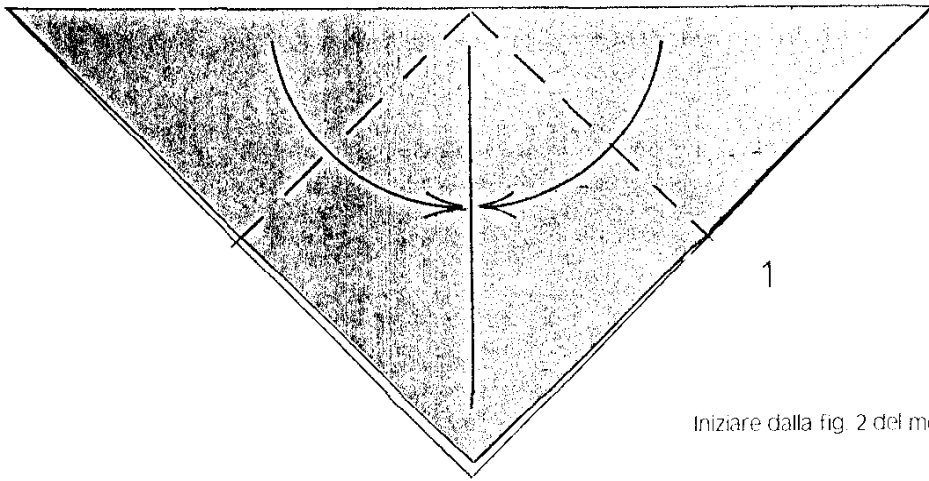


A questo punto la mosca è finita ma volendo si può continuare, per dare tridimensionalità

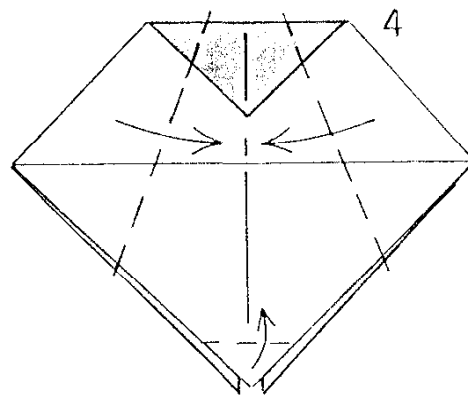
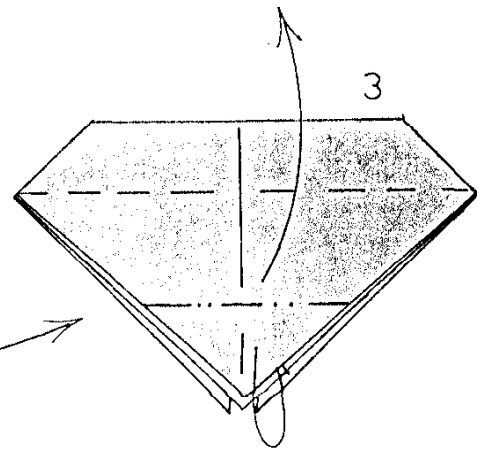
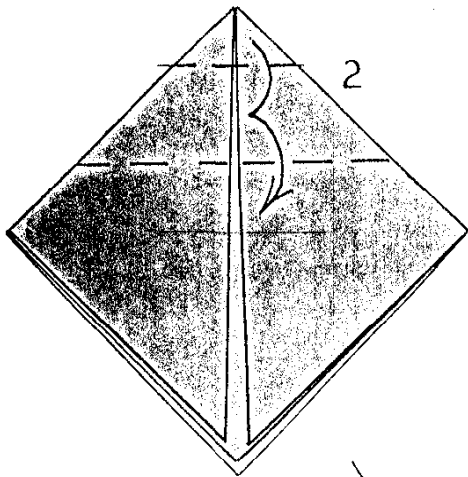


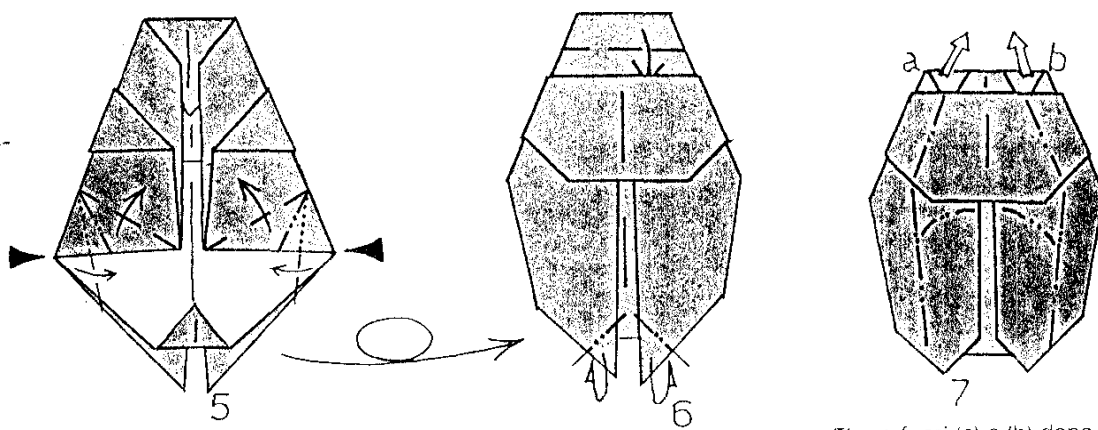
Se avesse le zampe, la mosca apparirebbe così.

# IL COLEOTTERO

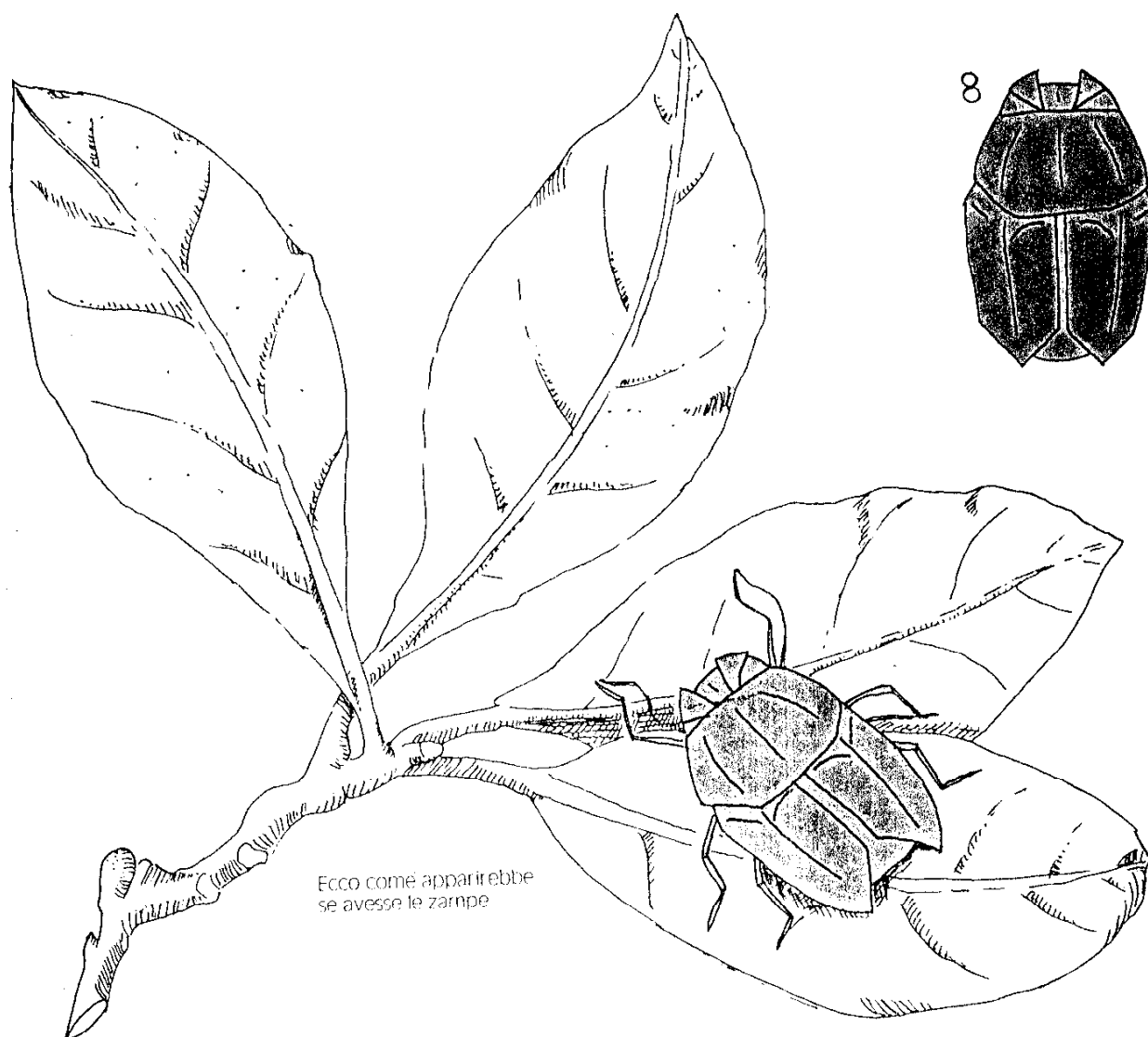


Iniziare dalla fig. 2 del modello precedente





Tirare fuori (a) e (b) dopo piegare a monte lungo le pieghe segnate per dare tridimensionalità.

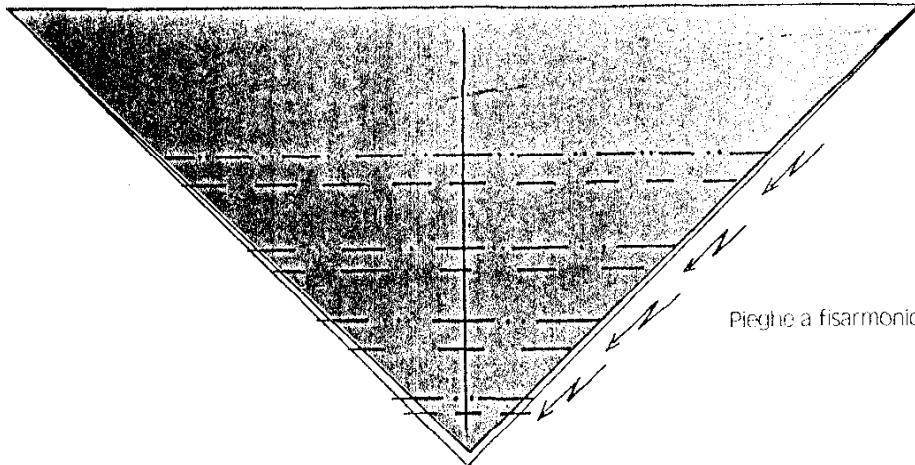


Ecco come apparirebbe se avesse le zampe

# LA CICALA

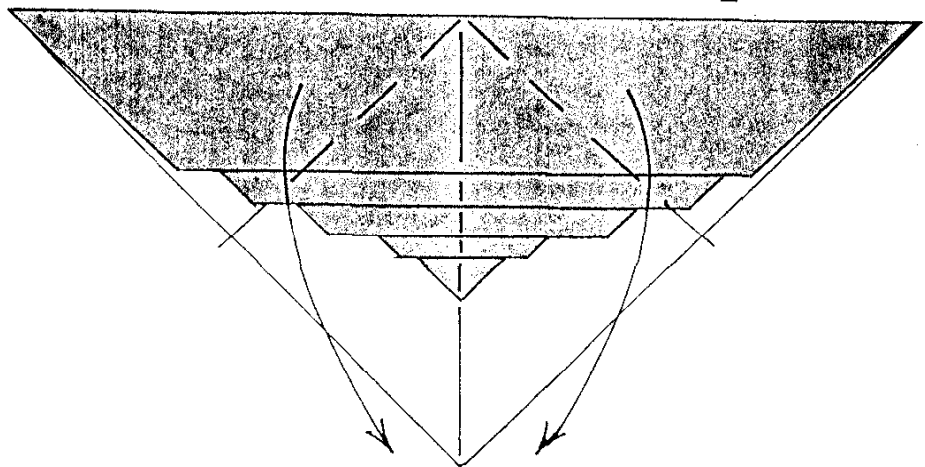
1

Iniziare dalla fig. 1 del modello precedente.

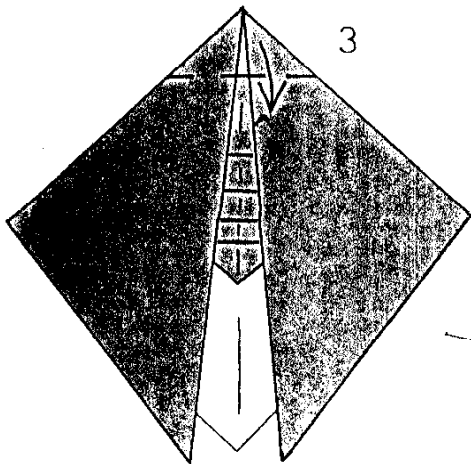


Pieghe a fisarmonica solo sul primo lembo.

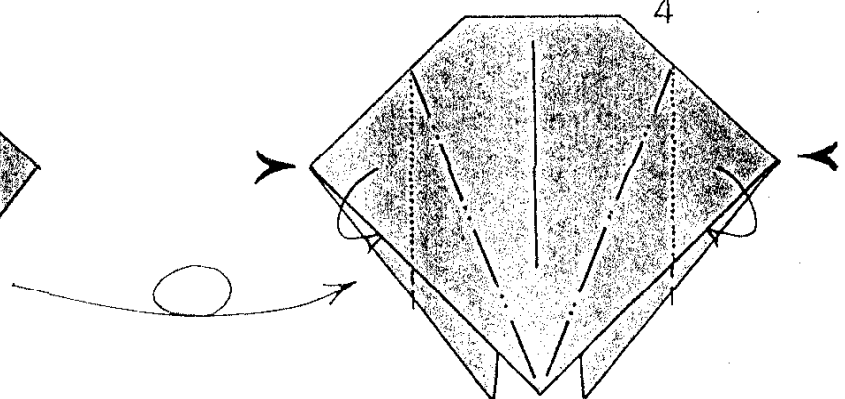
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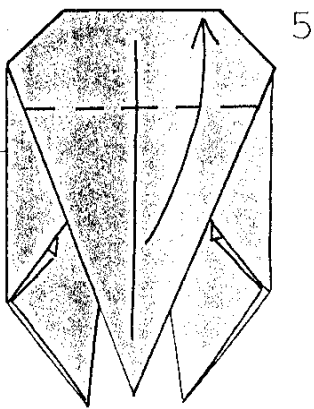


3

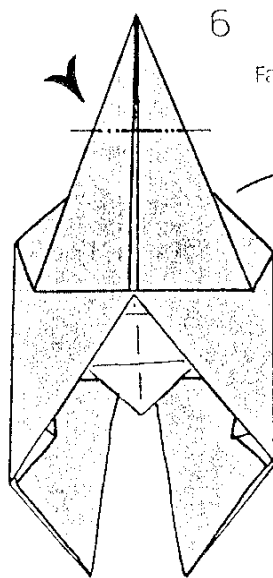


4



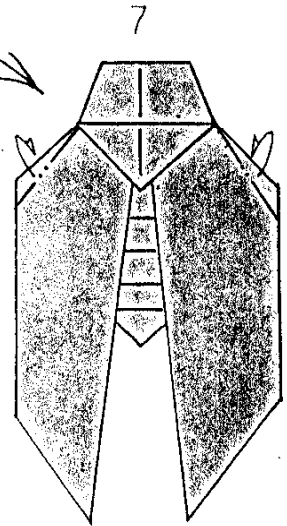


5



6

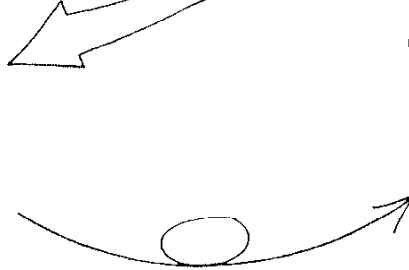
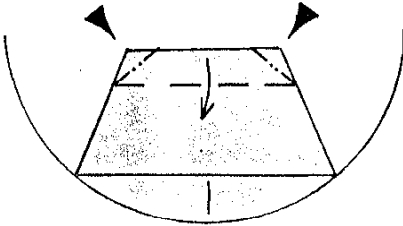
Far rientrare la punta



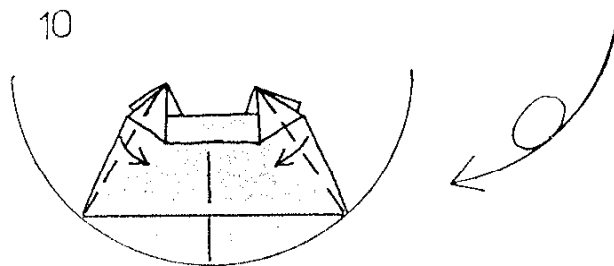
7

8

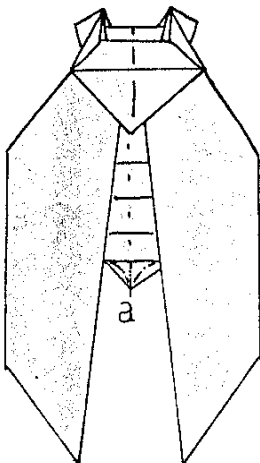
Piegare e schiacciare gli angoli



9



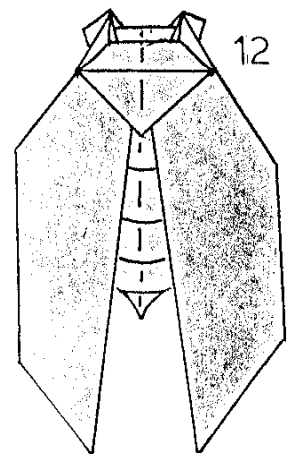
10



11

a

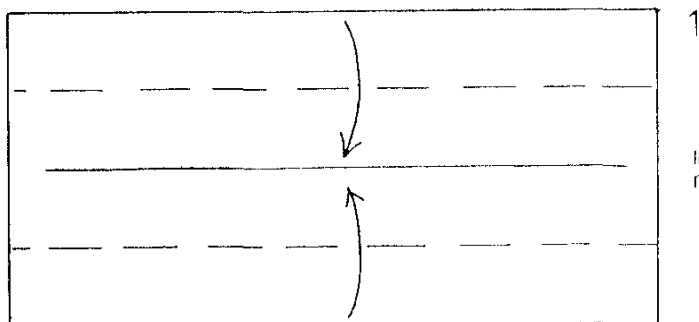
Per dare tridimensionalità a questa figura, basta tirare leggermente ogni segmento dell'addome e schiacciarlo al centro. Infine pizzicare la punta (a).



12

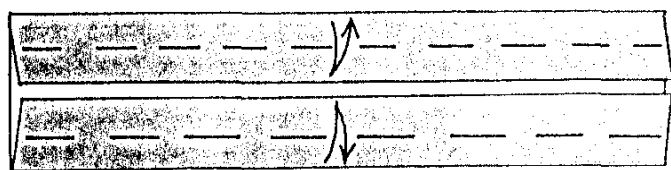


# IL BRUCO

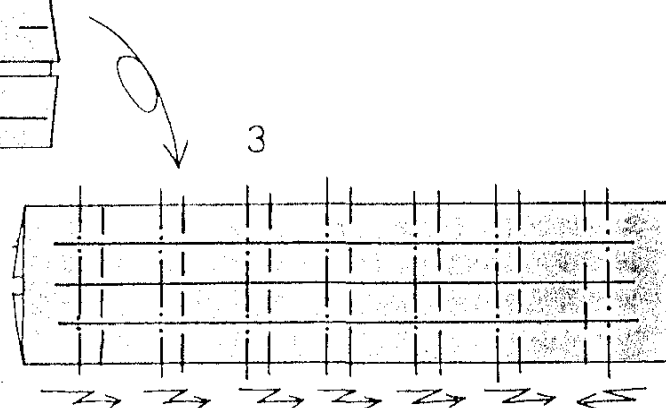


1

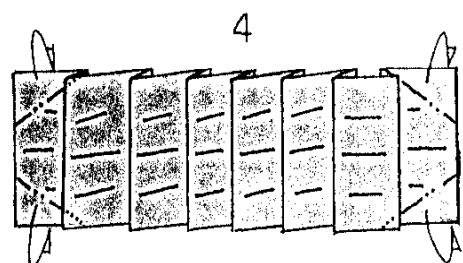
Iniziare con un rettangolo 2 x 1



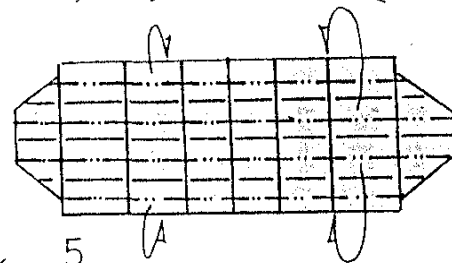
2



3



4

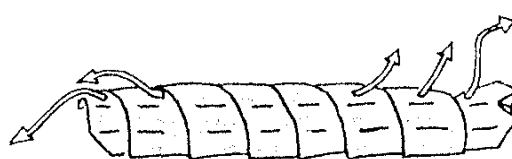


5

Arrotondare il corpo seguendo le pieghe

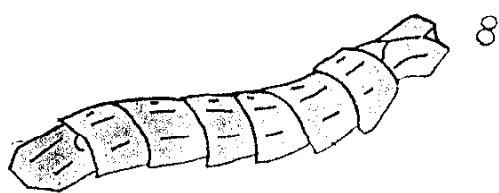


6



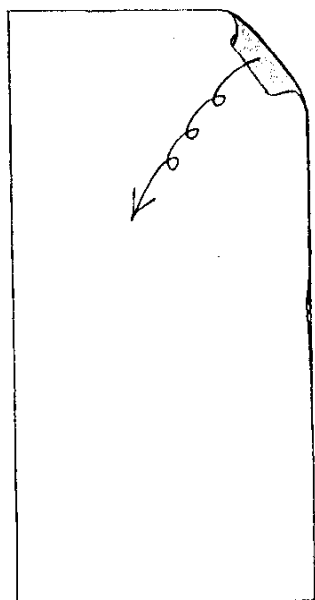
7

Modellare ogni segmento del corpo, seguendo le curve delle frecce

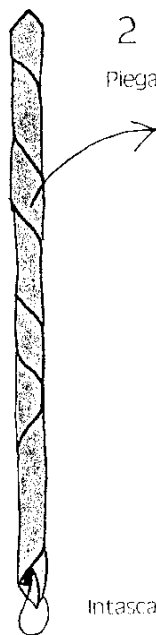


Il bruco sopra un rametto

## IL RAMETTO



1 Arrotolare

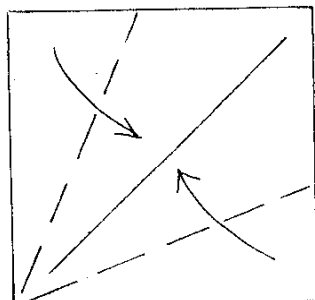


2 Piegare leggermente verso destra

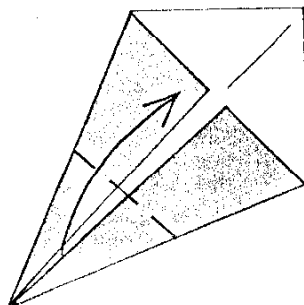


Intascare la punta

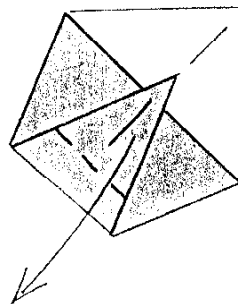
## LA FOGLIA



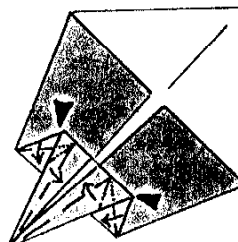
1



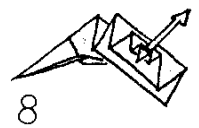
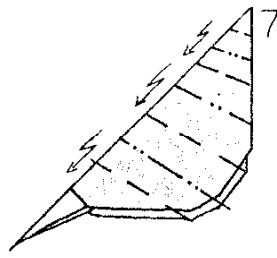
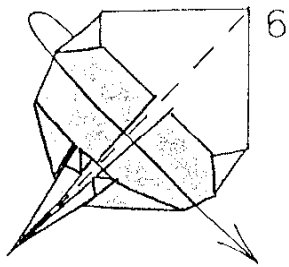
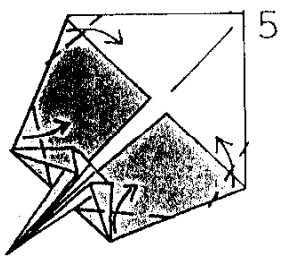
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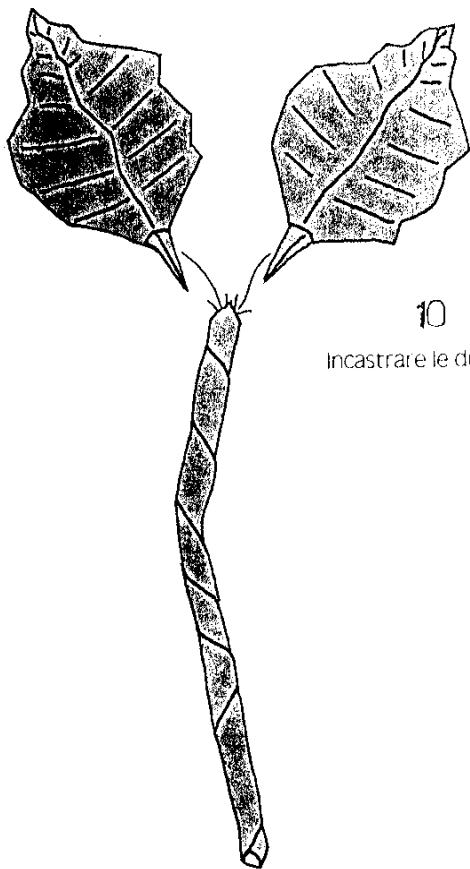
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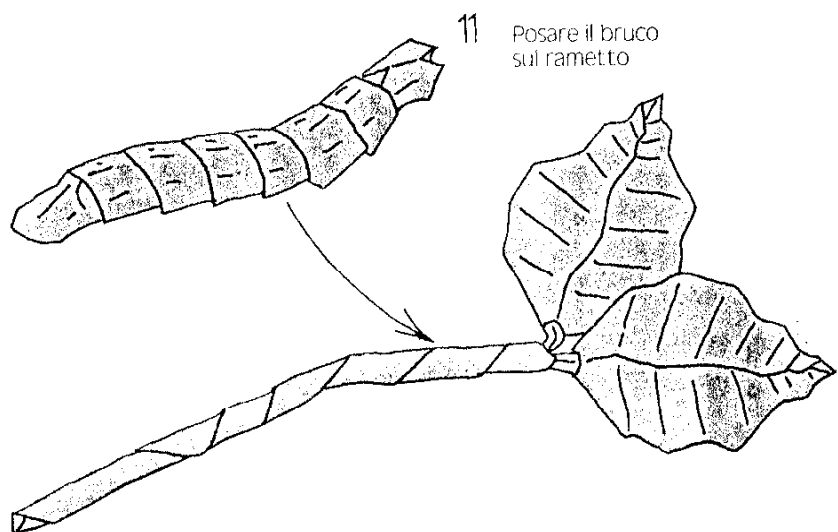
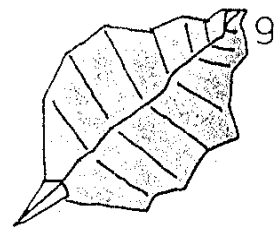
4



8  
Tirare su  
e allargare la foglia

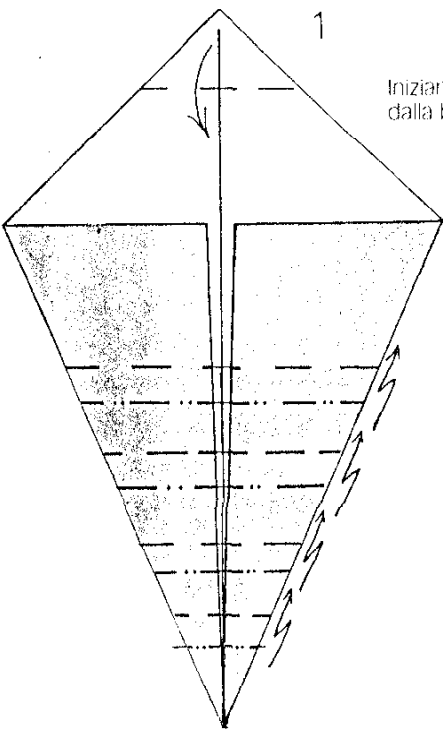


10  
Incastrare le due foglie

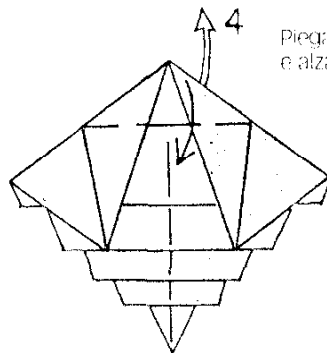
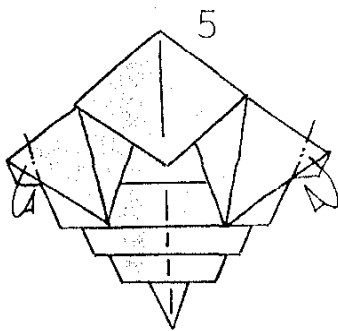
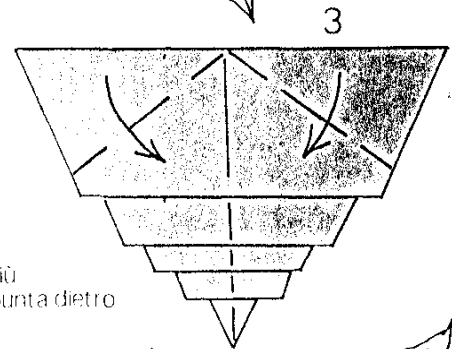
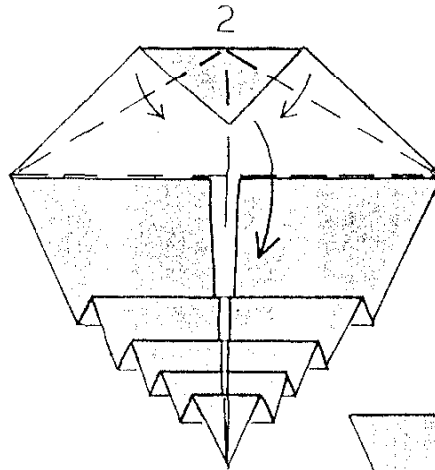


11  
Posare il bruco  
sul rametto

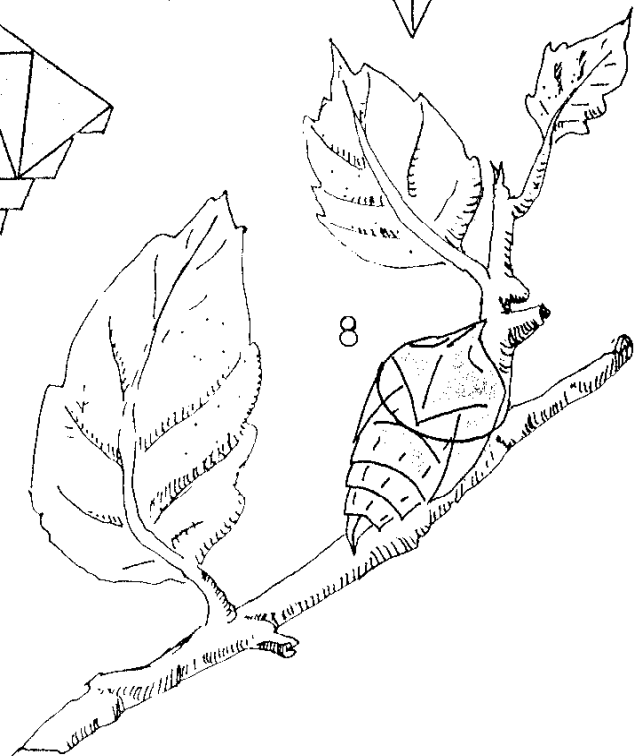
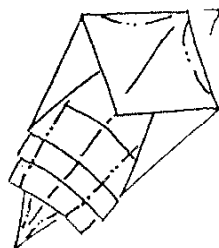
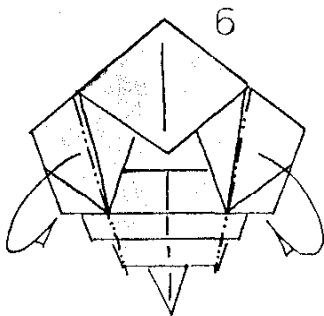
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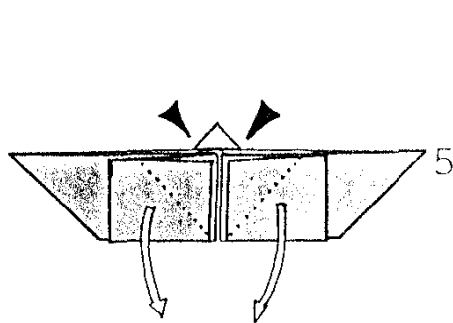
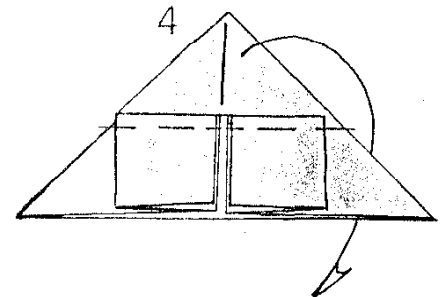
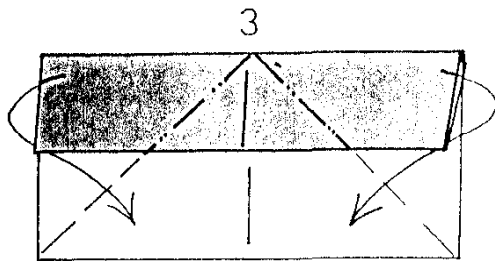
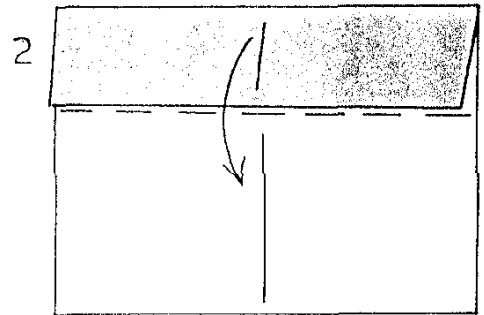
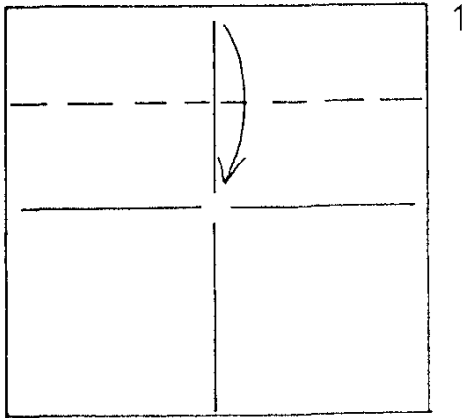
Iniziare  
dalla base a freccia



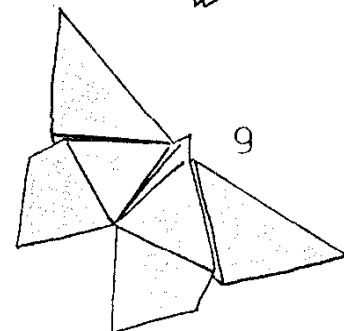
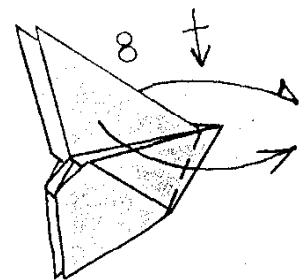
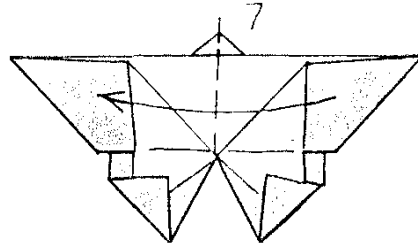
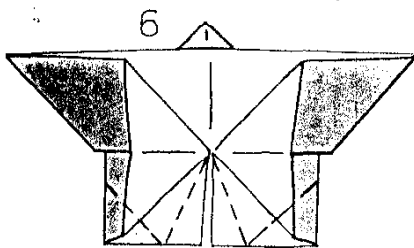
Piegare in giù  
e alzare la punta dietro



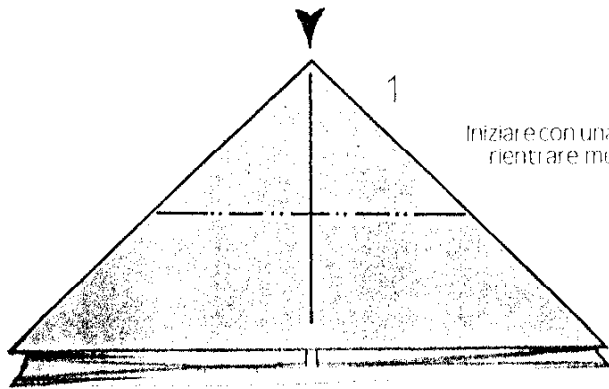
# LA FARFALLA n. 1



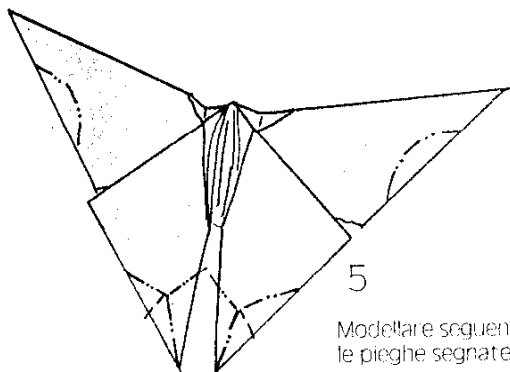
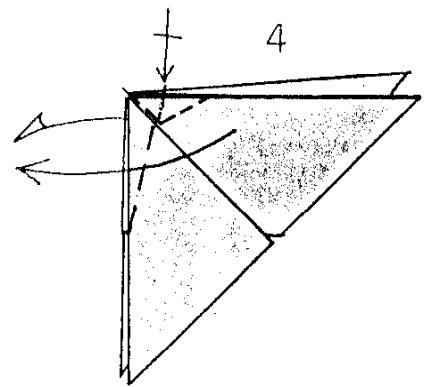
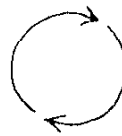
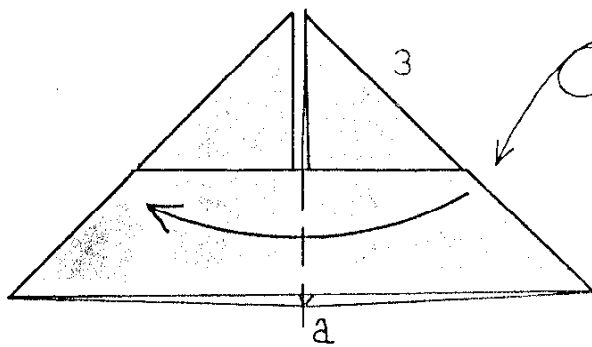
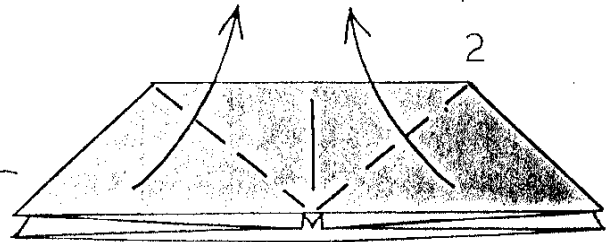
Tirare giù le alette e schiacciare i lembi all'interno



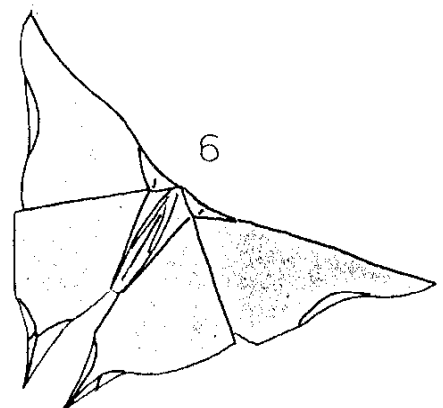
# LA FARFALLA n. 2



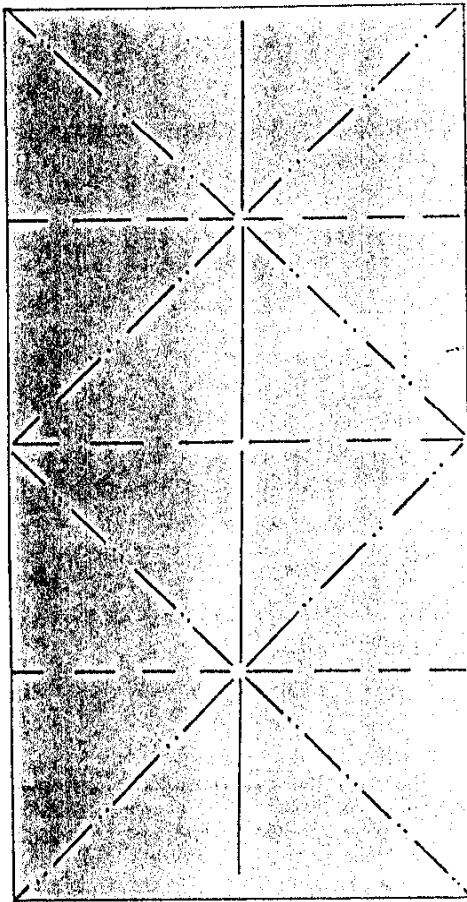
Iniziare con una base triangolare e far rientrare metà della figura



Modellare seguendo le pieghe segnate

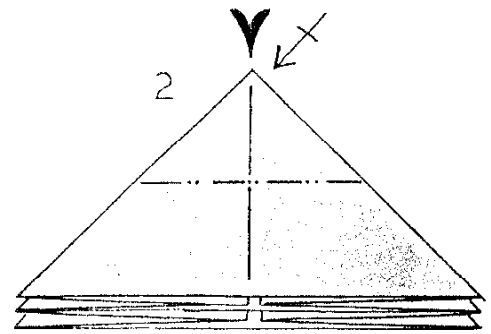


# LA FARFALLA n. 3

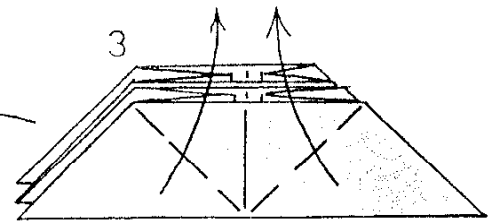


1

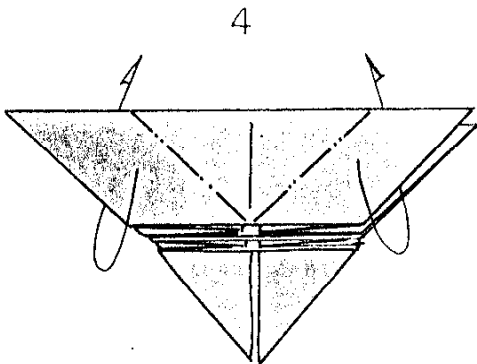
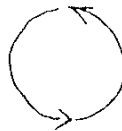
Per questo modello usare della carta sottile o di tipo velina.  
Iniziare con un rettangolo 2x1



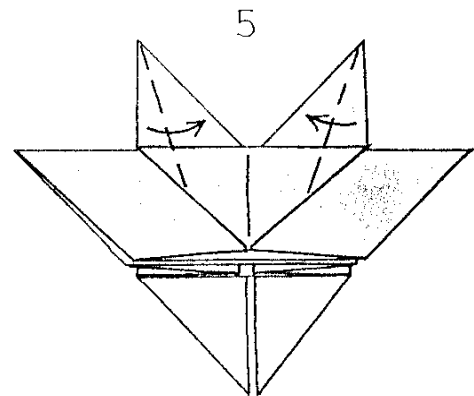
2



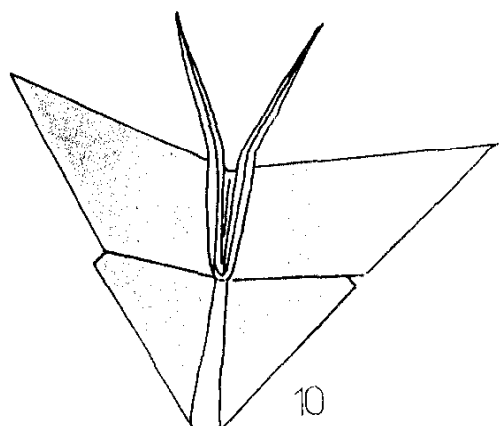
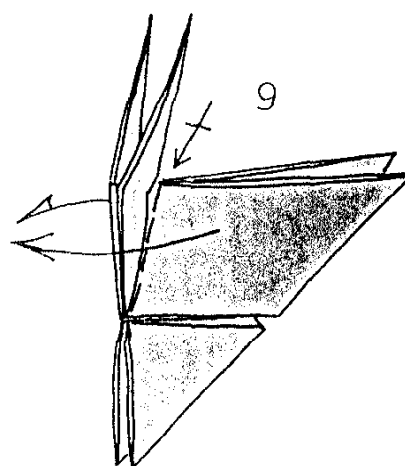
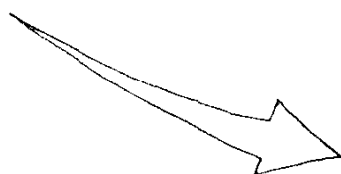
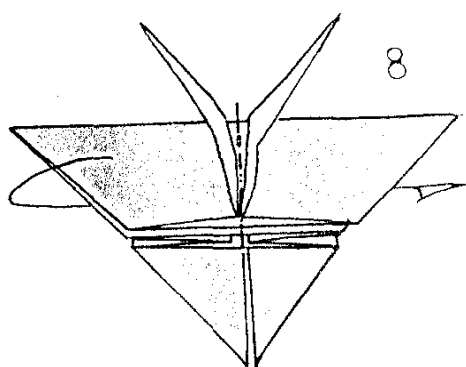
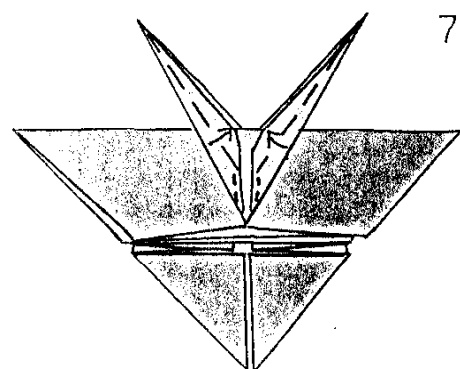
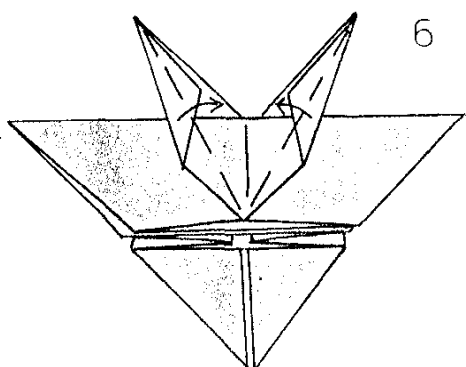
3



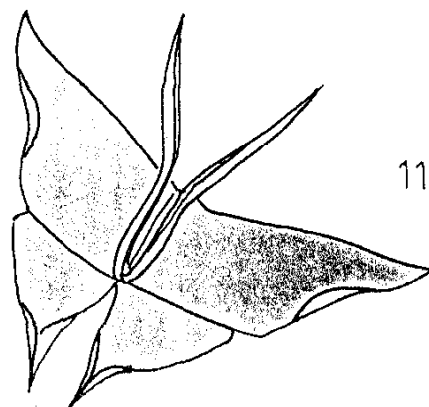
4



5

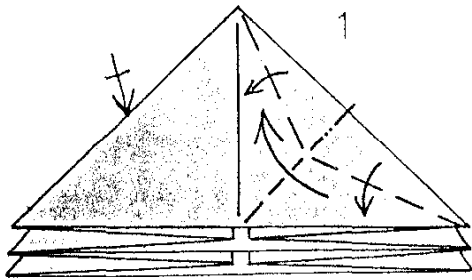


Per modellare la figura, si possono fare le stesse pinche del passaggio n. 5 del modello precedente

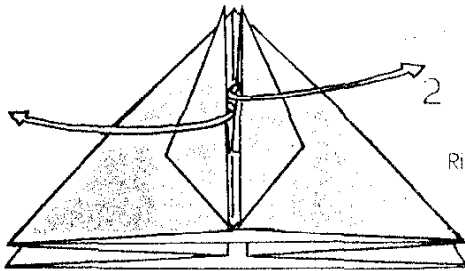




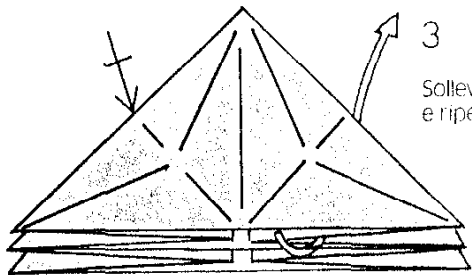
# LA FARFALLA n. 4



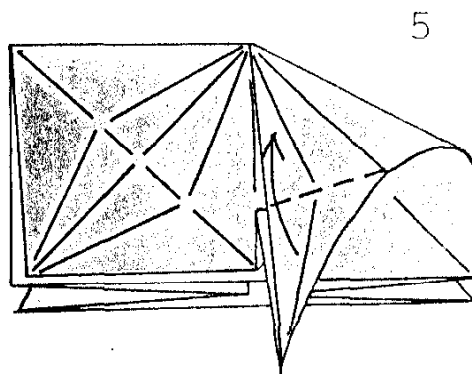
Iniziare dalla fig. 2 del modello precedente



Riaprire

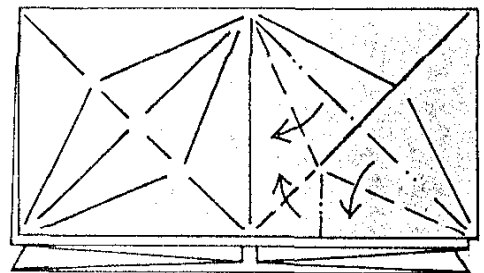


Sollevare il primo lembo interno e ripetere dall'altro lato

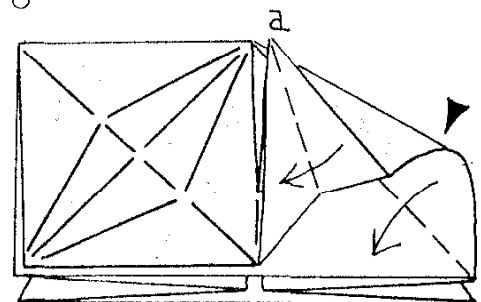


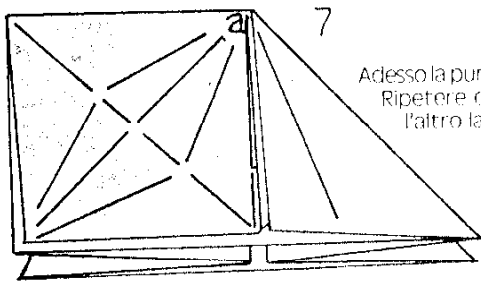
4

Richiudere seguendo le pieghe

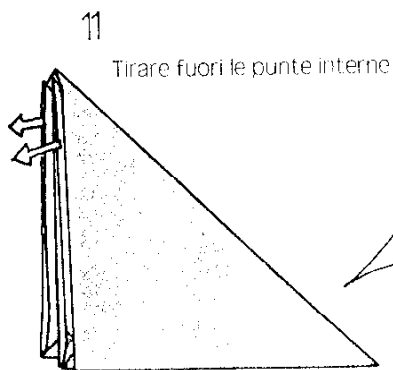
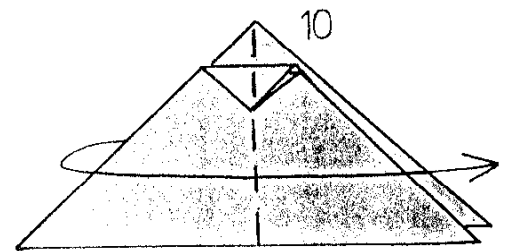
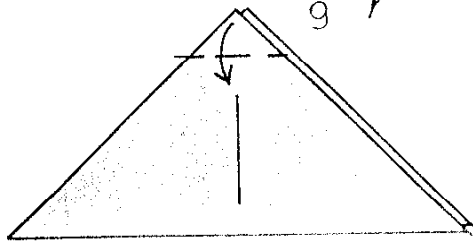
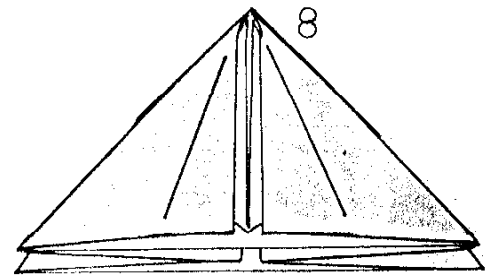


6

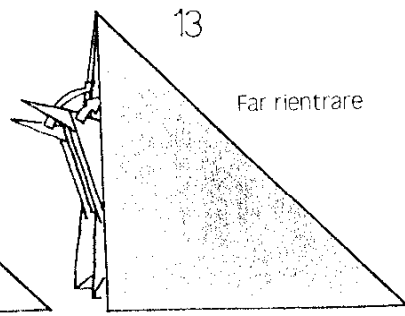
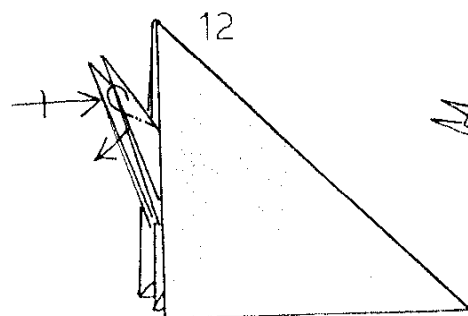




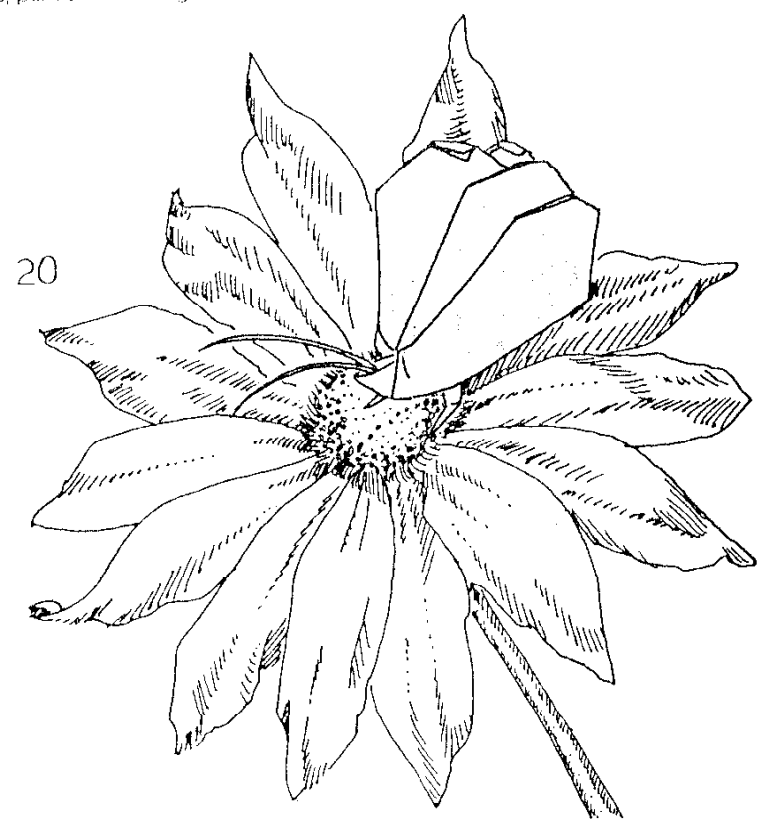
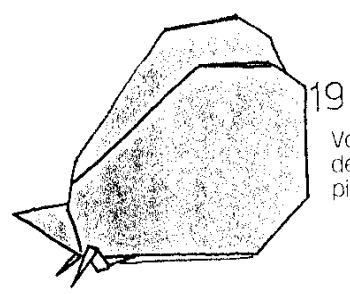
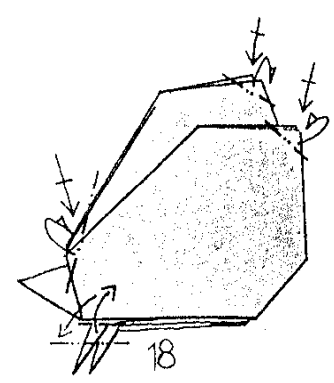
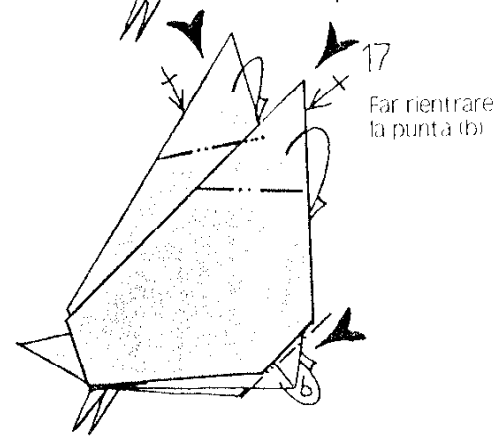
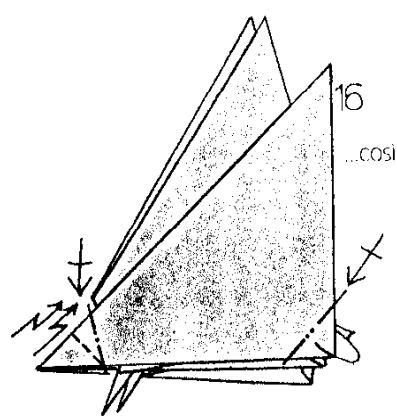
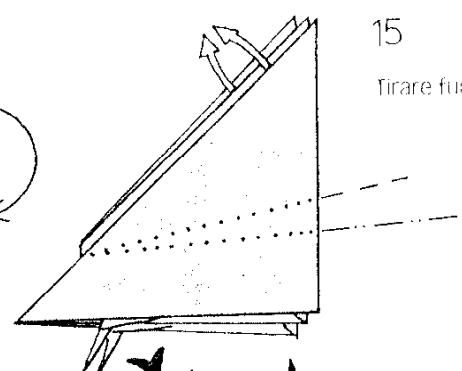
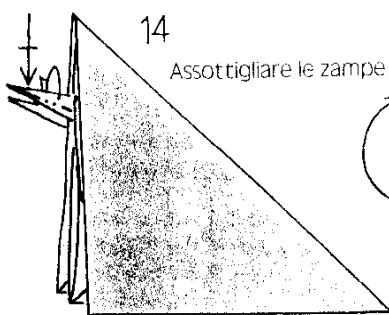
Adesso la punta (a) si trova all'interno.  
Ripetere dalla fig. 4 alla fig. 7 per  
l'altro lato



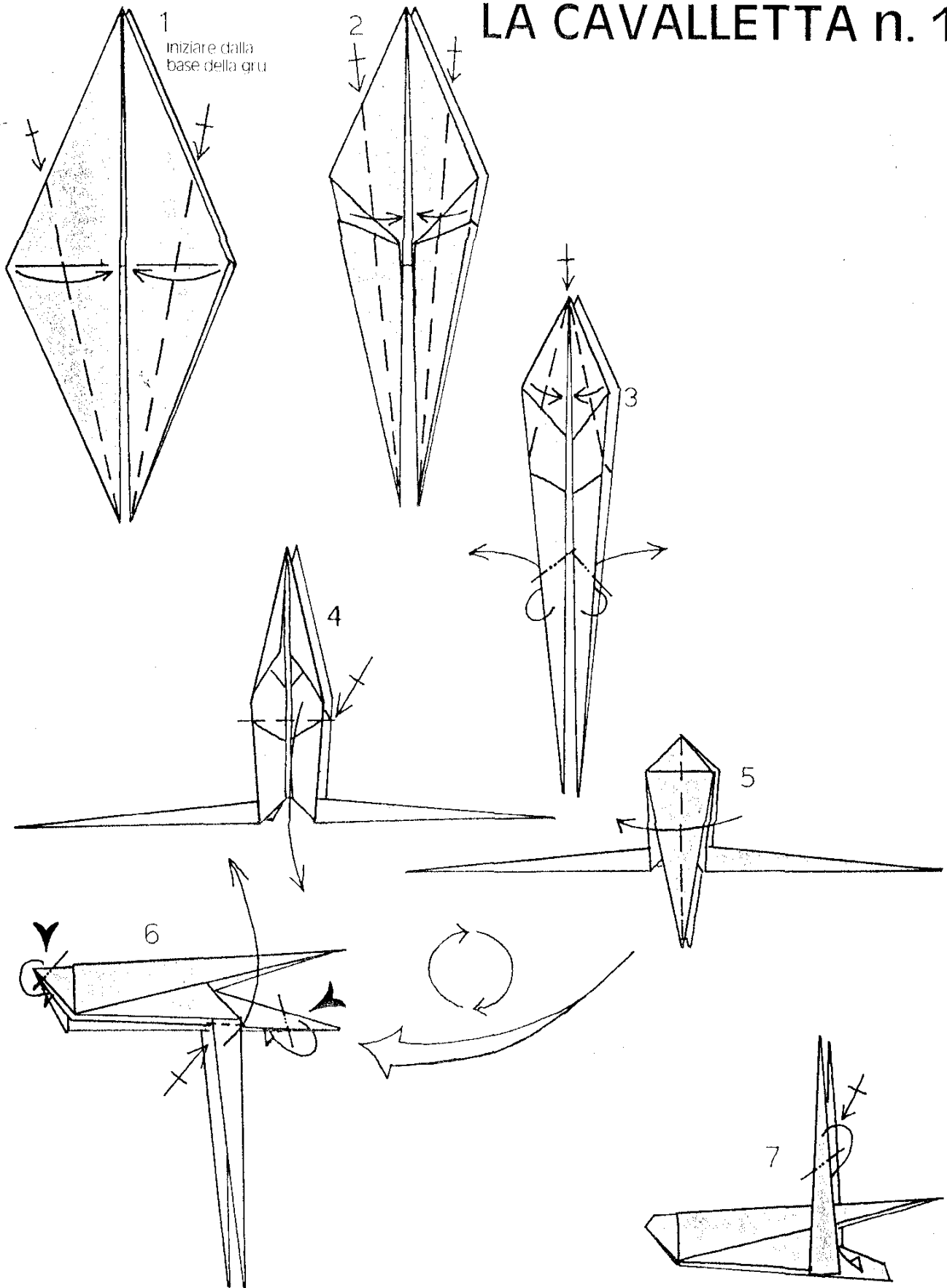
Tirare fuori le punte interne

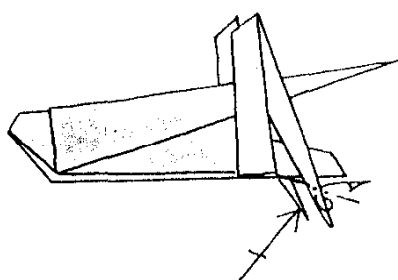


Far rientrare

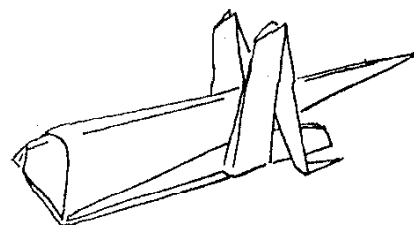


# LA CAVALLETTA n. 1





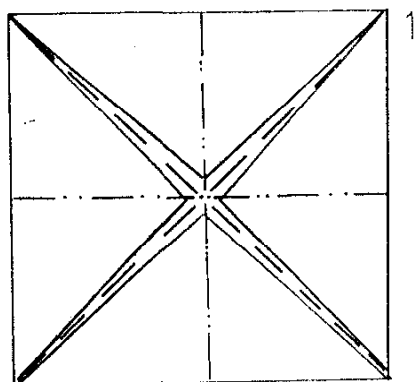
8



9

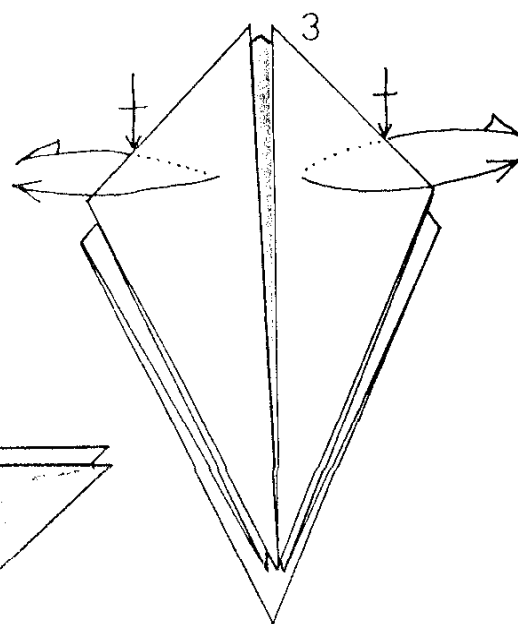
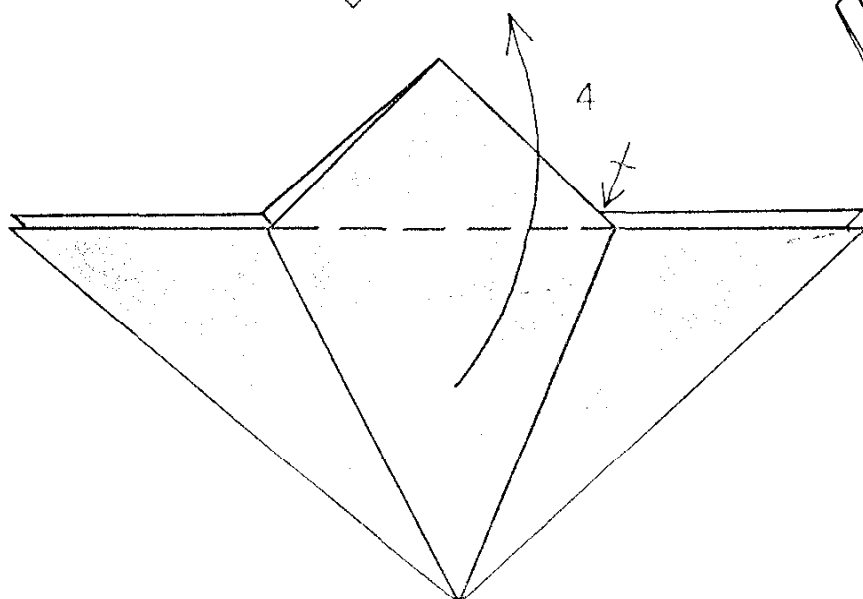
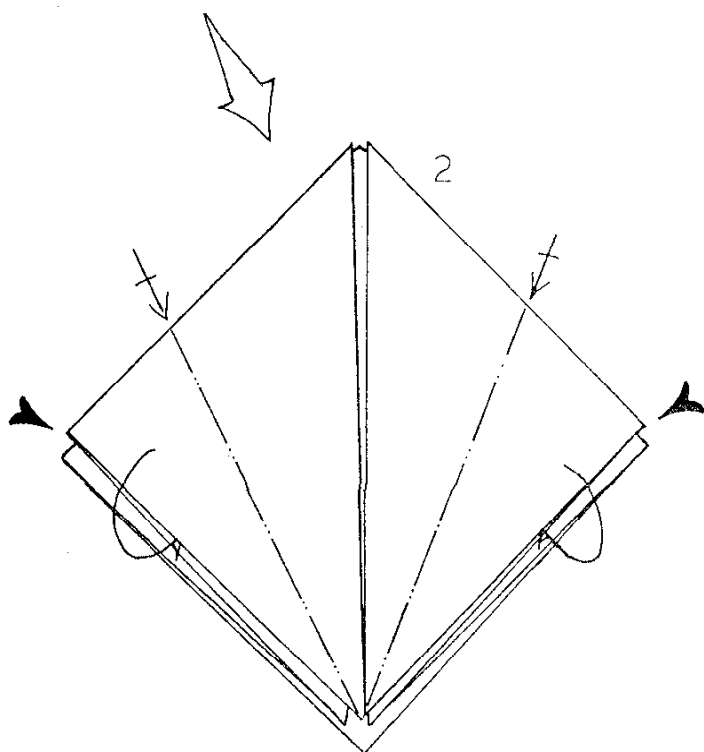


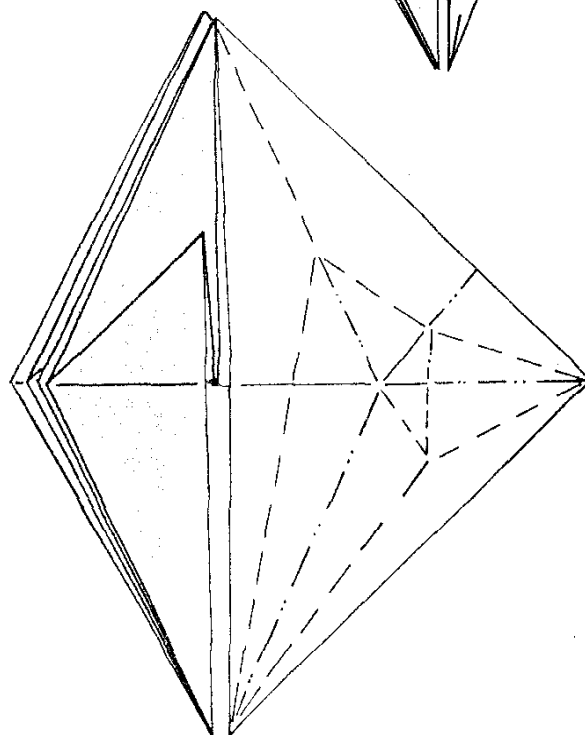
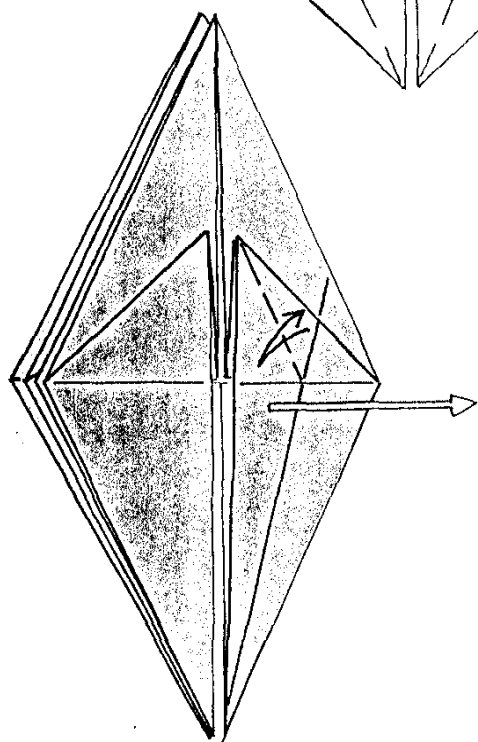
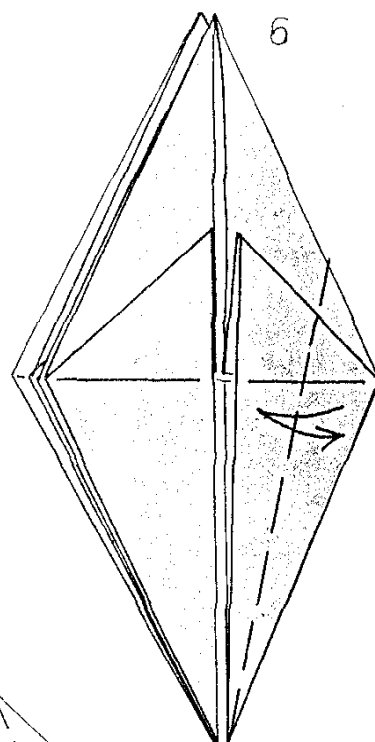
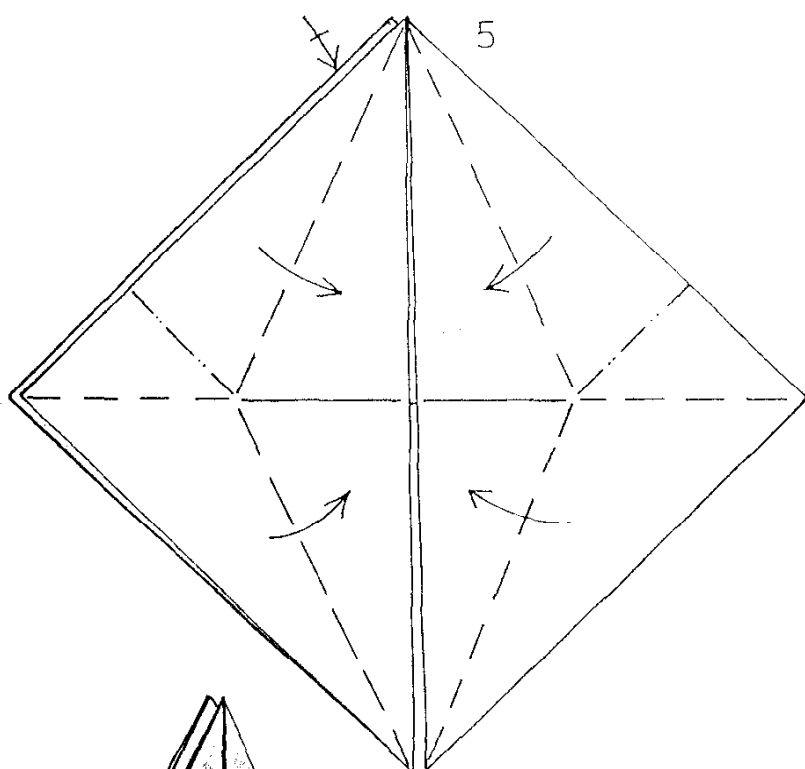
## LA CAVALLETTA n. 2



Iniziare dalla  
base a busta

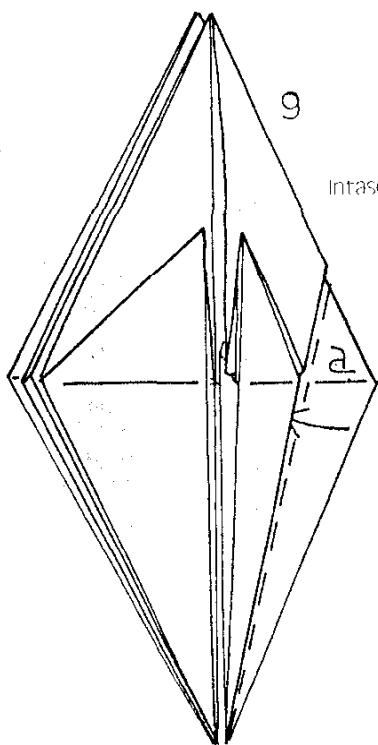
Questo è un modello più realistico del precedente in quanto possiede tutte le zampe. Ma per realizzarlo, la carta si inspessisce molto. Usate quindi una carta molto sottile, non necessariamente di tipo velina, e di formato d'almeno 25 cm.



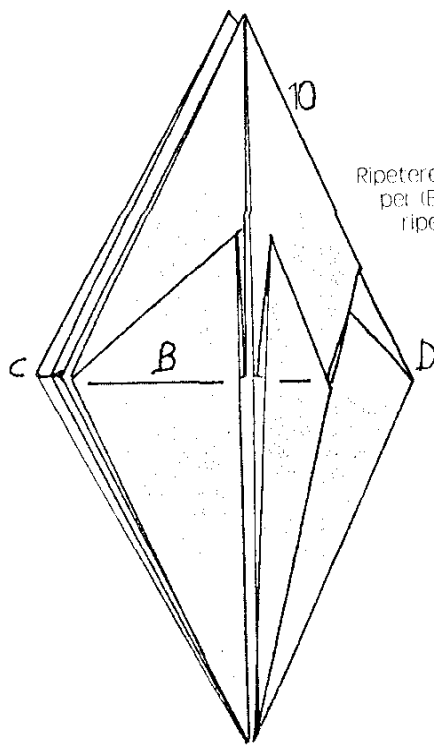


7  
Piegare e riaprire

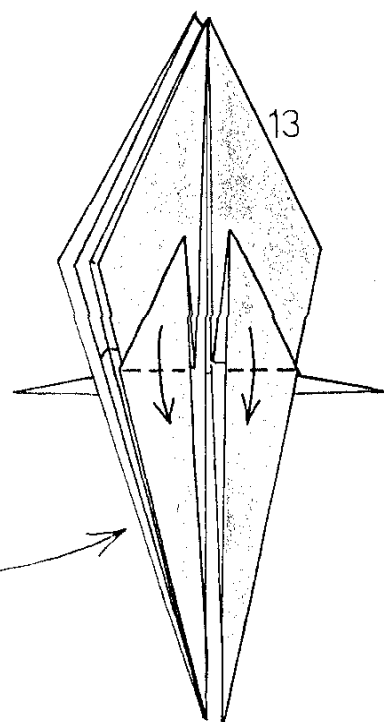
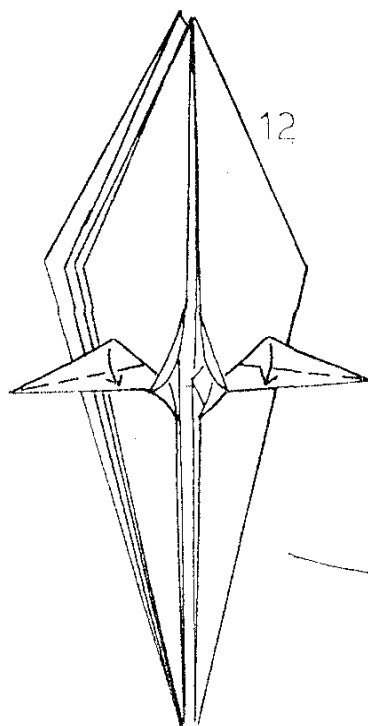
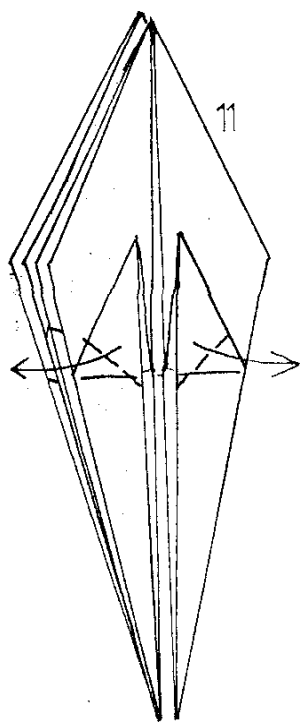
8  
Ripassare le pieghe come segnato e richiudere



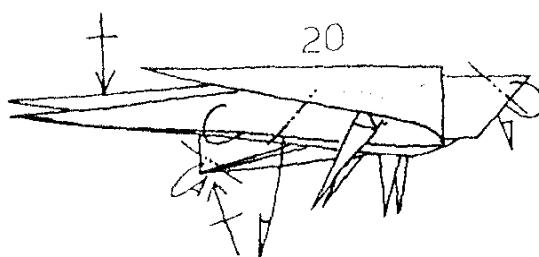
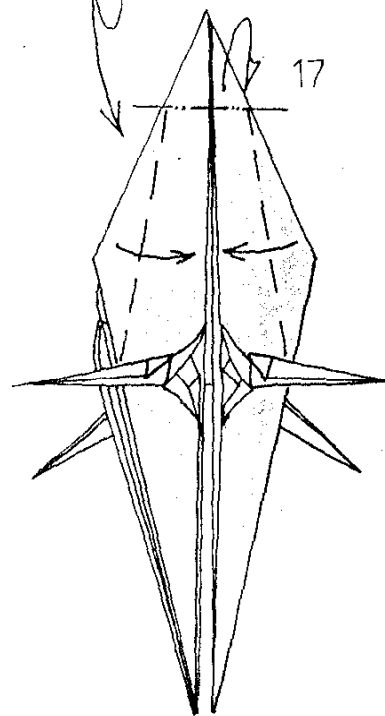
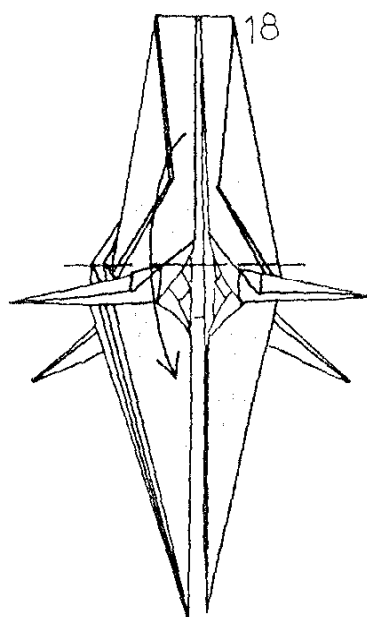
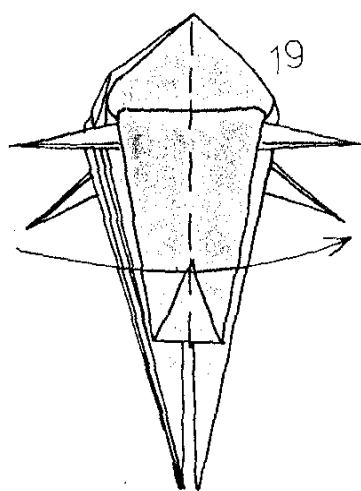
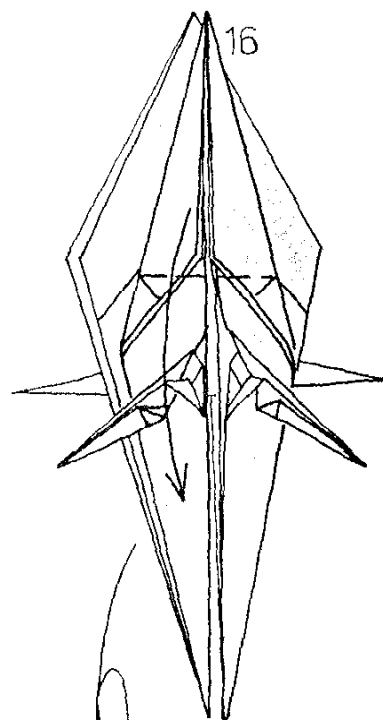
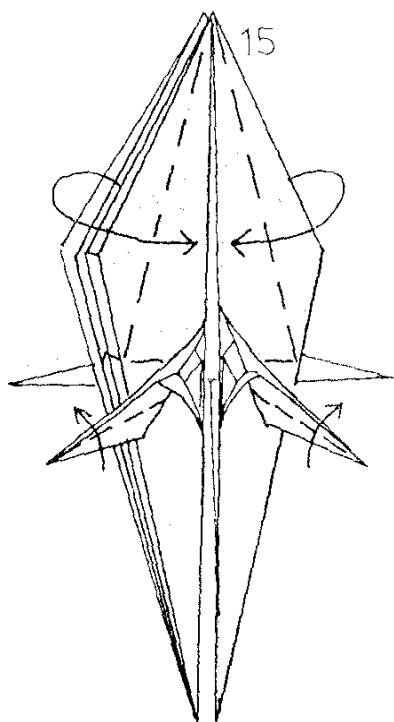
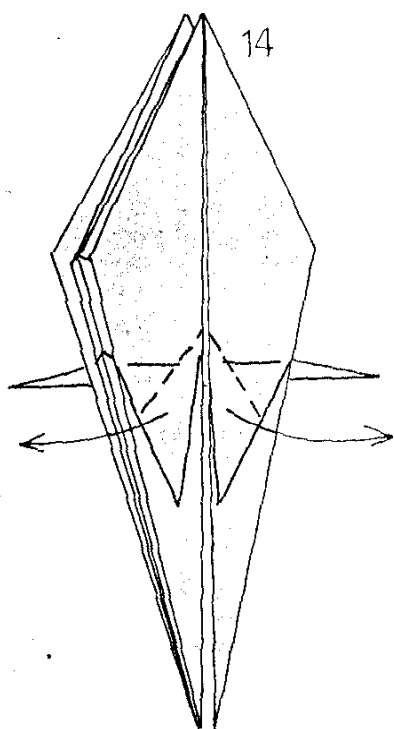
Intascare (a)

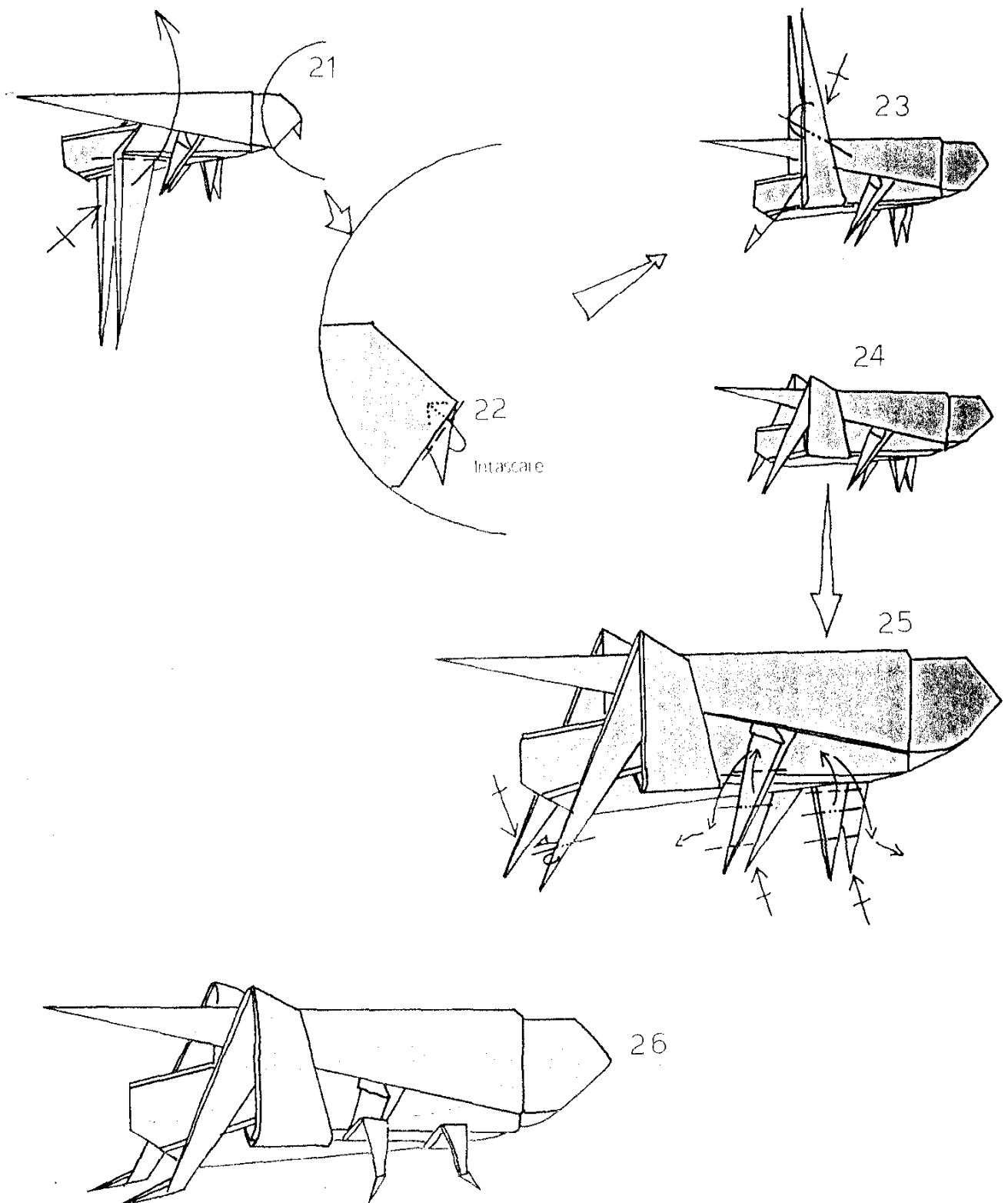


Ripetere dalla fig. 6 alla fig. 10  
per (B) poi girare il modello e  
ripetere per (C) e (D).



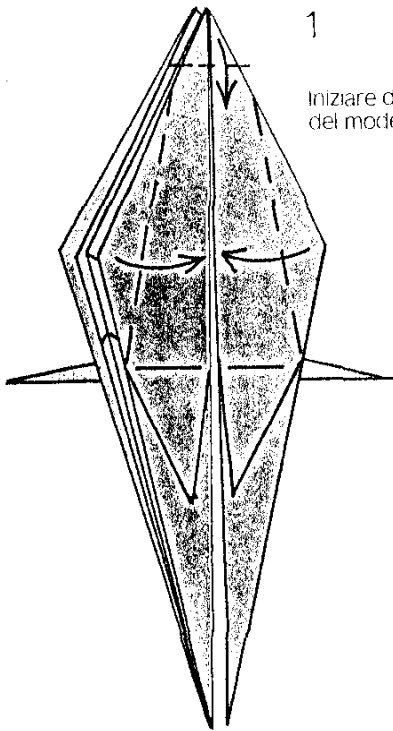




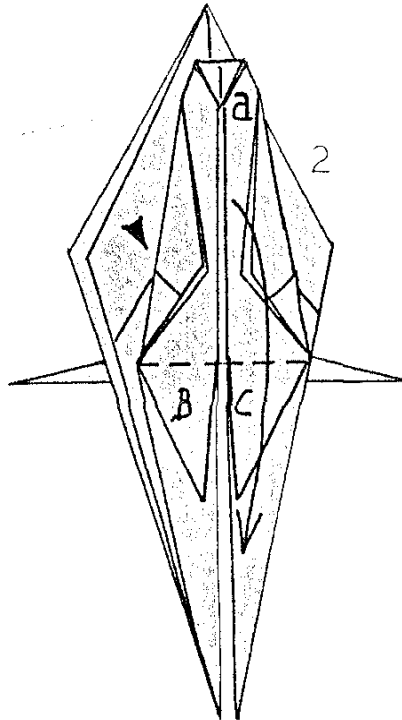


# LA MANTIDE

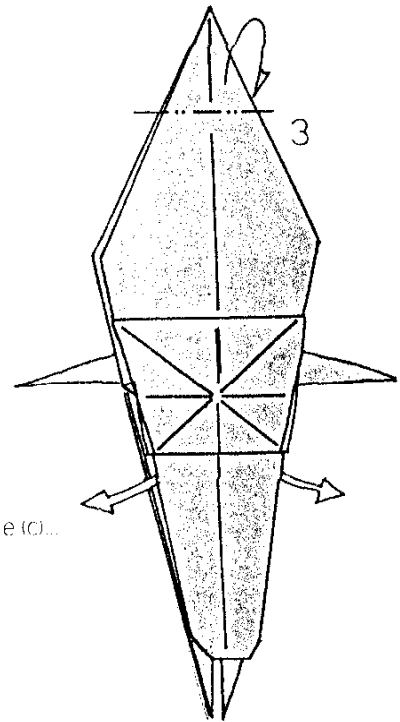
Fig. 1 - 56



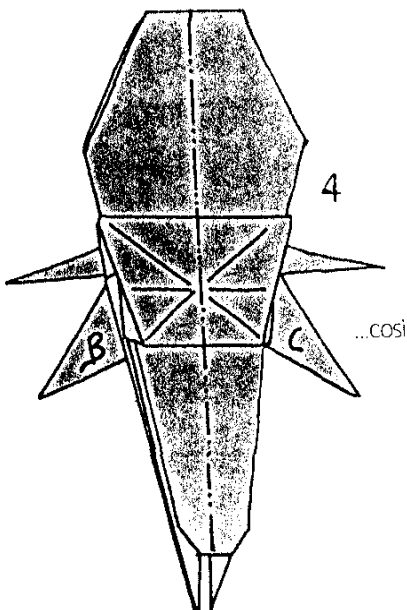
1  
Iniziare dalla fig. 14  
del modello precedente



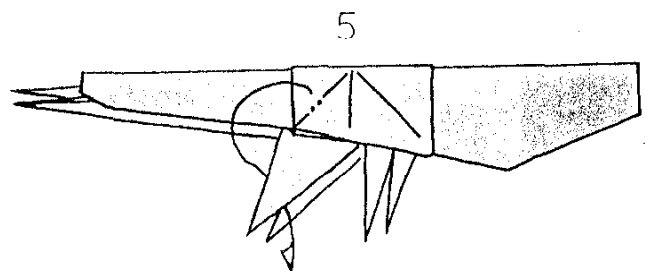
2  
Abbassare (a) e schiacciare  
completamente la punta interna.  
Tenere presente (b) e (c)

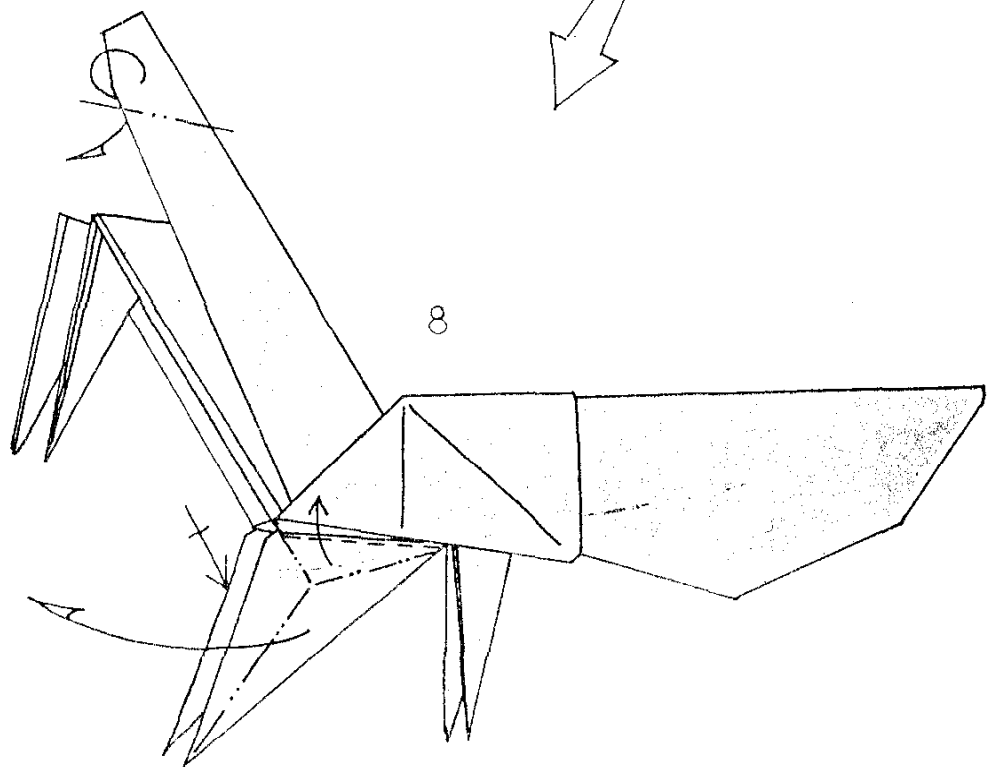
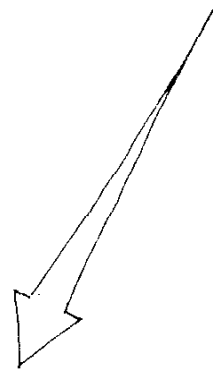
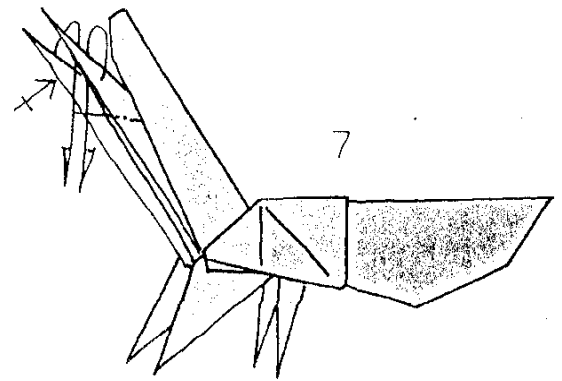
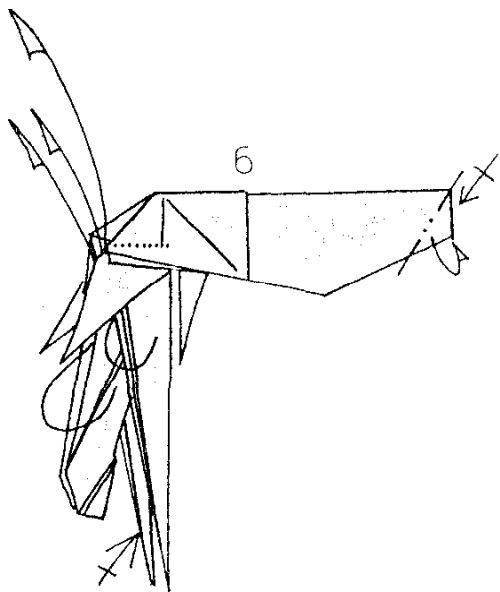


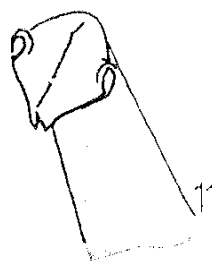
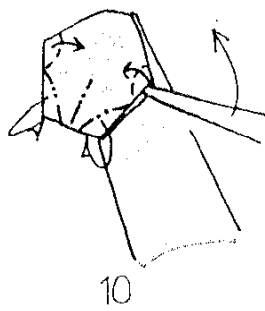
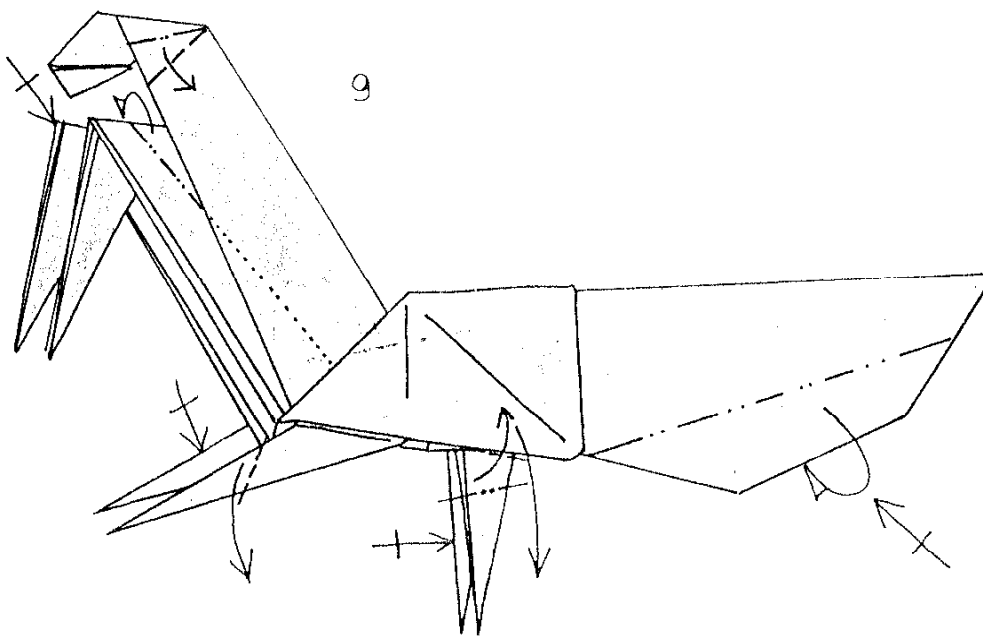
Tirare fuori le punte (b) e (c)...



...così



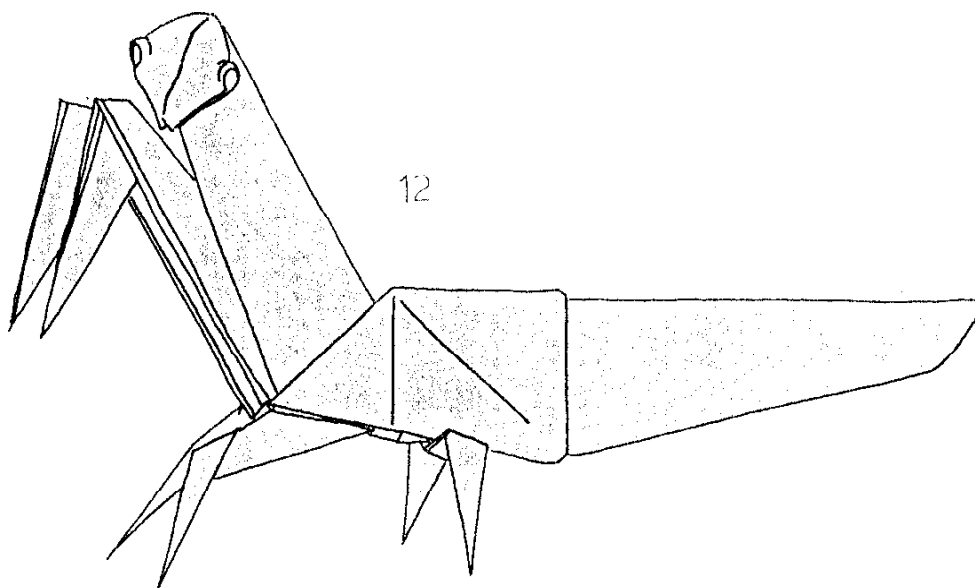




10

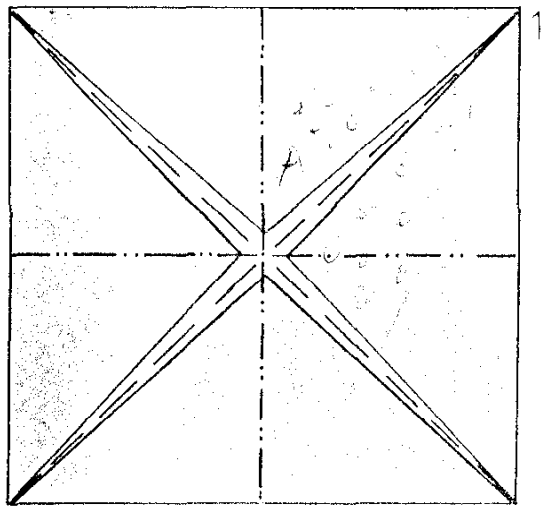
11

Per formare gli occhi, insilare una punta e sollevare seguendo la direzione della freccia

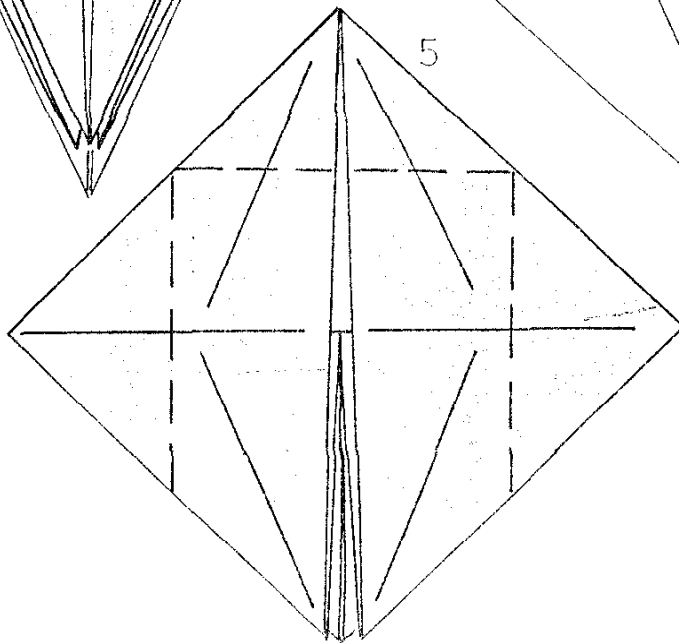
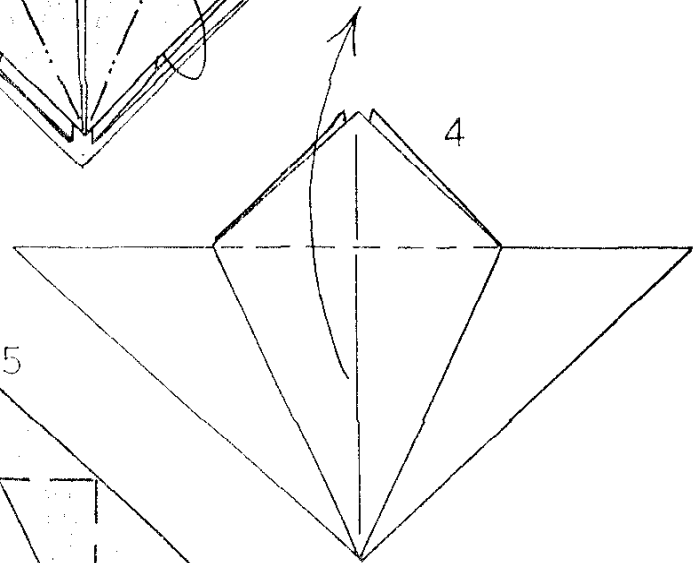
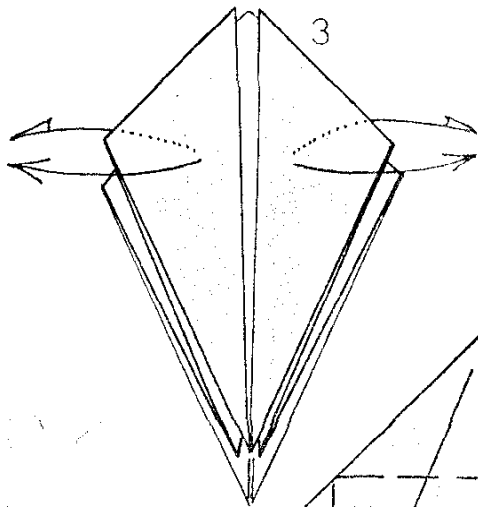
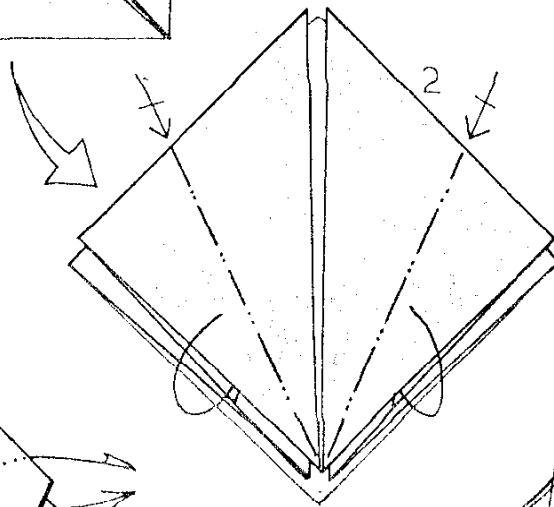


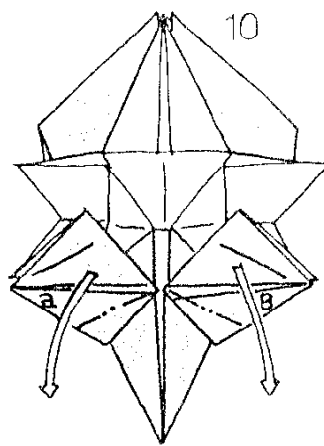
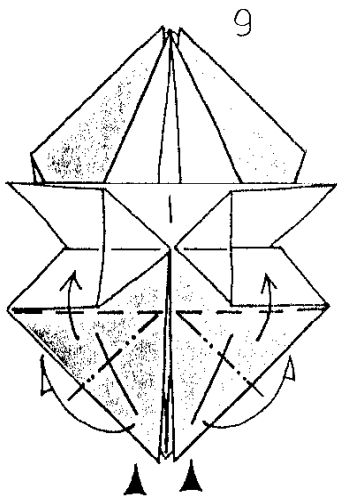
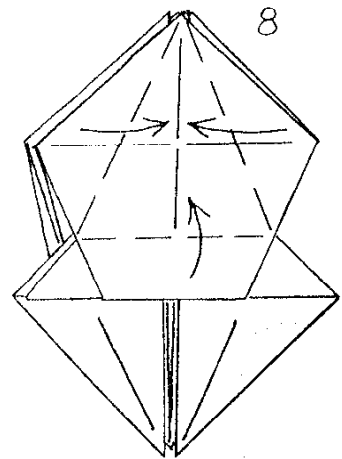
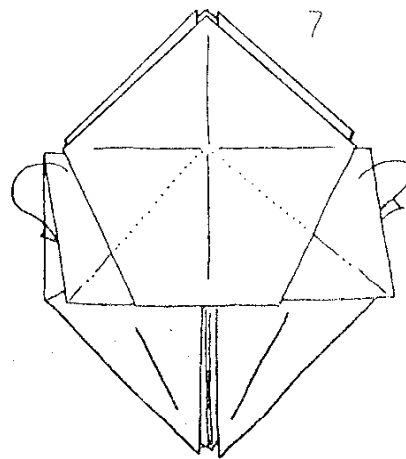
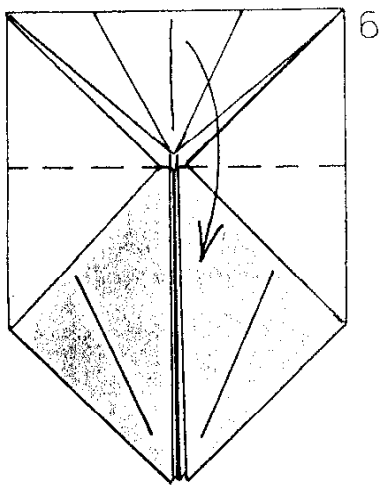
12

# IL COCCINELLIDE

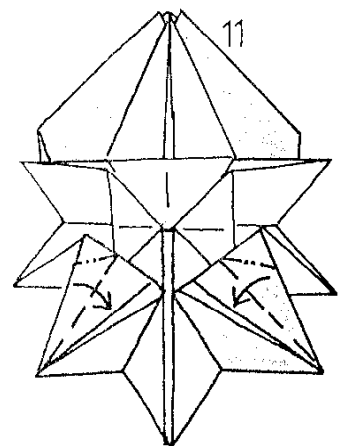


Iniziare  
dalla base  
a busta

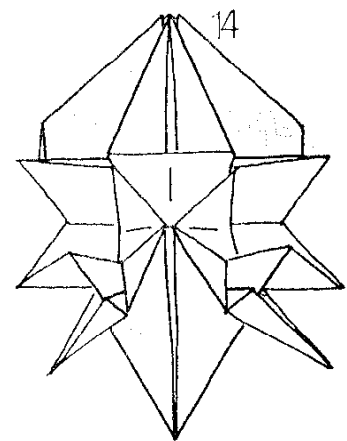
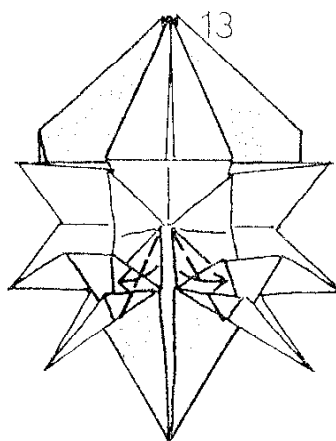
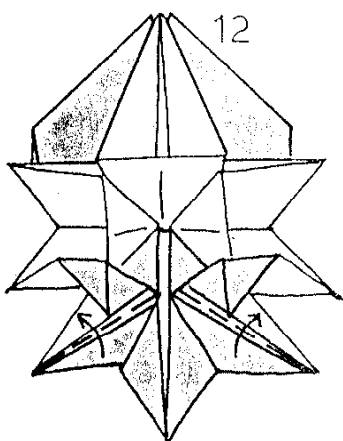




Tirare avanti (a) e (b)...

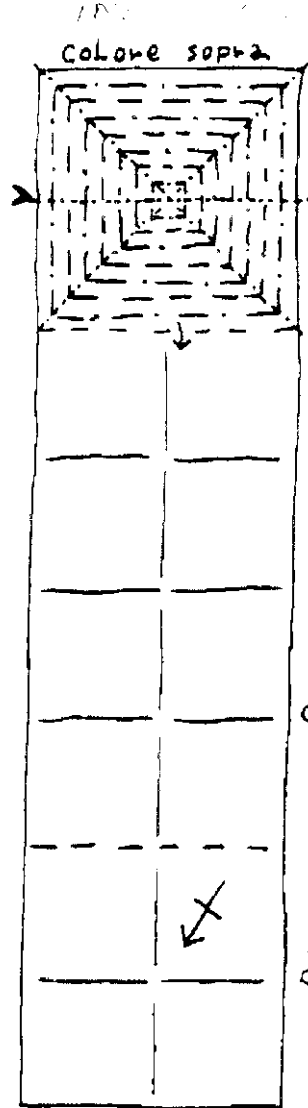


...così

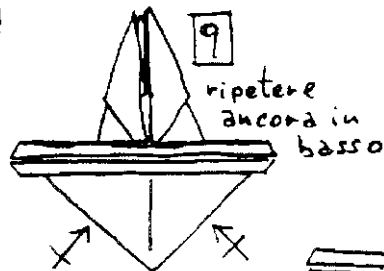
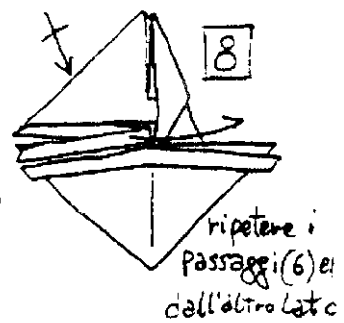
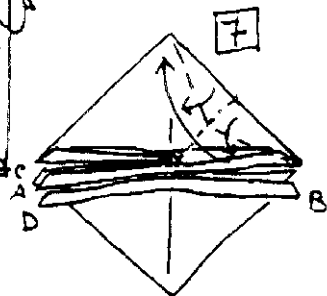
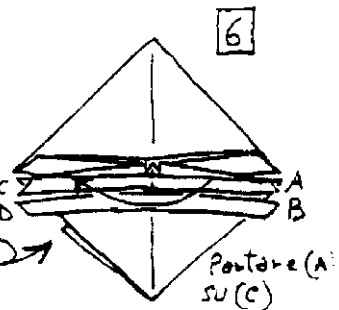
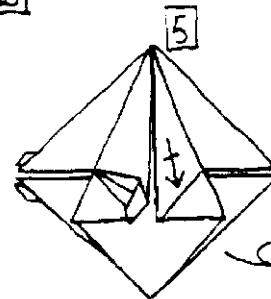
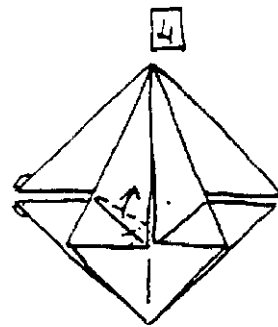
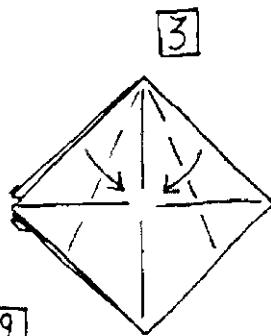
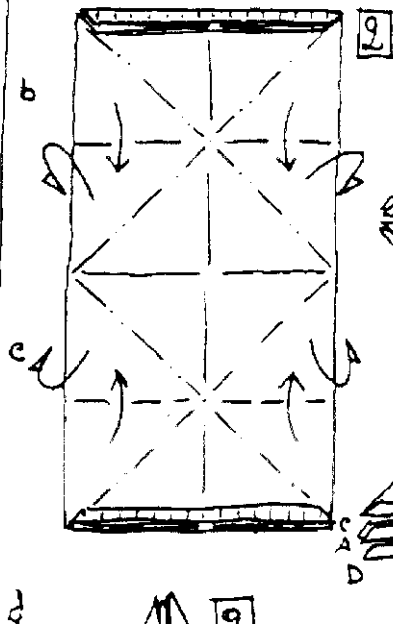




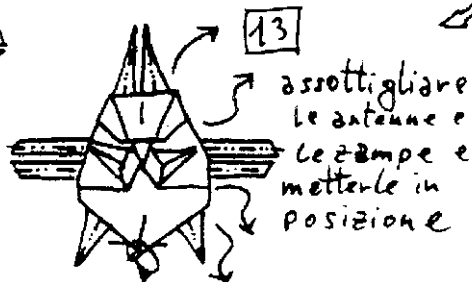
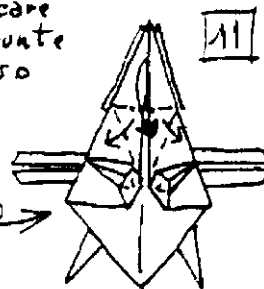
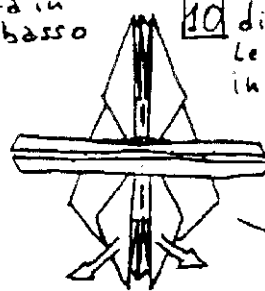




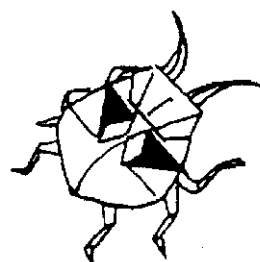
1 Usare un rettangolo 1x4, piegare il quadrato (A) come segnato e ripetere le pieghe per il quadrato in basso (d)



10 dividare le due punte in basso



assottigliare le antenne e le zampe e metterle in posizione



COCCINELLA (CON DOS MANCHAS).

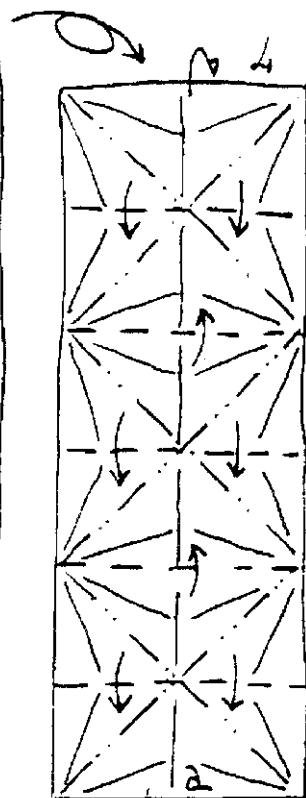
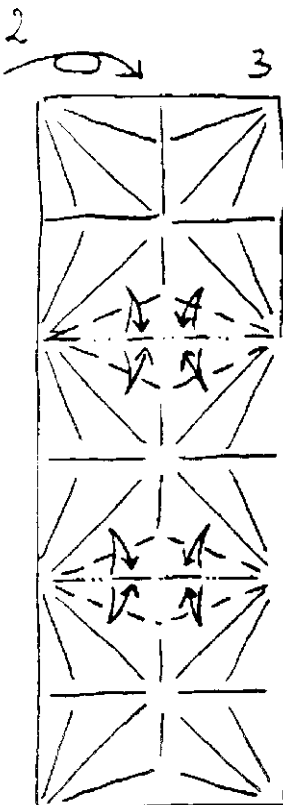
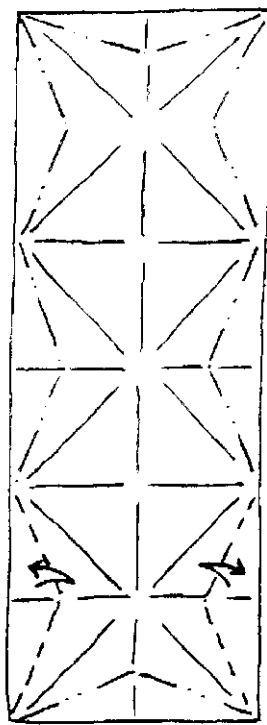
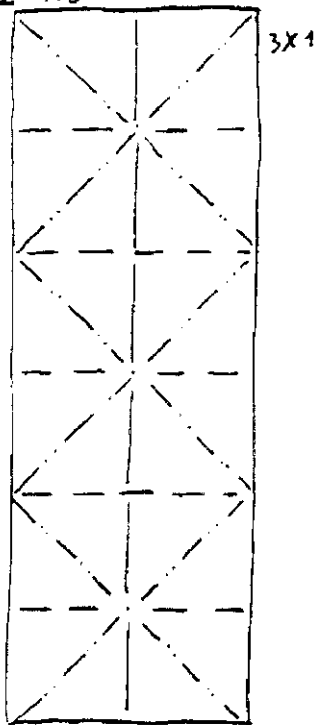


ITALIA

ALFREDO GIUNTA

51

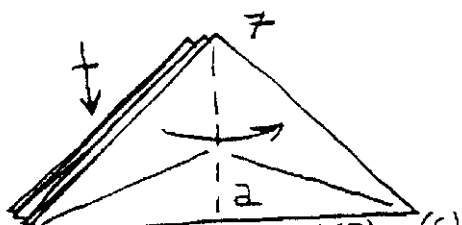
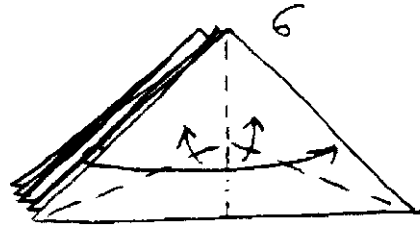
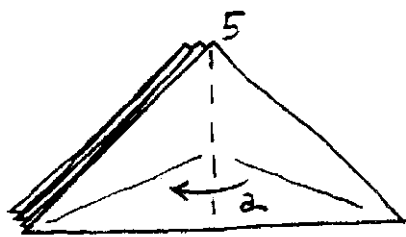
1 LATO COLORETO



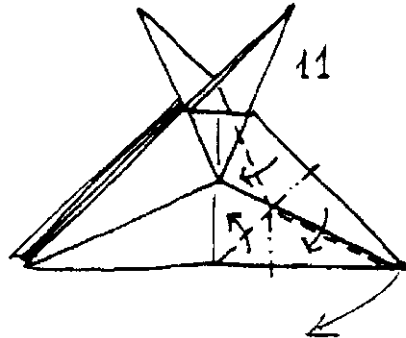
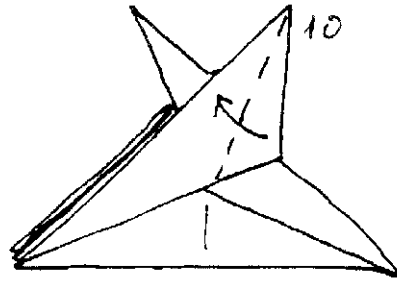
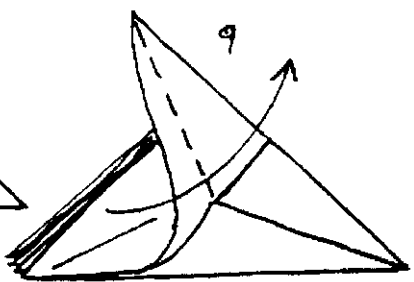
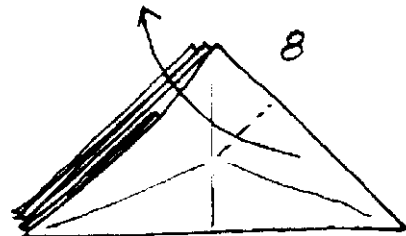
seguire le pieghe come e nei diagrammi ① e ②.

ancora!

formare 4 basi Triangolari



ripetere i passaggi (5) e (6) dall'altro lato

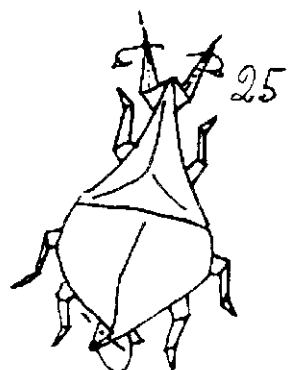
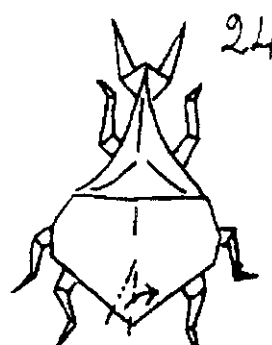
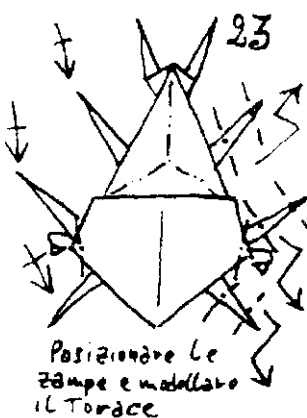
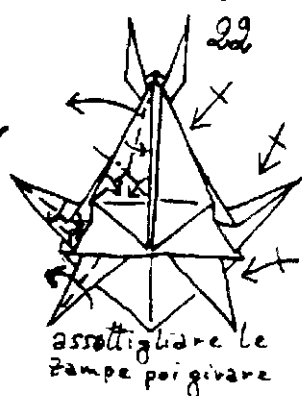
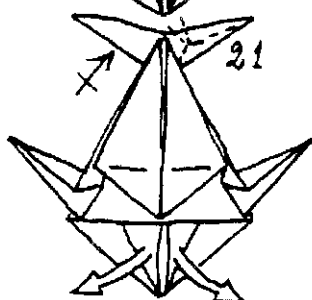
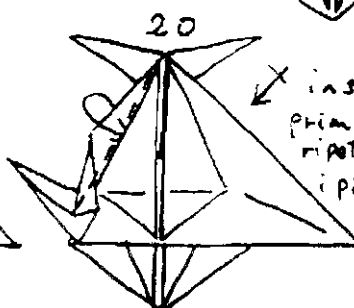
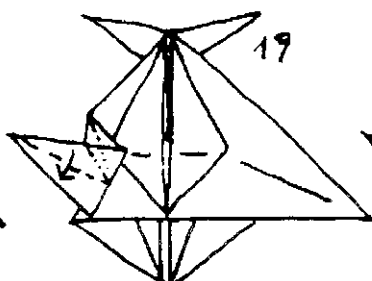
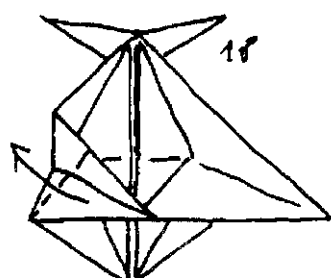
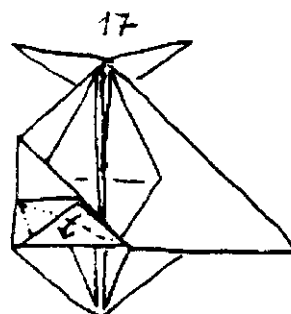
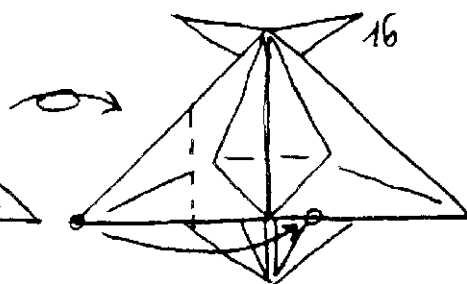
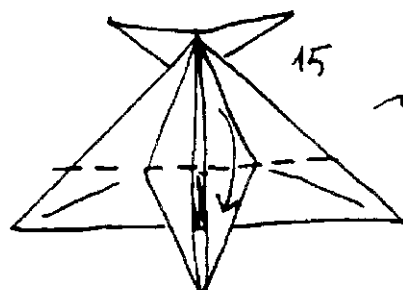
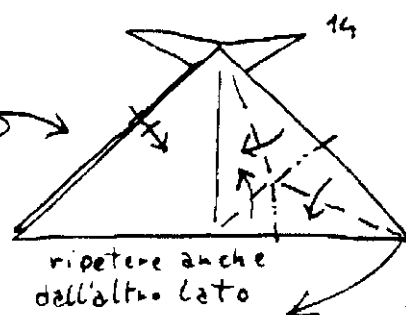
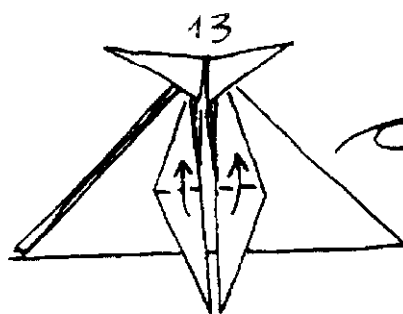
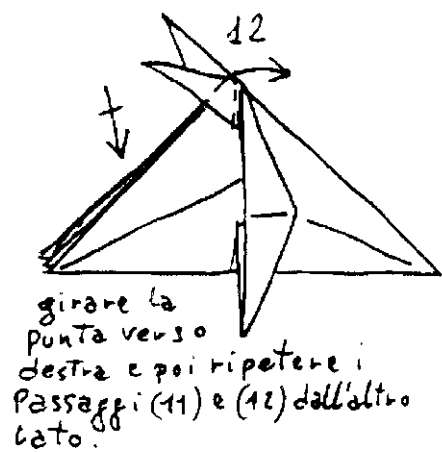


COLEOPTERO

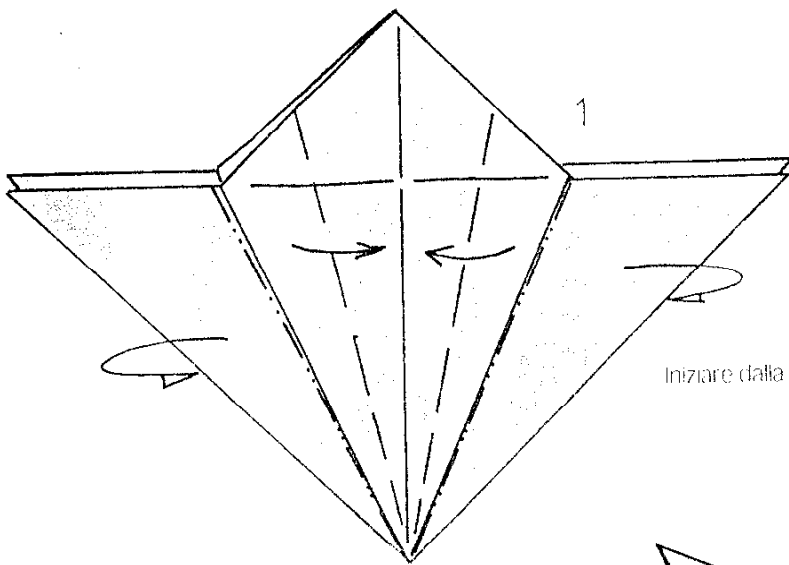
ALFREDO GIUNTA

ITALIA

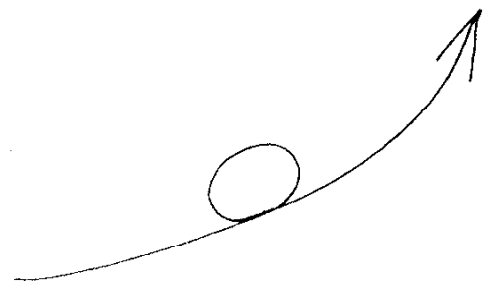
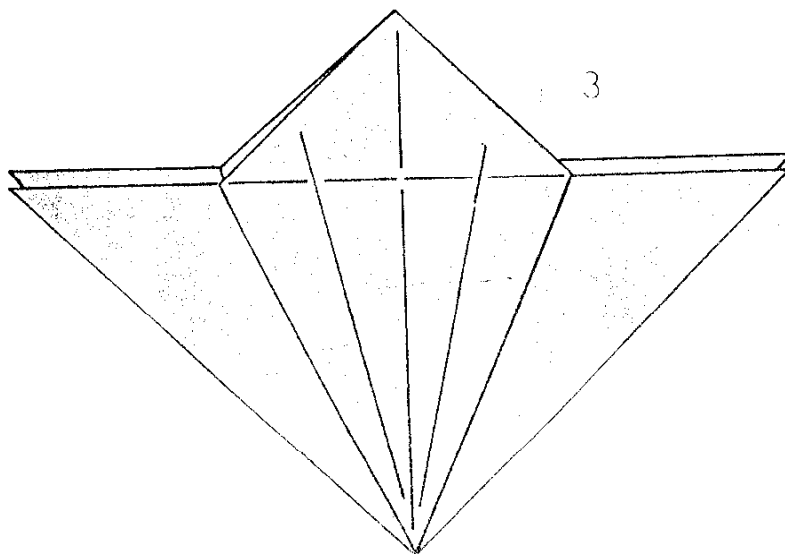
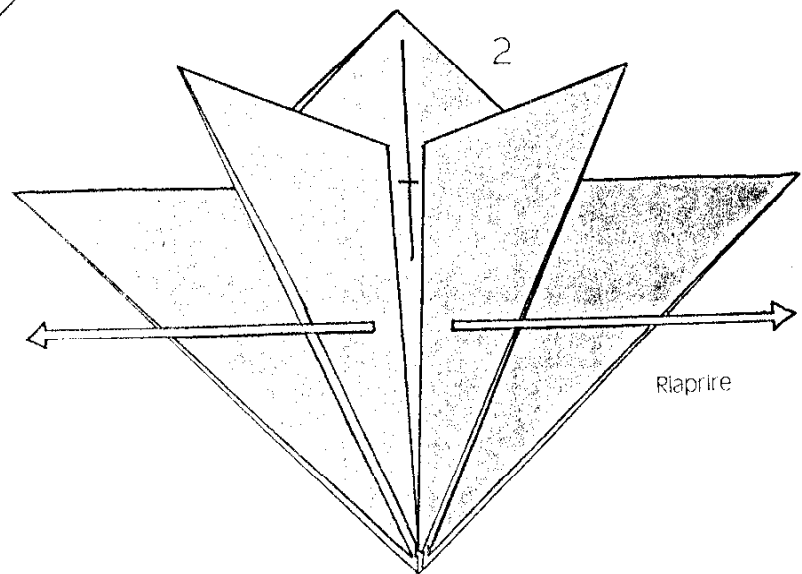


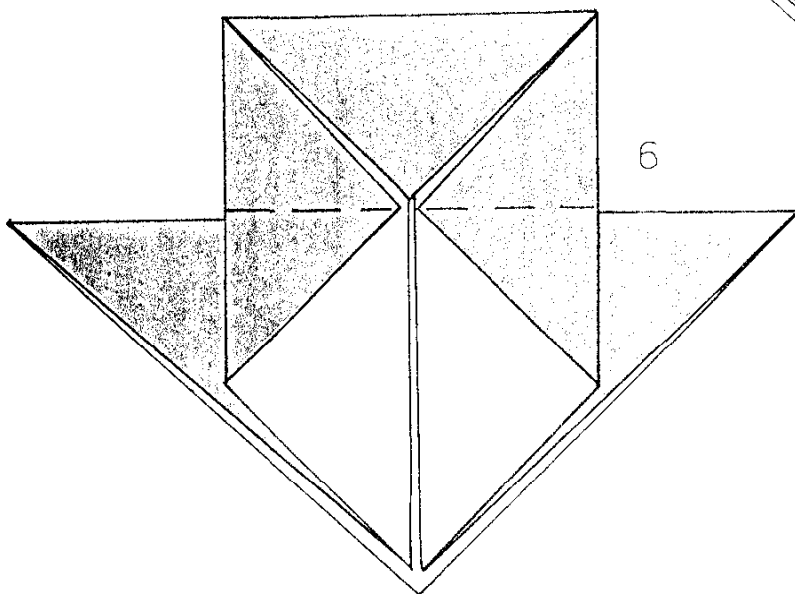
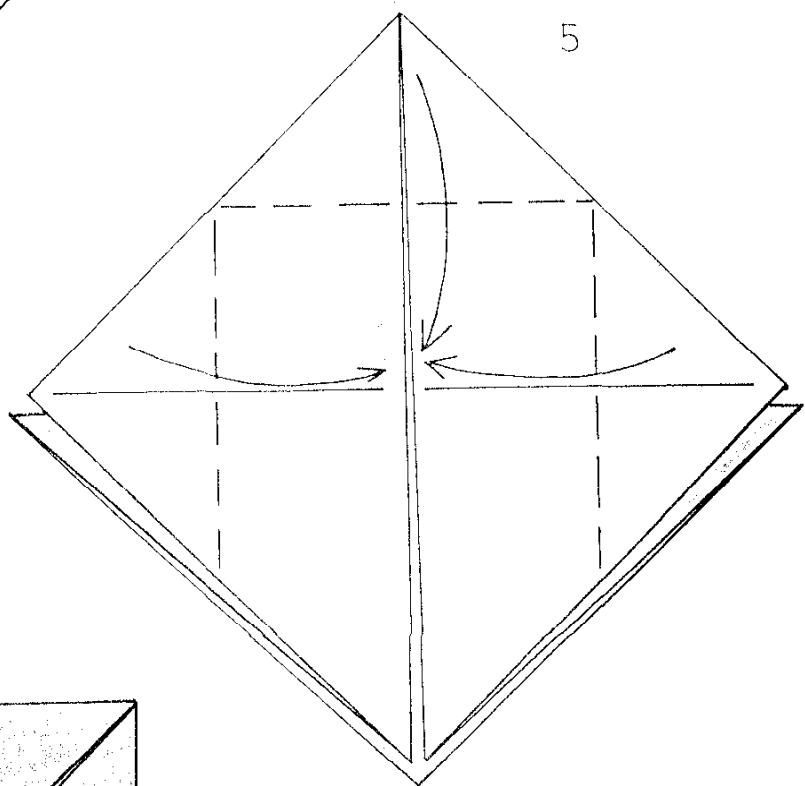
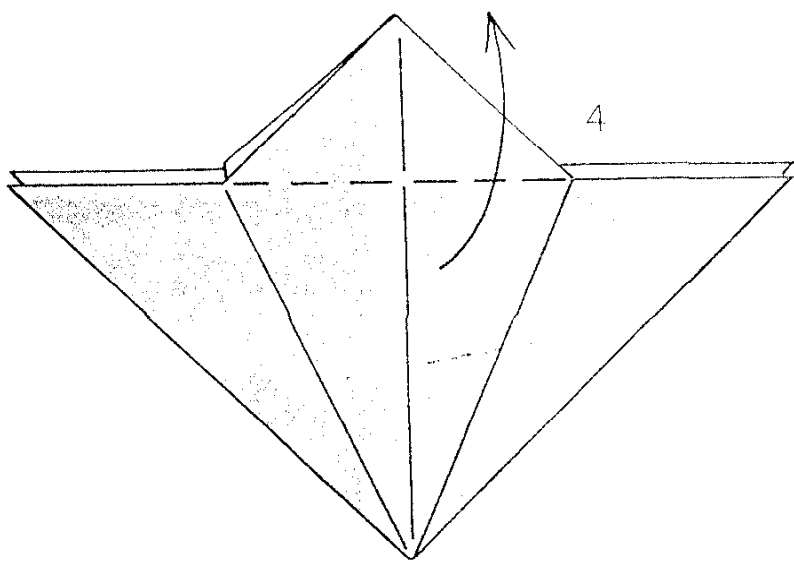


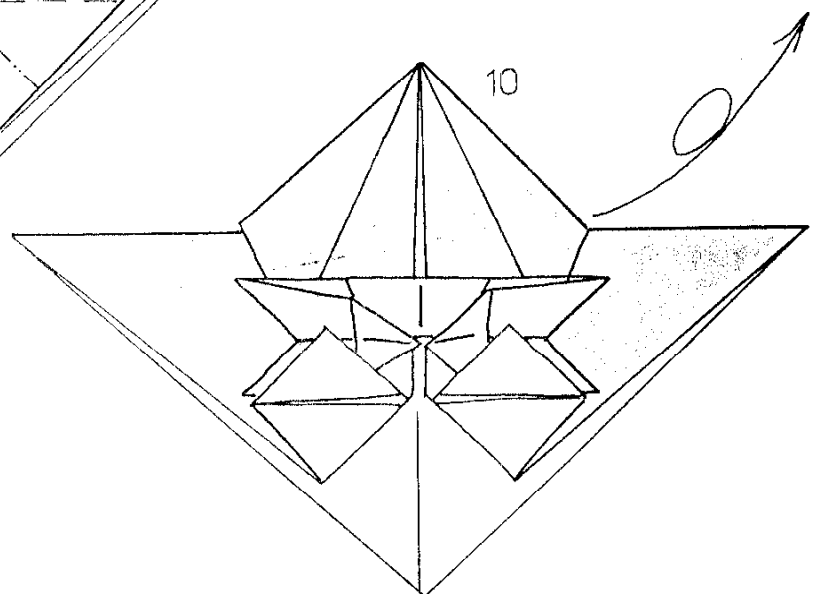
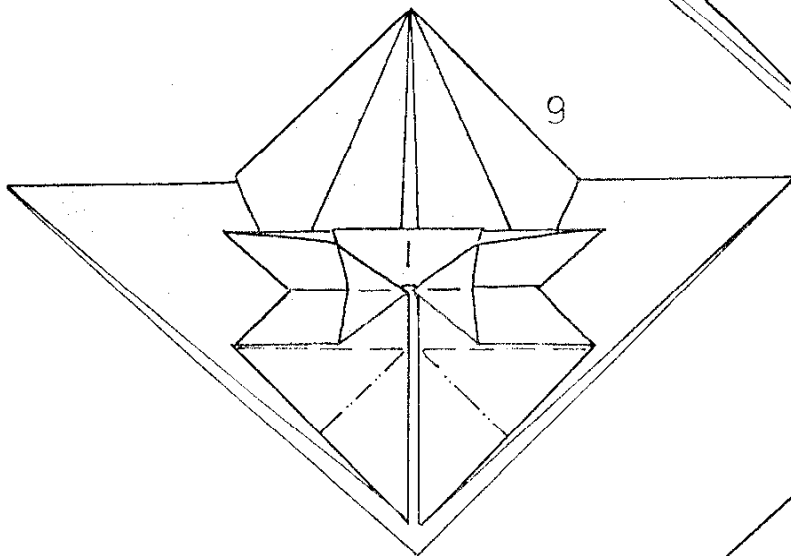
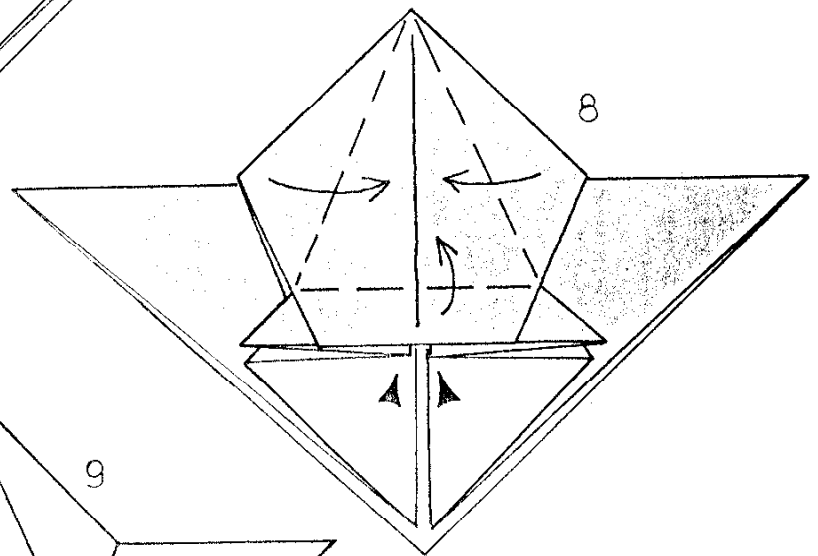
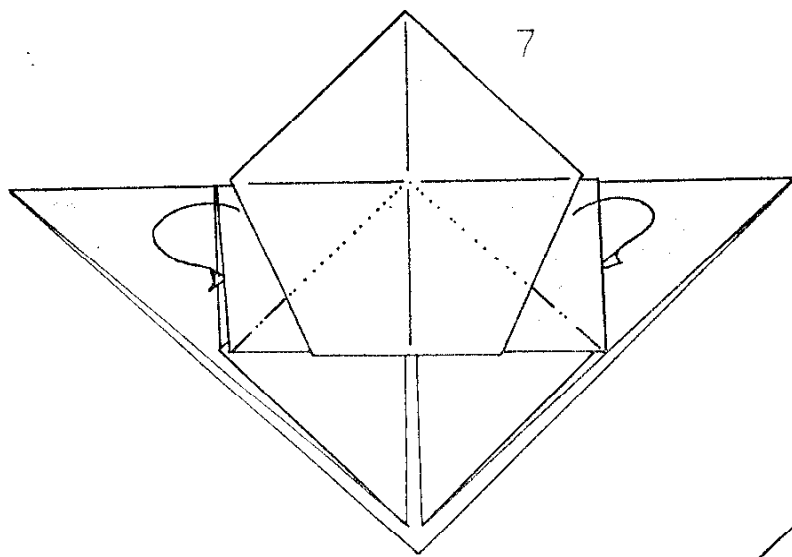
## LA MOSCA n. 2

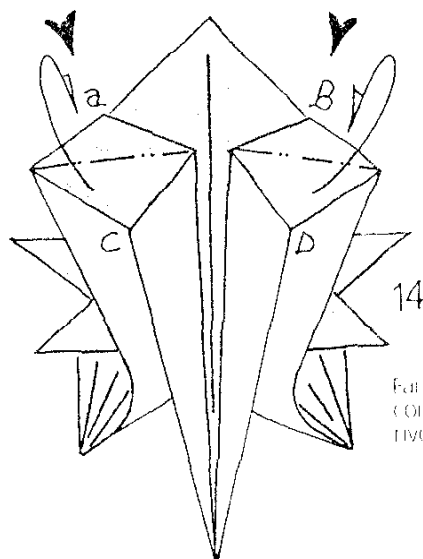
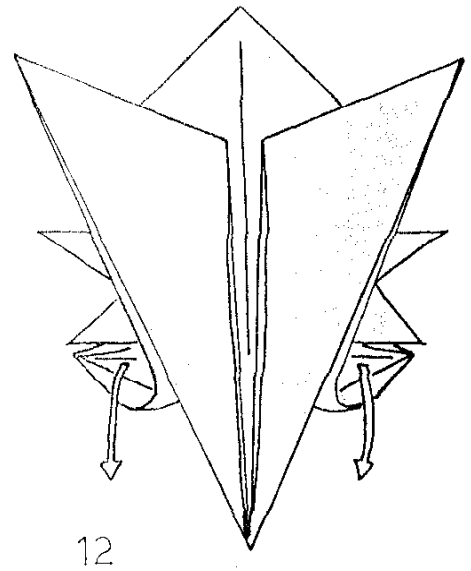
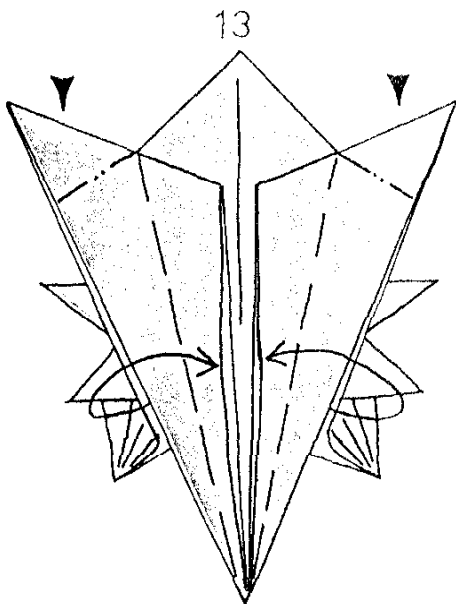
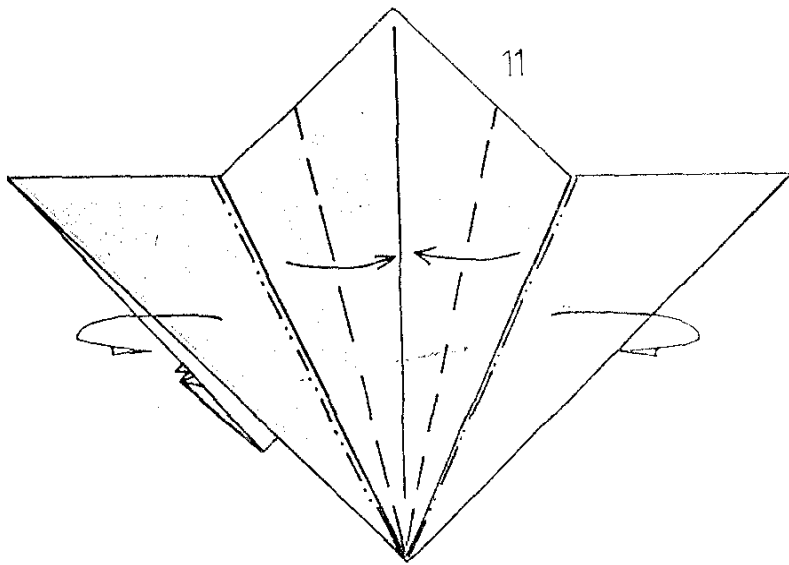


Iniziare dalla fig. 5 del modello precedente

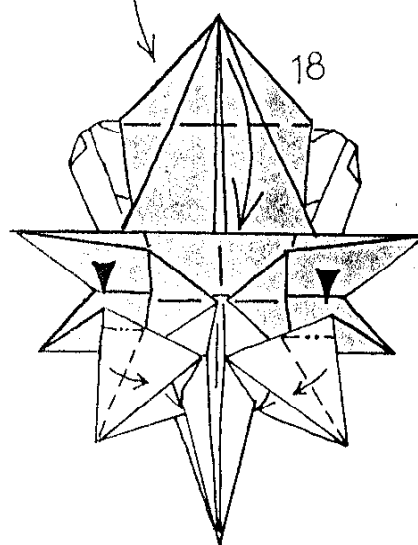
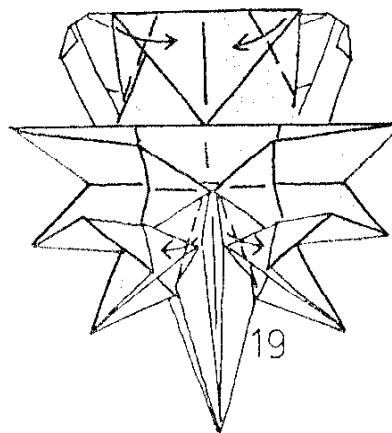
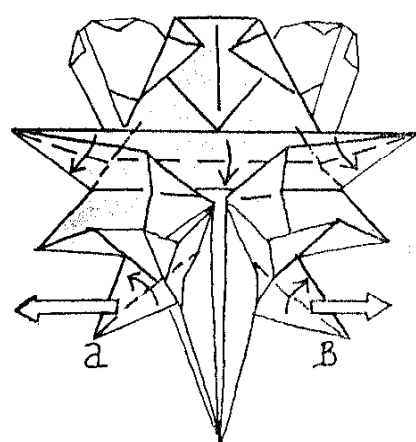
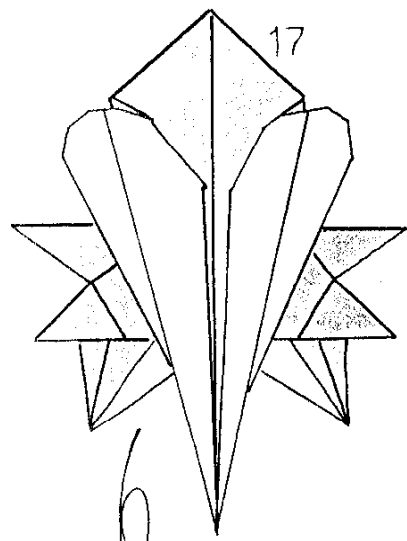
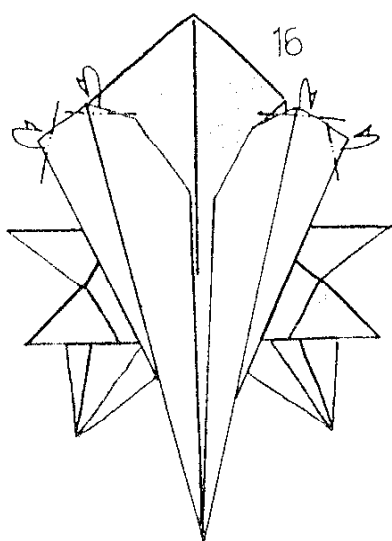
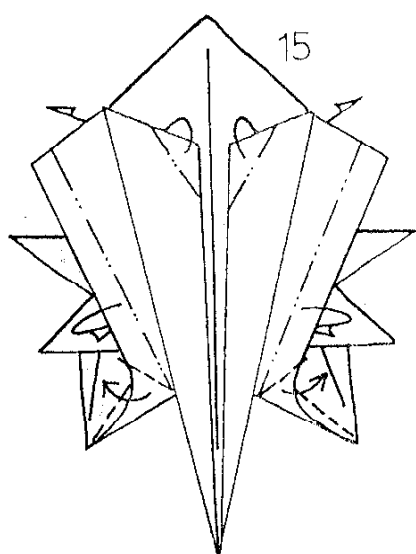






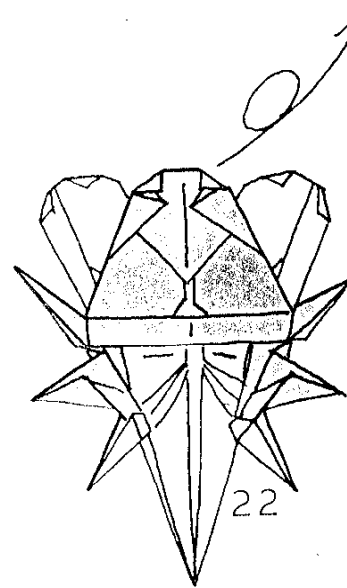
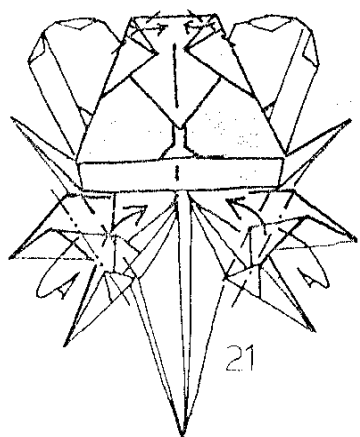


Fai rientrare (a) e (b),  
contemporaneamente  
rivoltare (c) e (d)

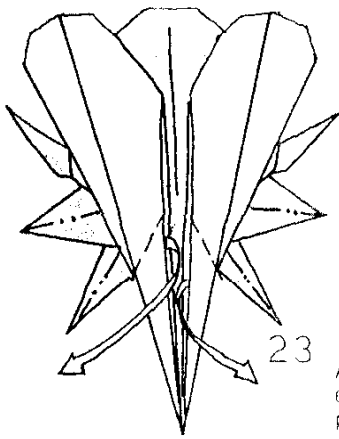


20

Tirare lateralmente (a) e (b) per  
disincastarle, dopo piegare a metà.  
Assottigliare le zampe posteriori

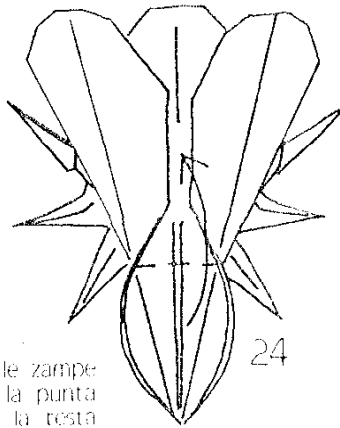




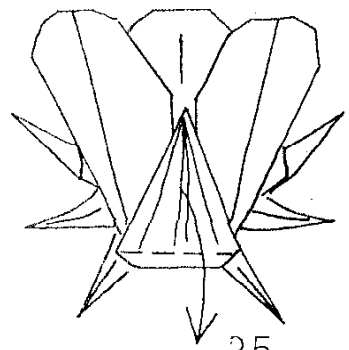


23

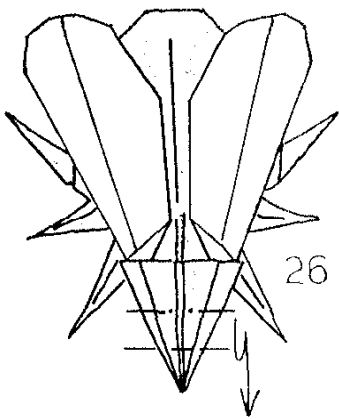
Assottigliare le zampe  
ed allargare la punta  
per formare la testa



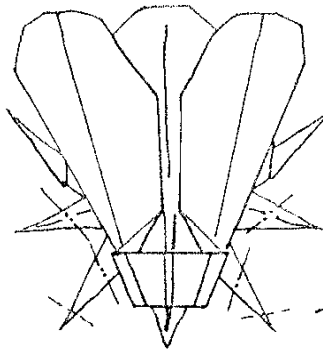
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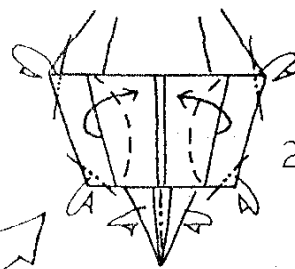
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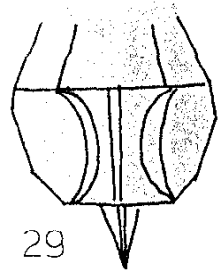
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27



28

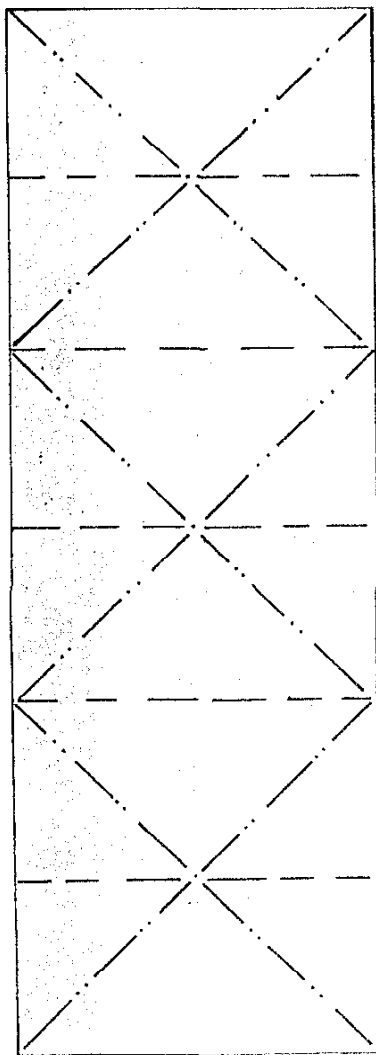


29



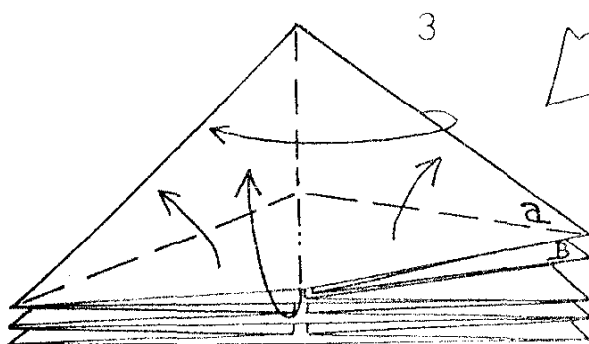
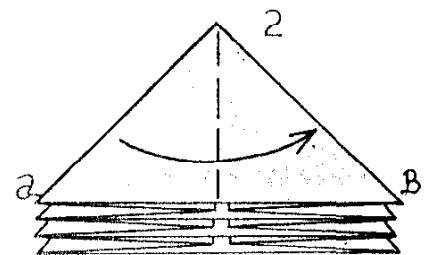
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# LA MOSCA n. 3

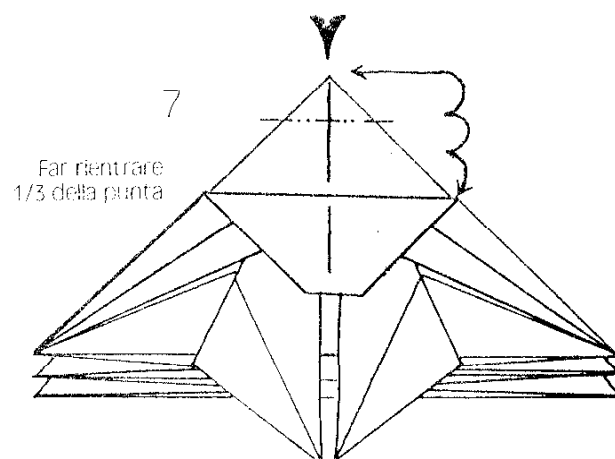
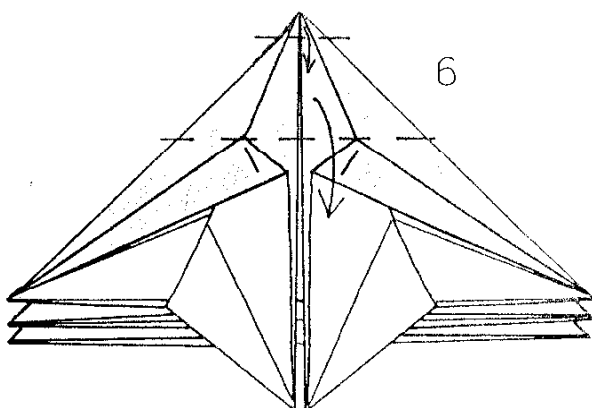
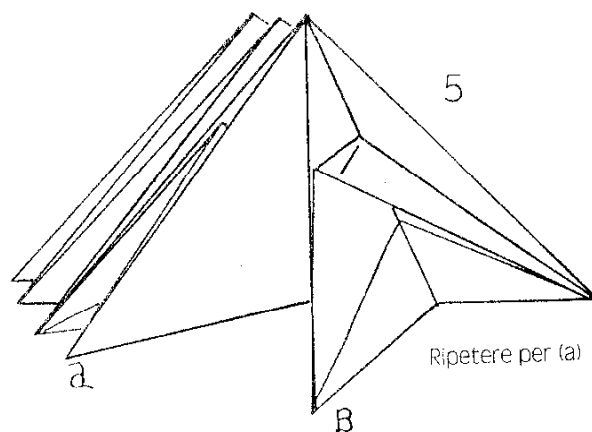
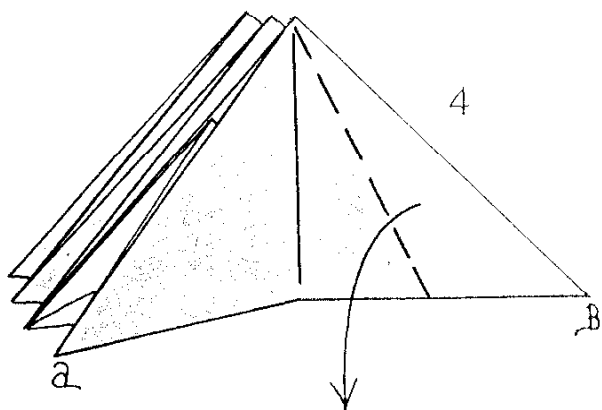


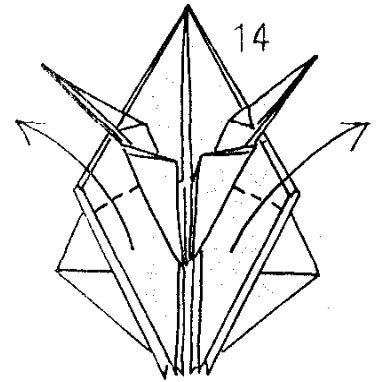
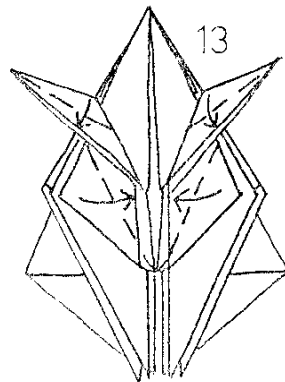
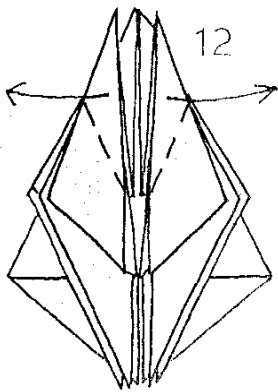
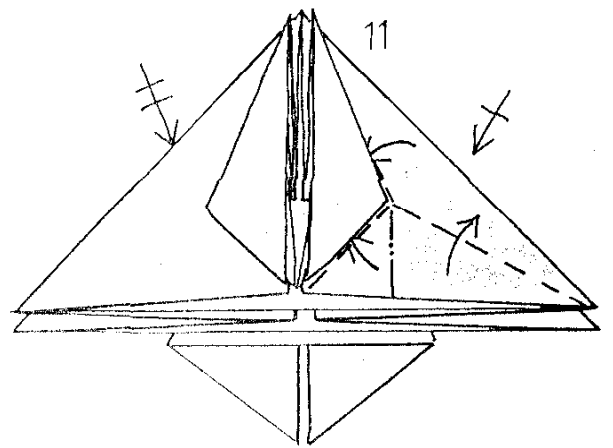
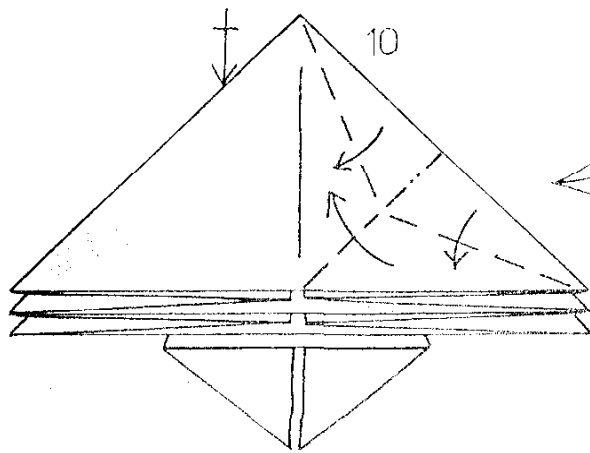
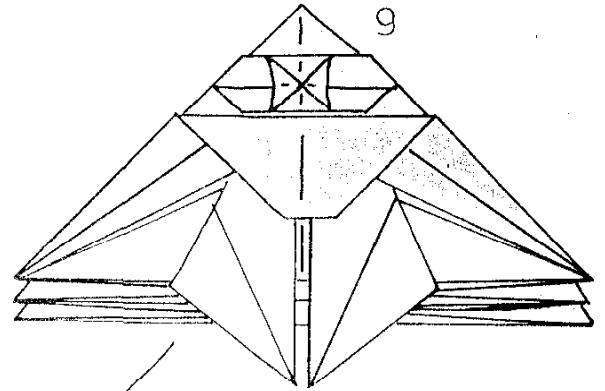
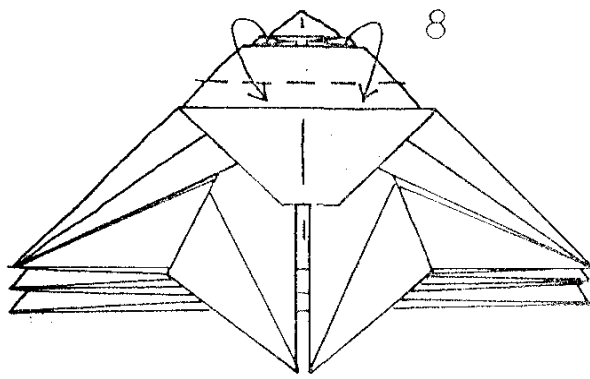
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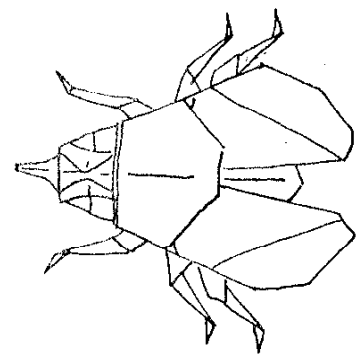
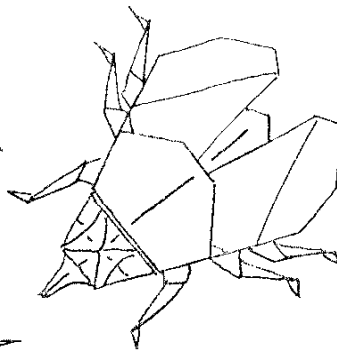
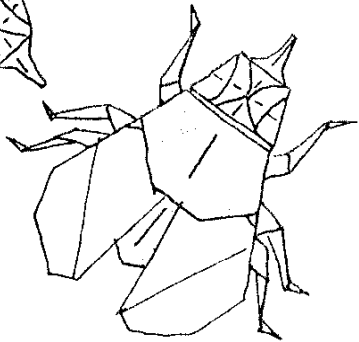
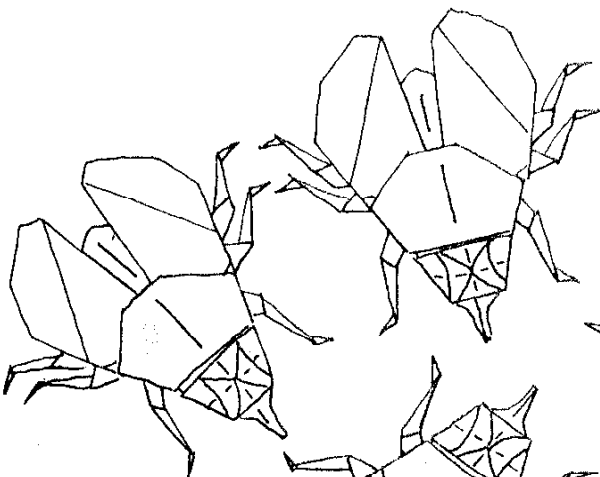
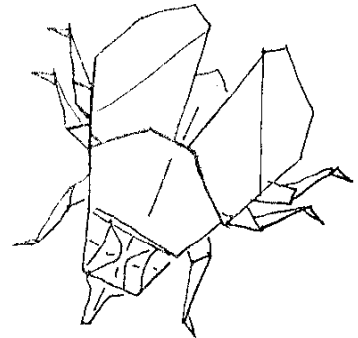
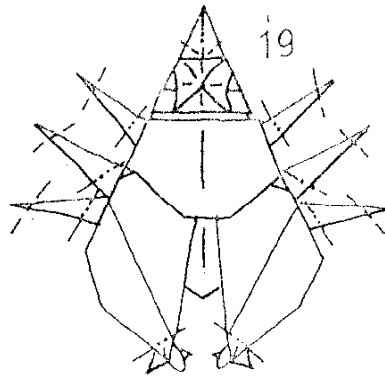
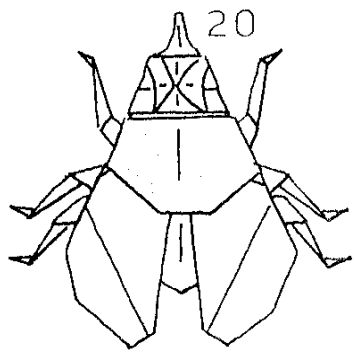
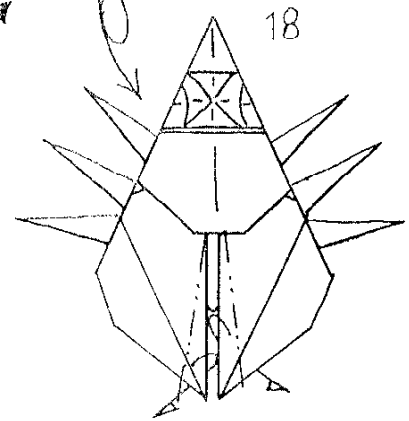
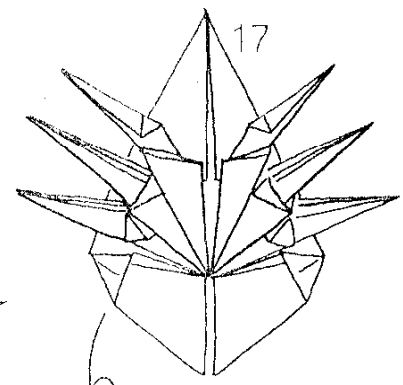
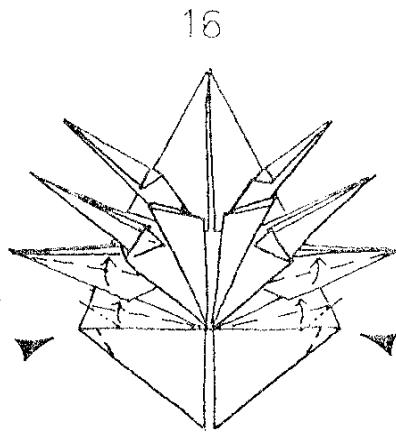
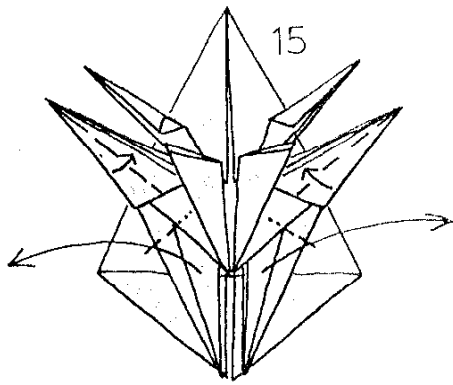
Iniziare con un rettangolo 3x1



Ripartire la punta (a) nella posizione iniziale, contemporaneamente piegare come segnato. Ripetere per (B)

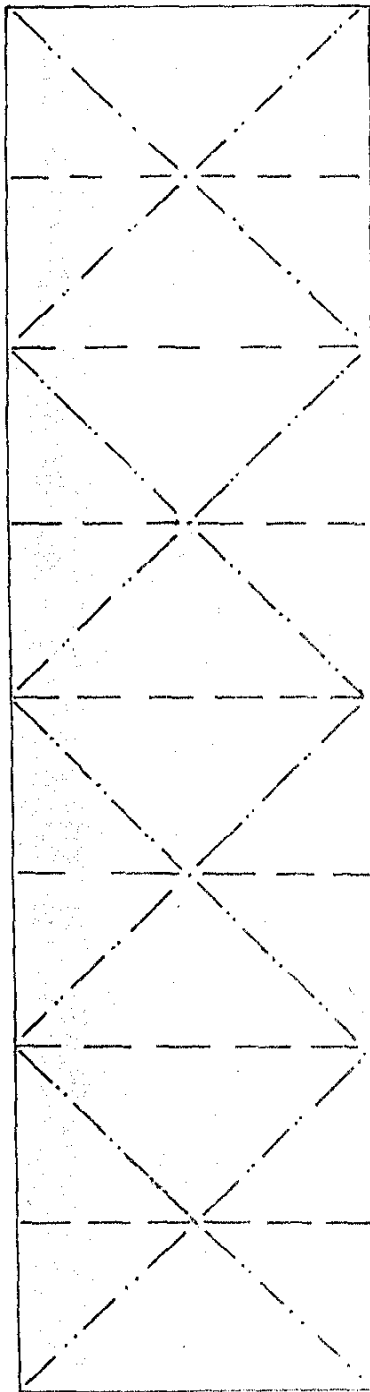






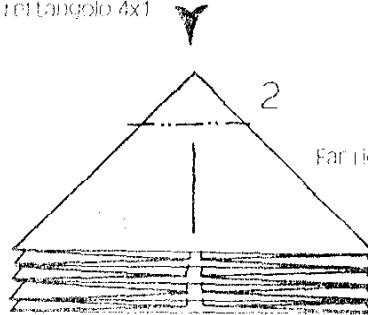
# LO SCARAFAGGIO n. 1

10 x 12

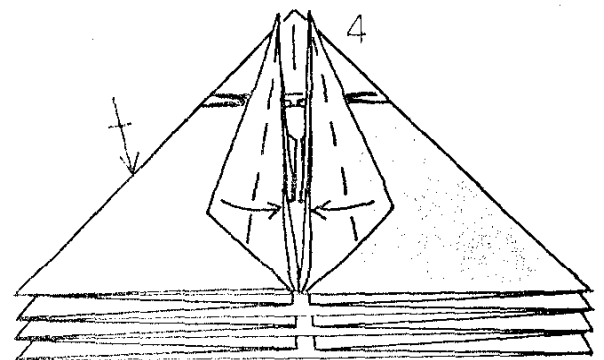
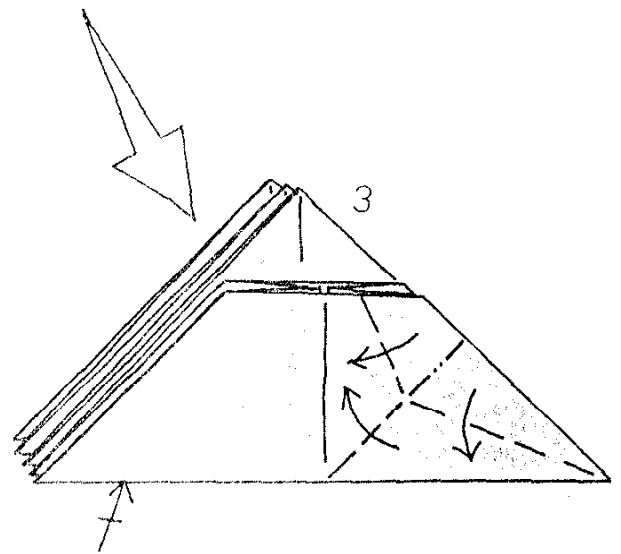


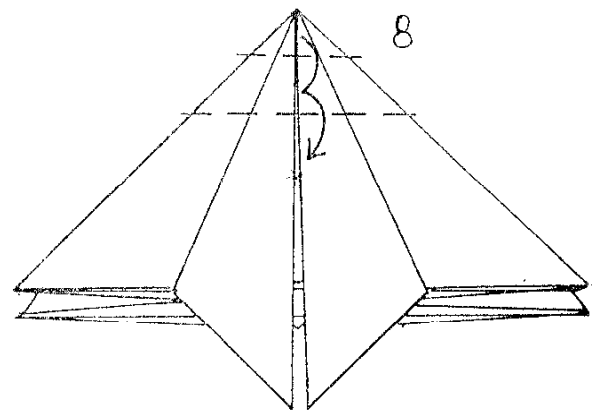
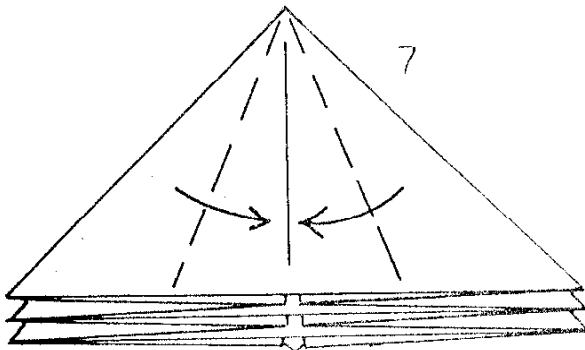
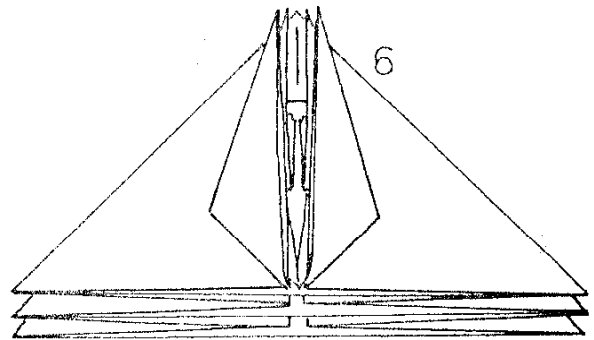
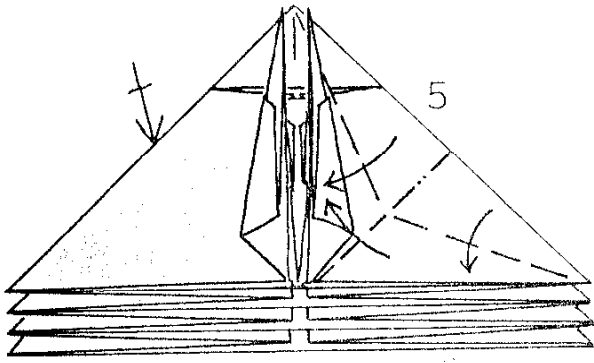
1

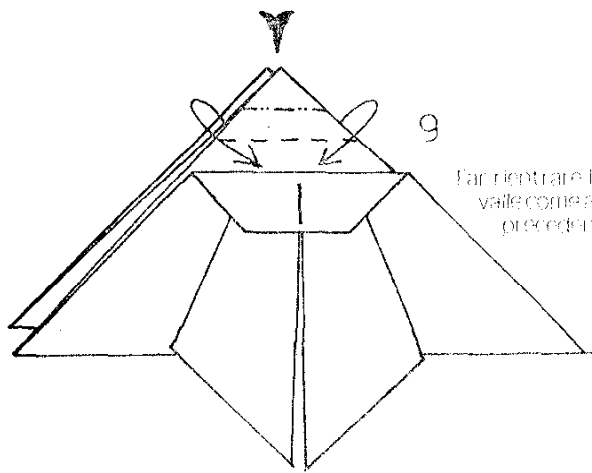
Iniziare con un rettangolo 4x1



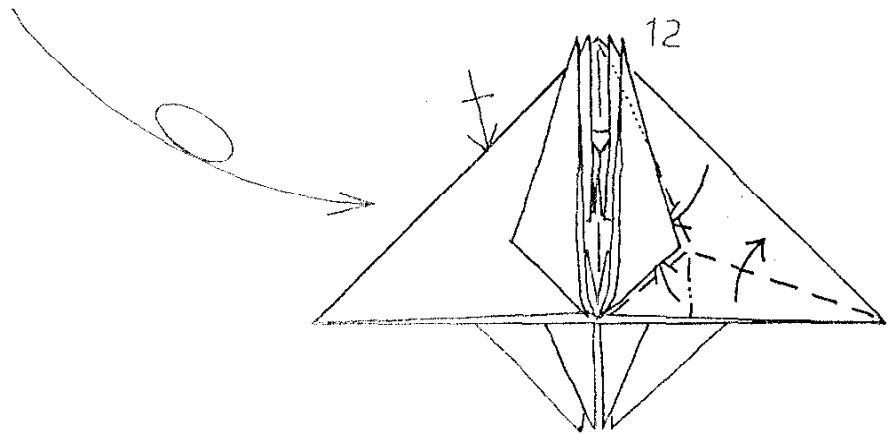
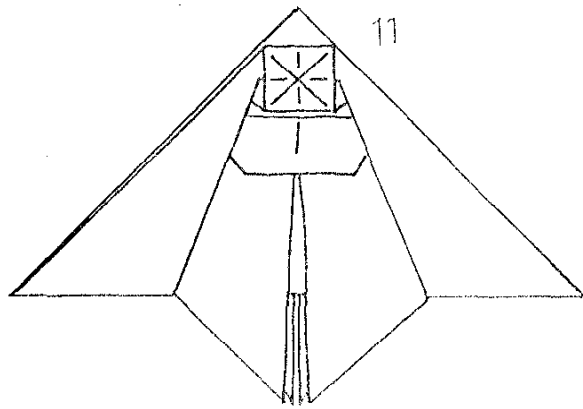
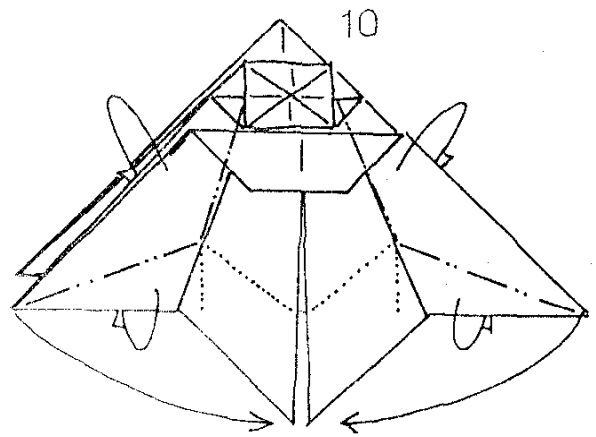
Far rientrare la prima punta di circa 1/4



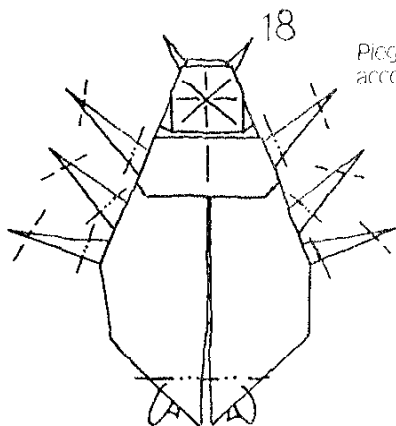
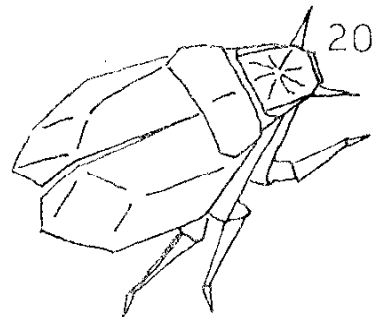
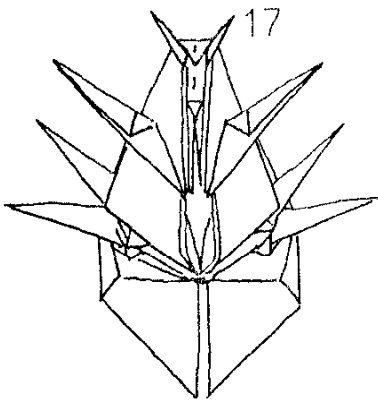
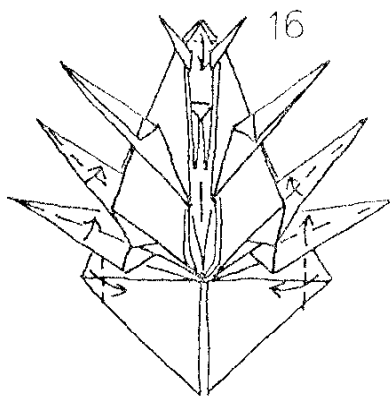
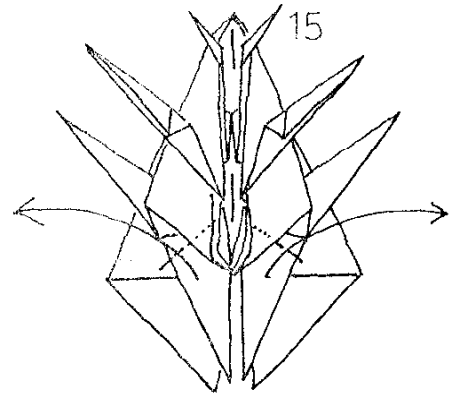
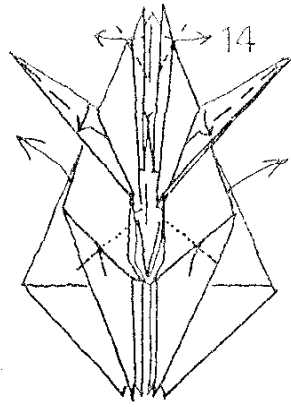
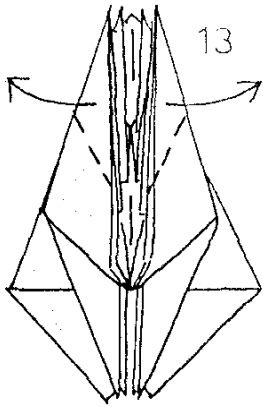




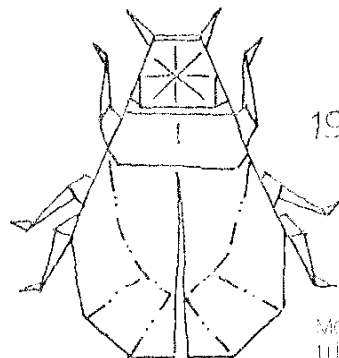
Far rientrare la punta di 1/3 e piegare a valle come ai passaggi 7 e 8 del modello precedente.







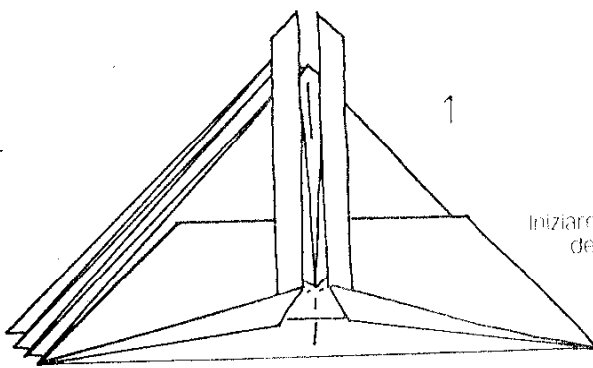
Piegare le zampe ed  
accordare le elitre



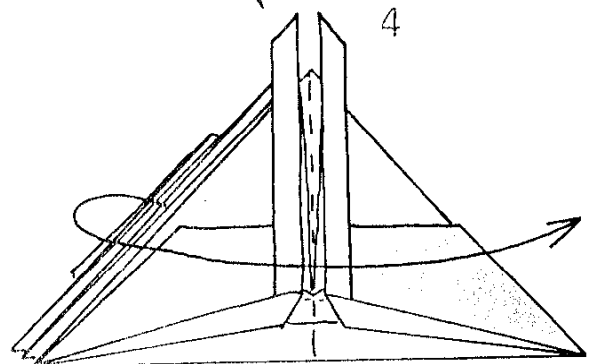
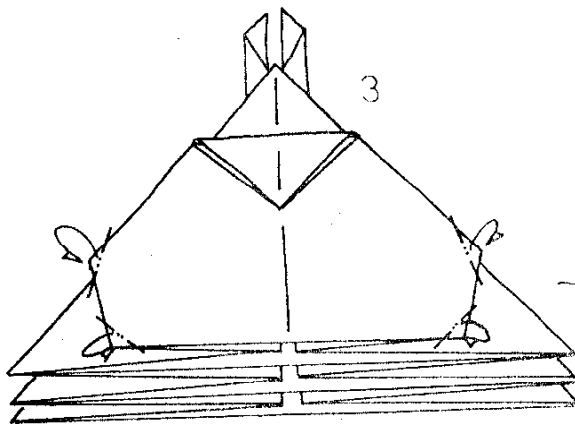
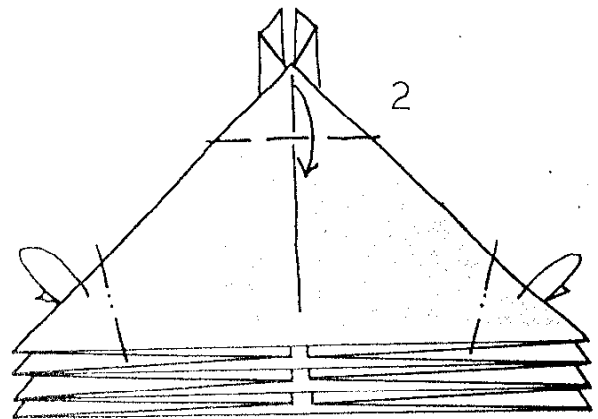
Modellare seguendo le pieghe per dare  
tridimensionalità

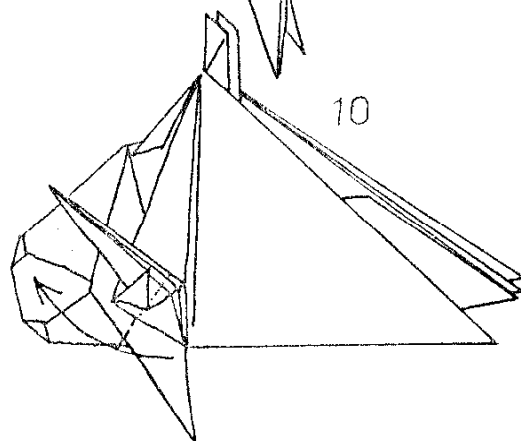
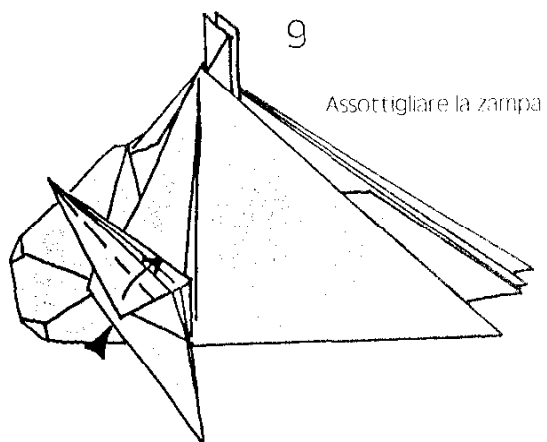
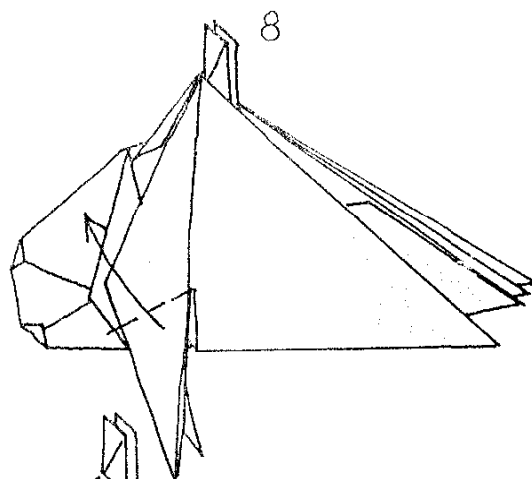
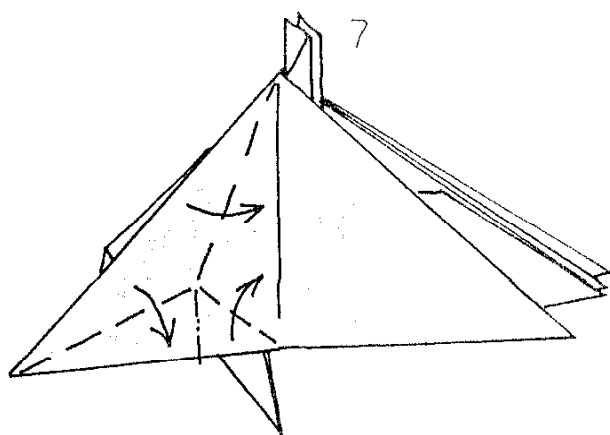
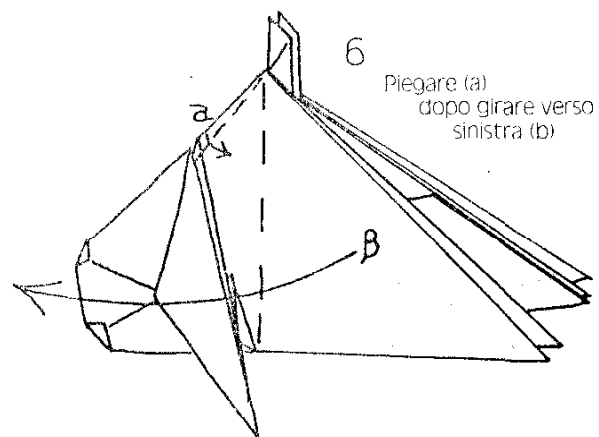
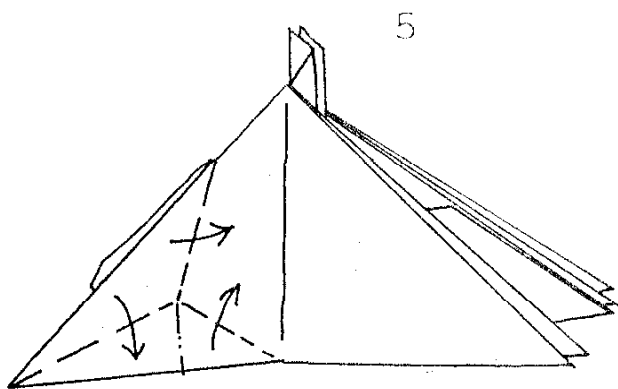
Jo. F. 1972  
x1-52

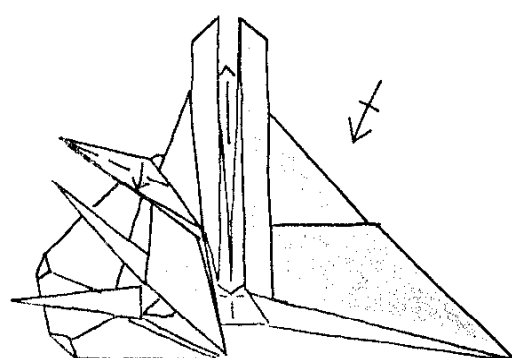
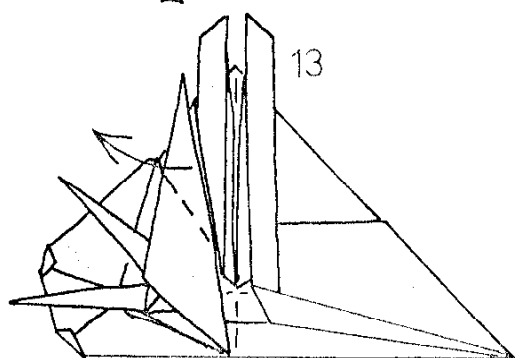
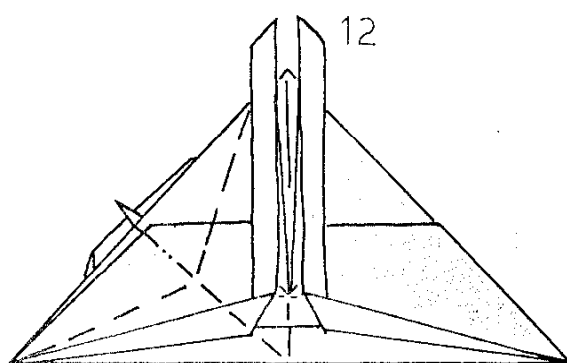
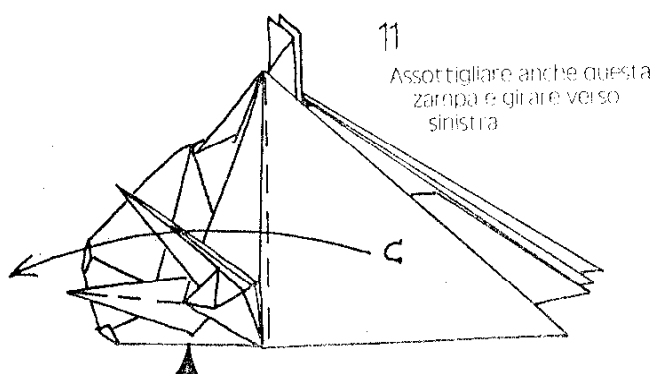
# LA FALENA



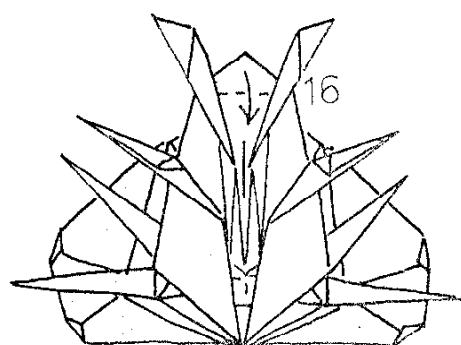
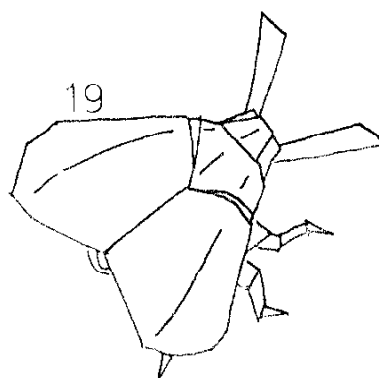
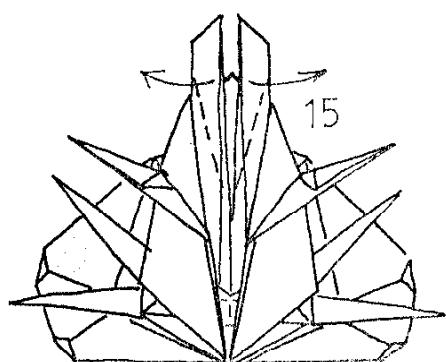
Iniziare dalla fig. 6  
del modello precedente





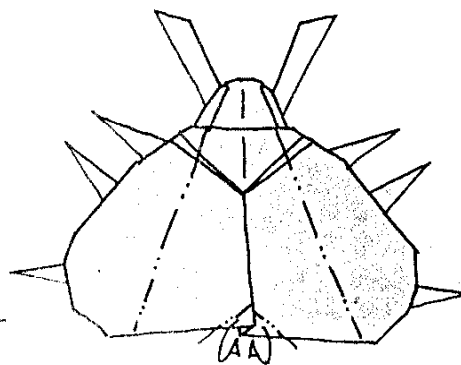
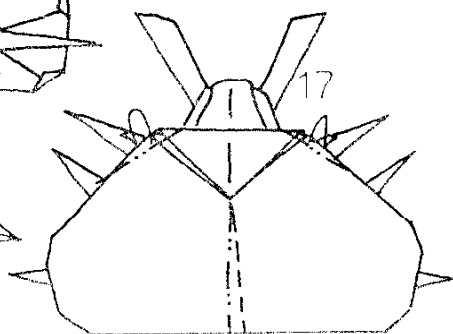


Assotigliare anche questa zampa, dopo ripetere tutto per l'altro lato



18

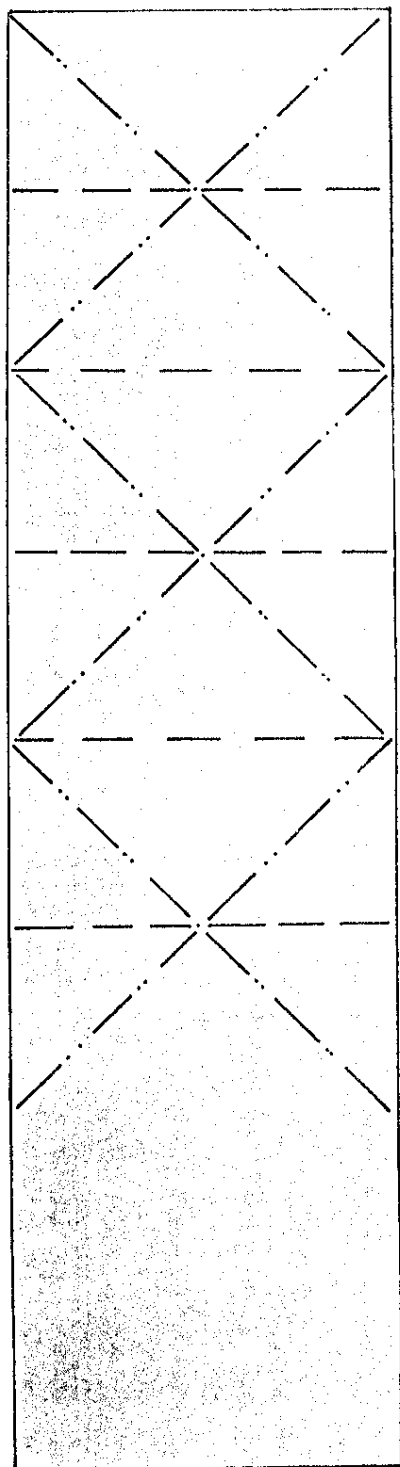
Modellare la figura arrotondando le ali e piegare le zampe così come si è fatto per gli altri insetti



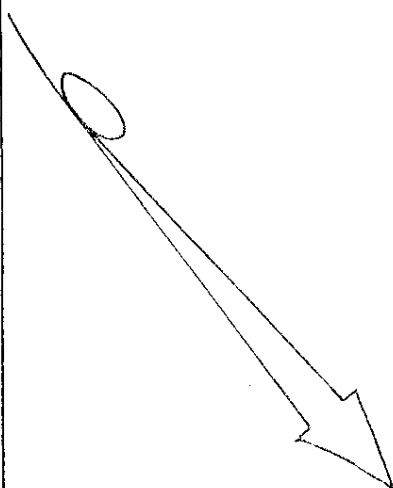
# LA FORFICULA

40 - 57

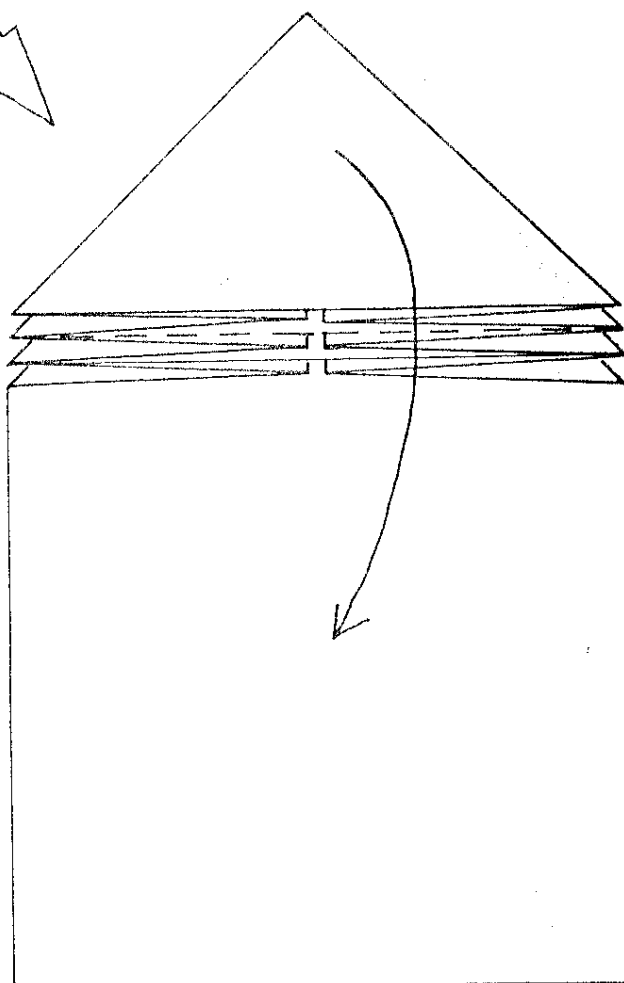
1

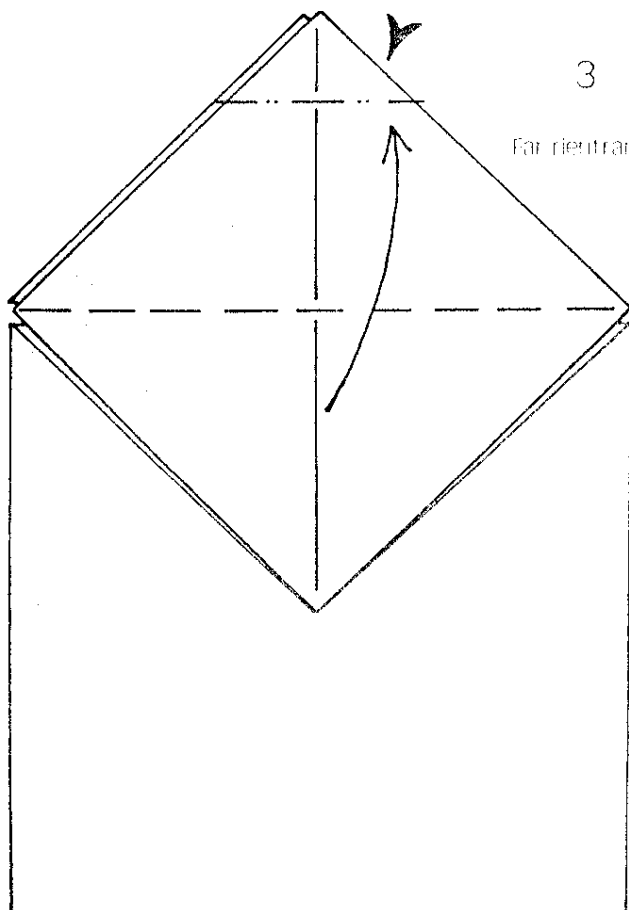


Iniziare con un rettangolo  
4x1. Piegare come segnato  
e voltare la figura



2



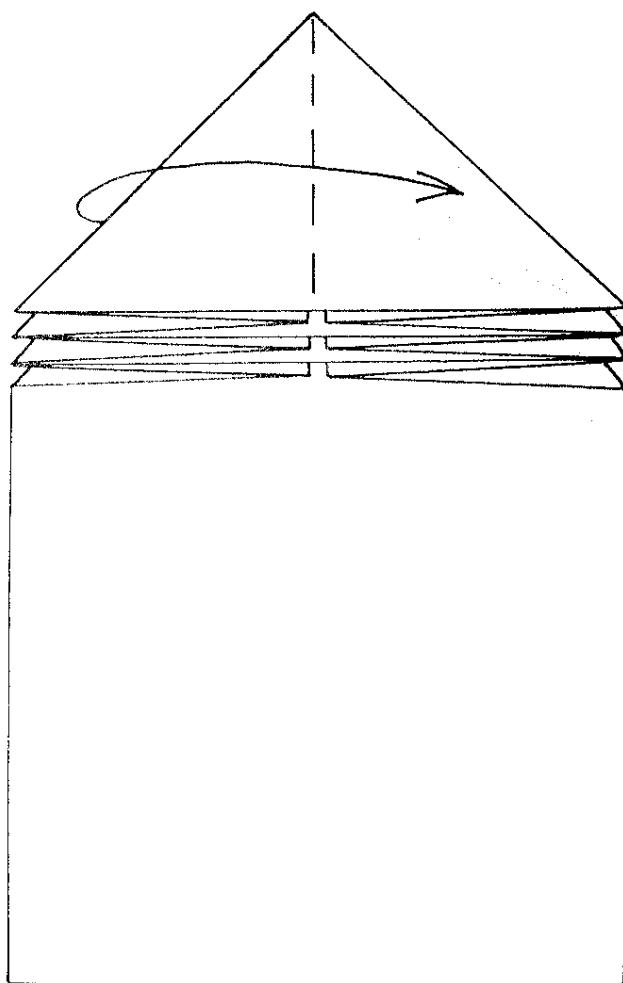


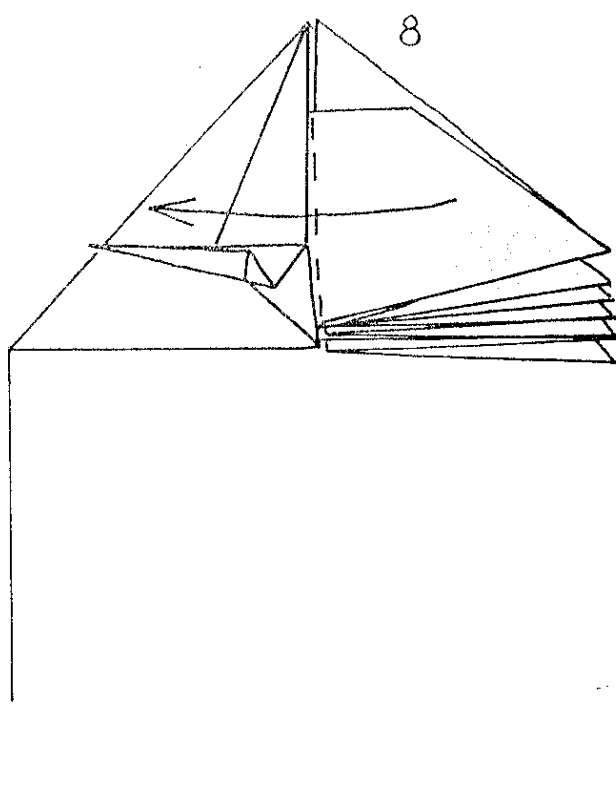
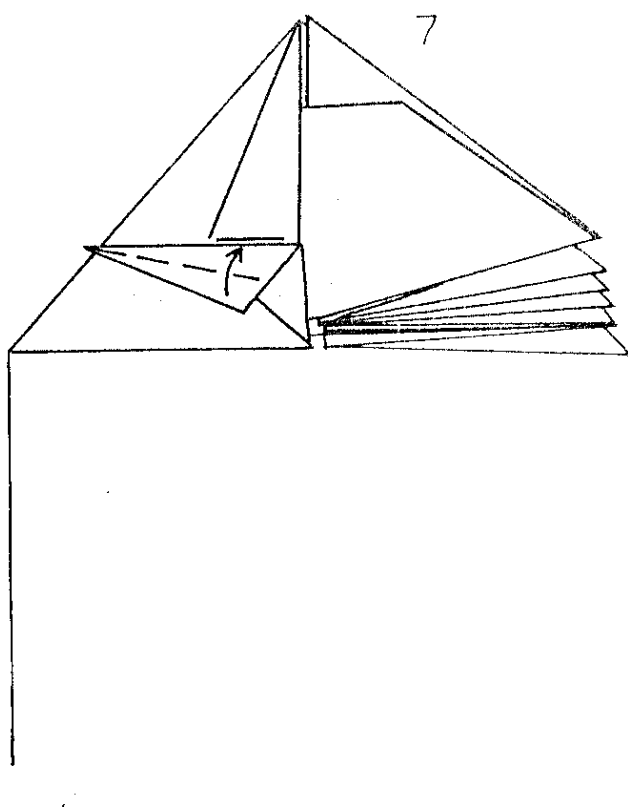
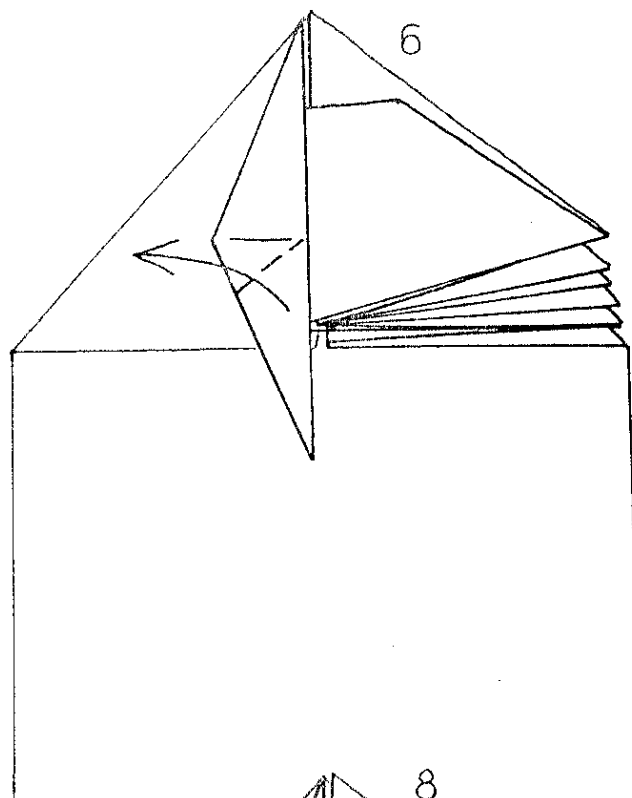
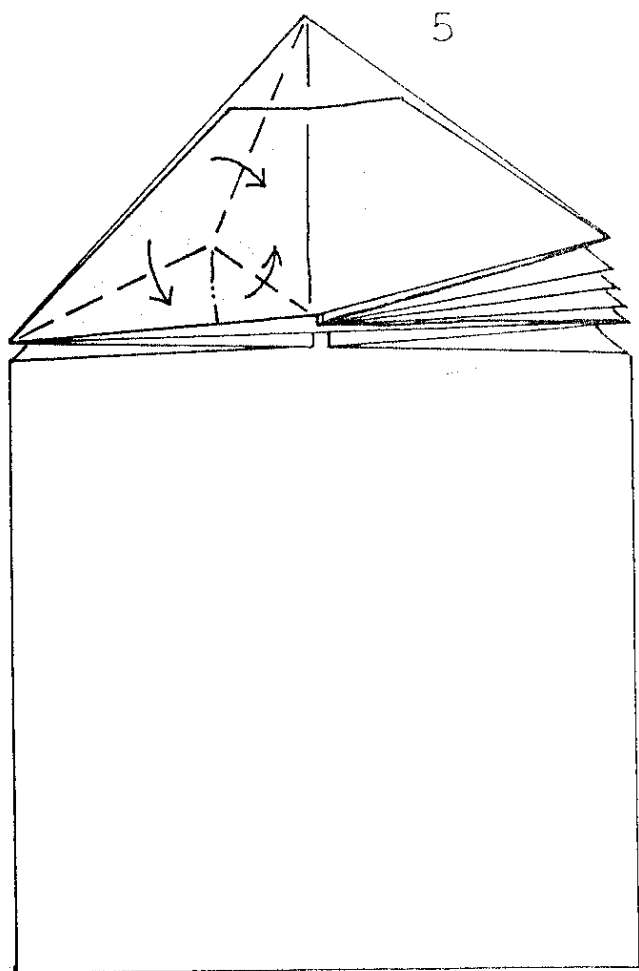
3

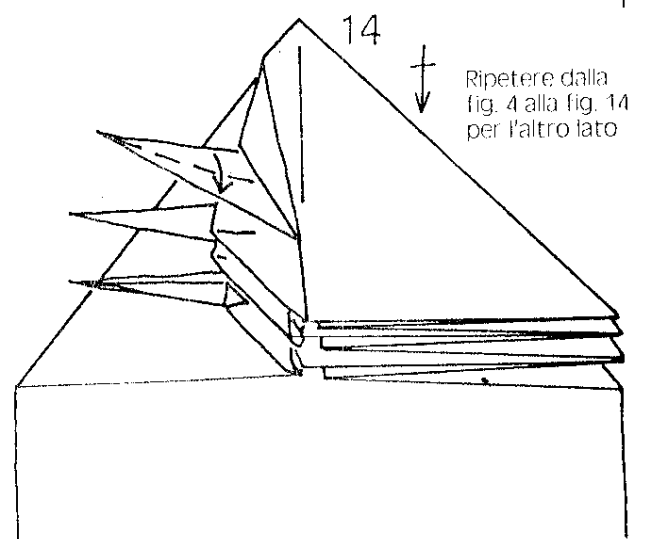
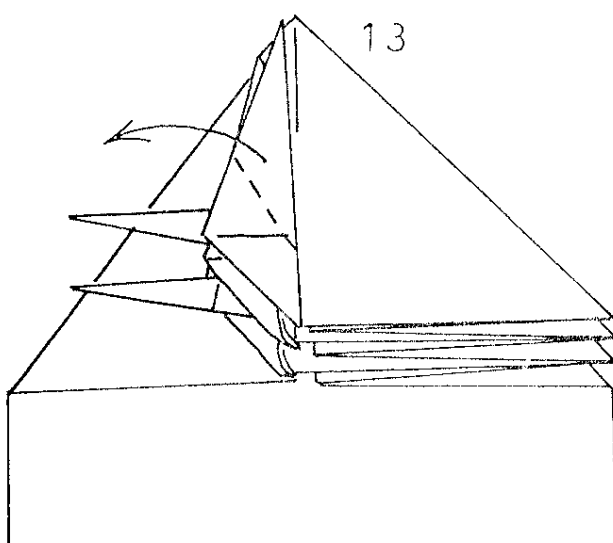
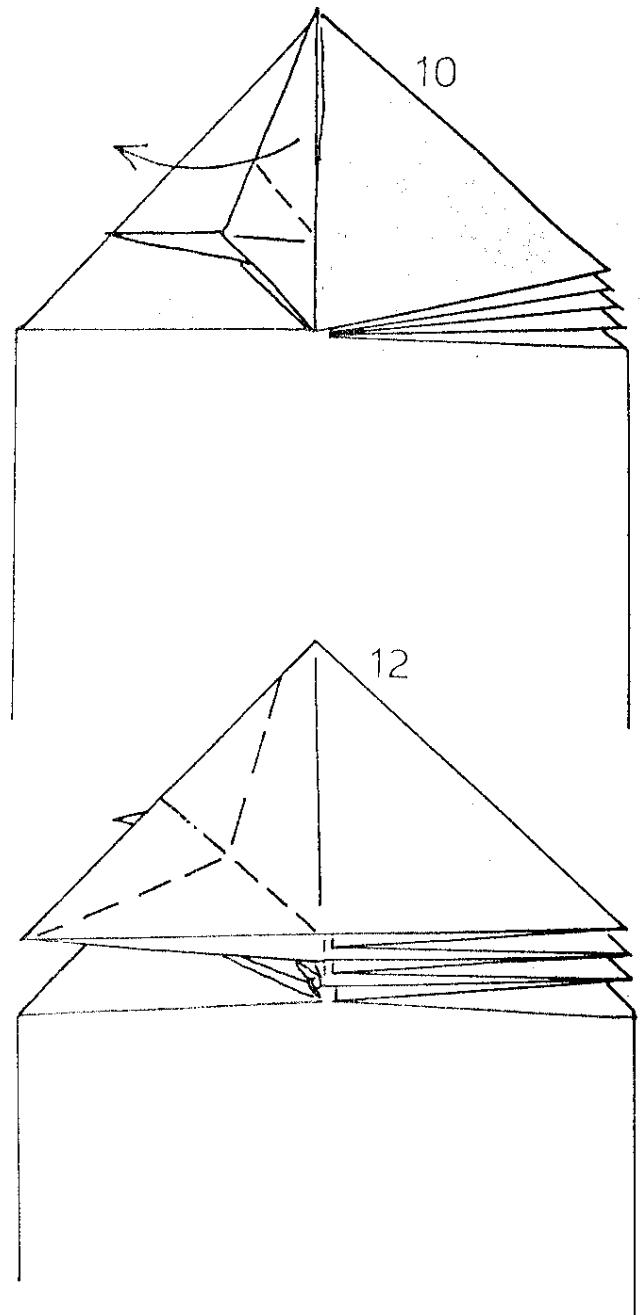
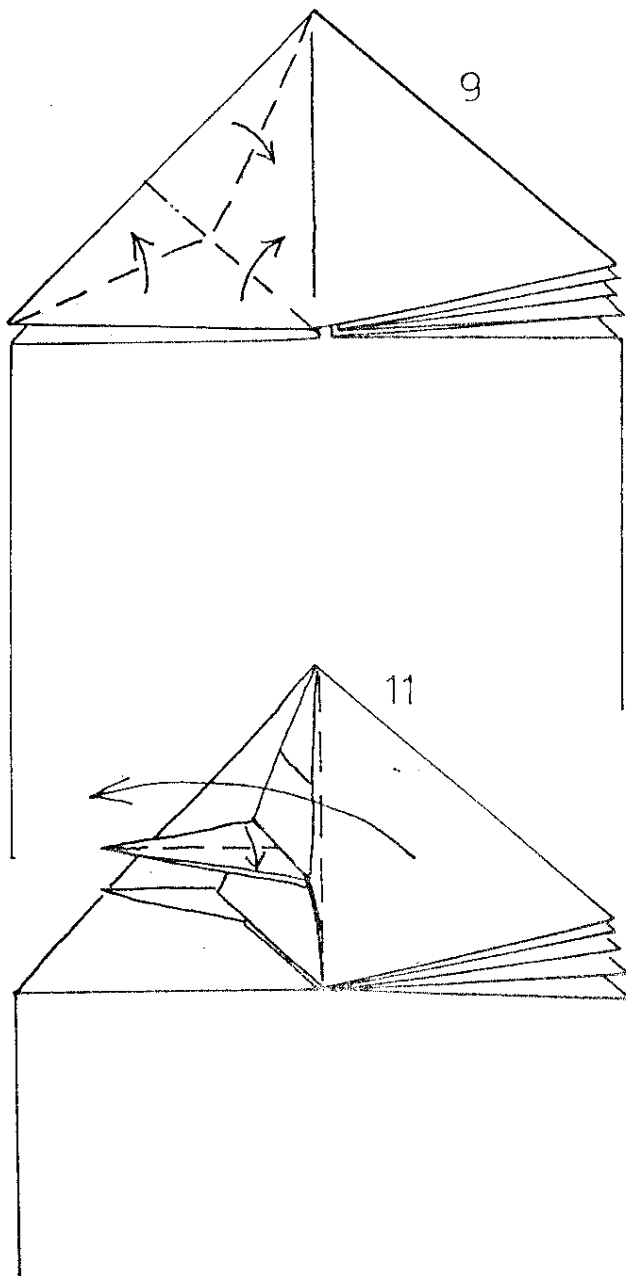
Far rientrare la punta e rialzare quella in basso

4

Girare a libro verso destra  
le prime due alette

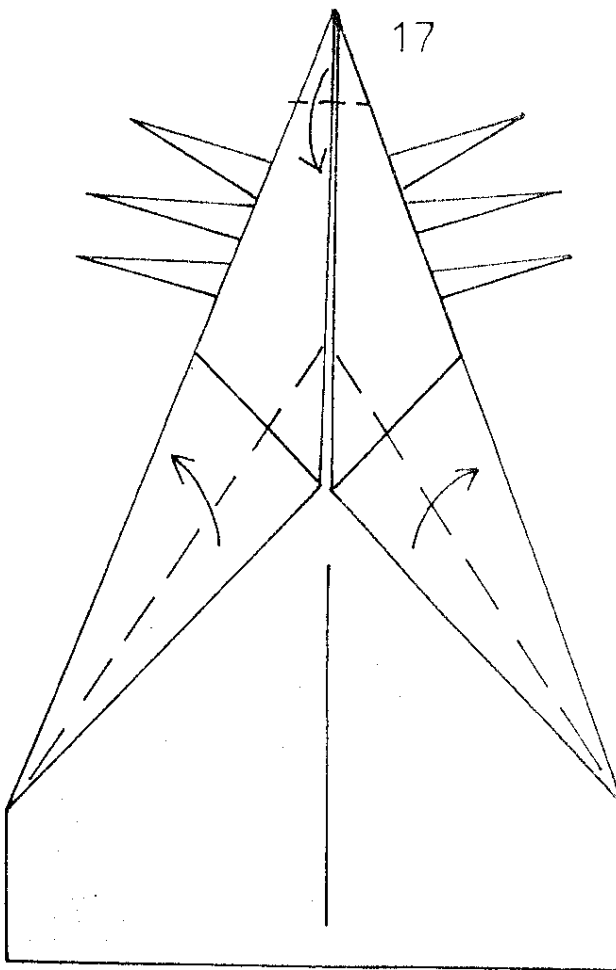
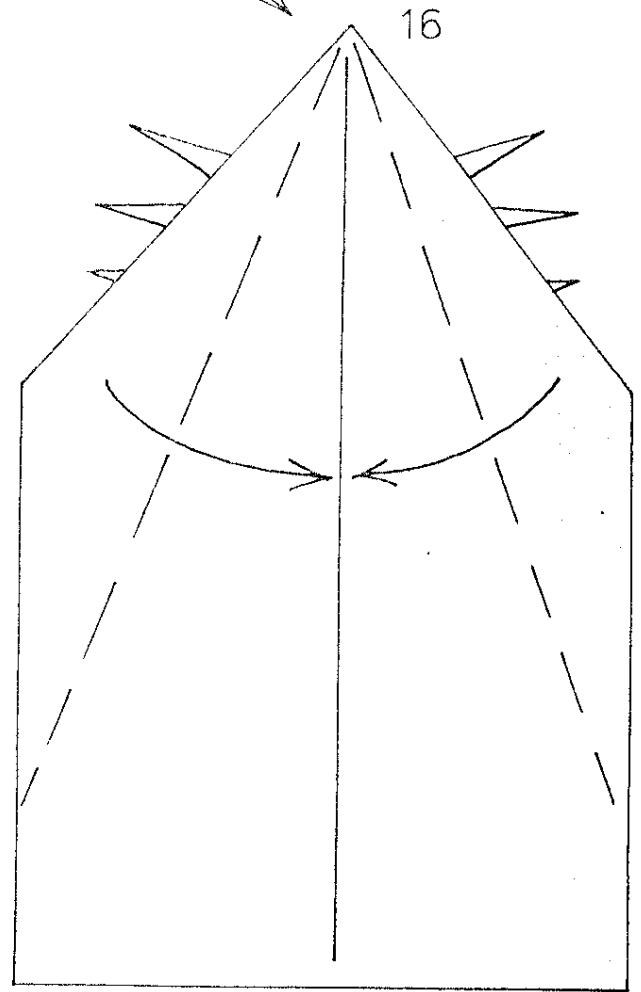
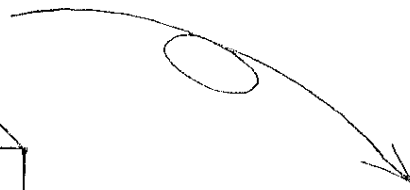
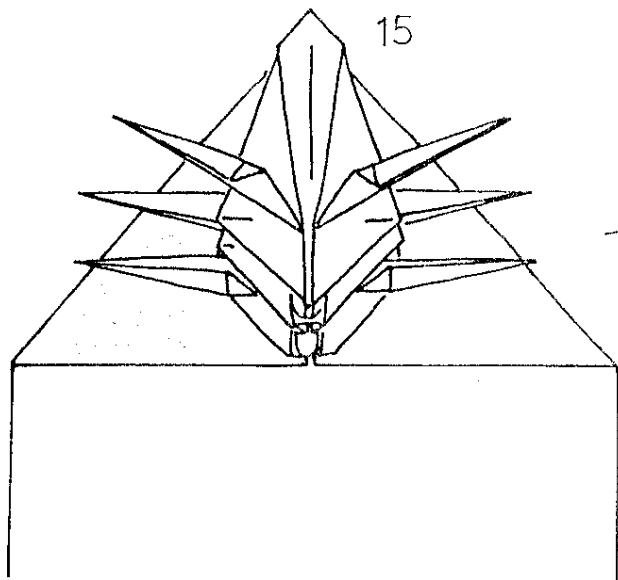


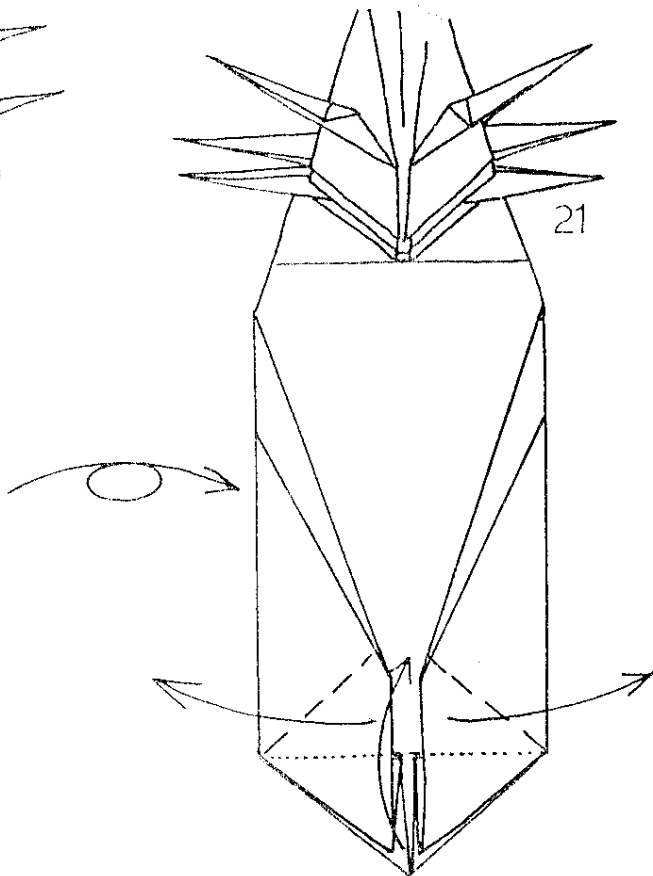
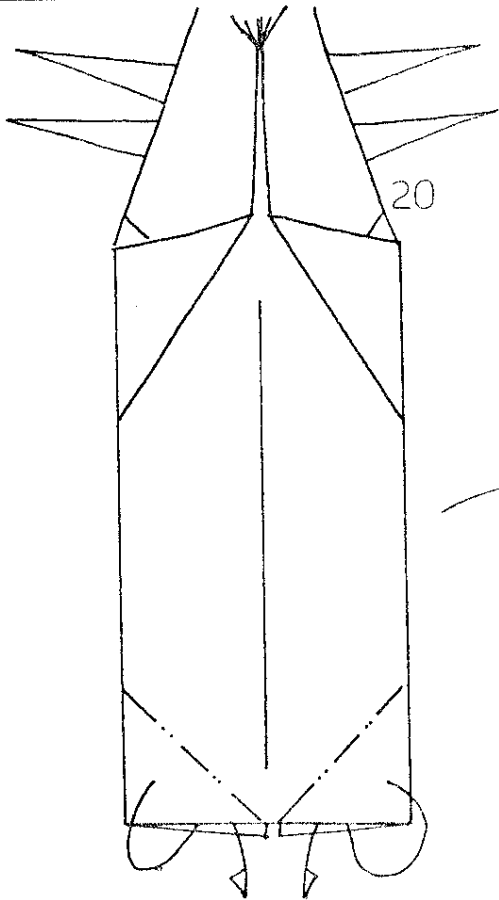
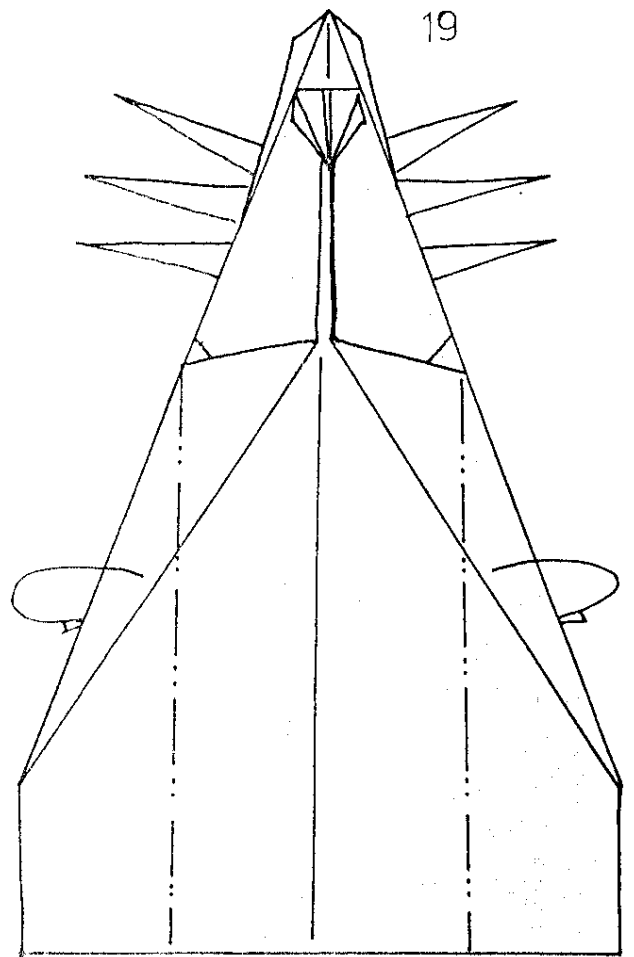
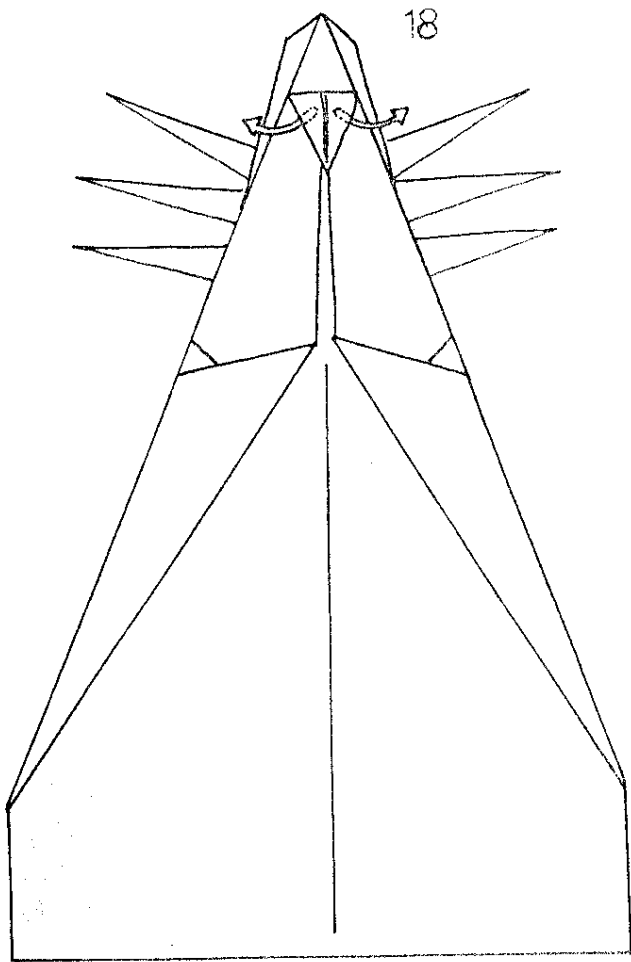


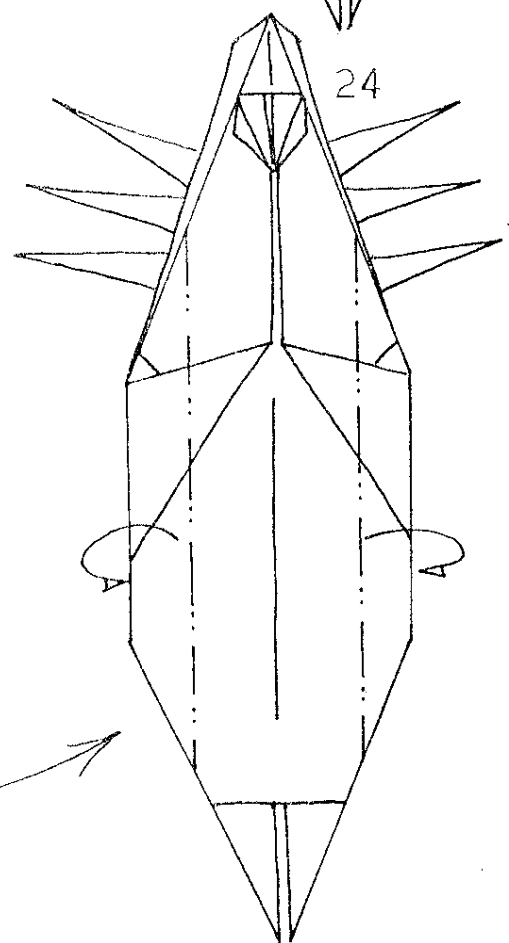
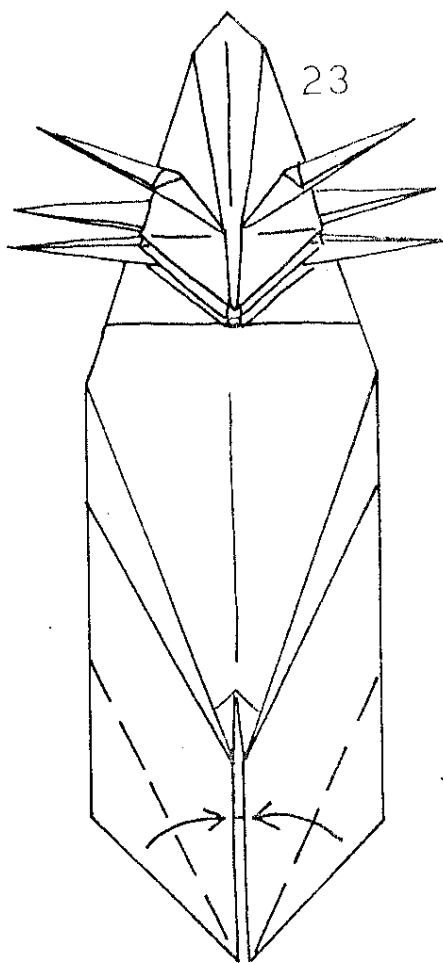
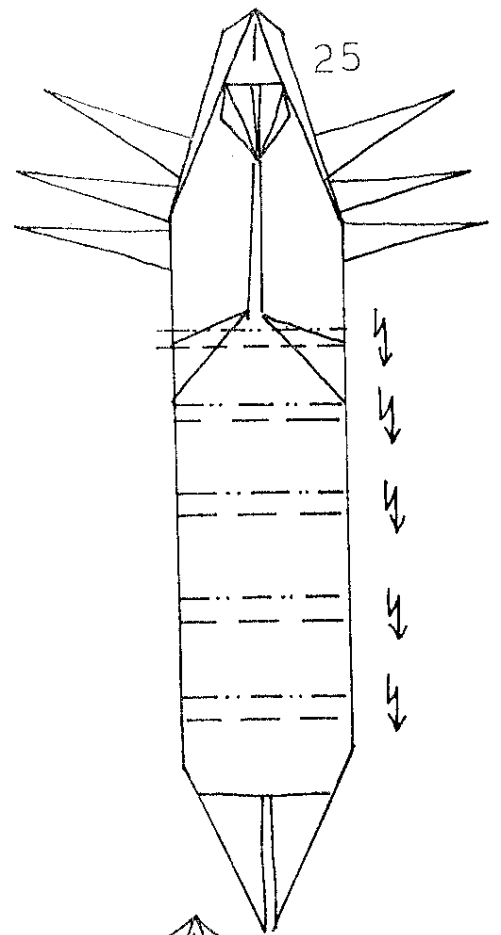
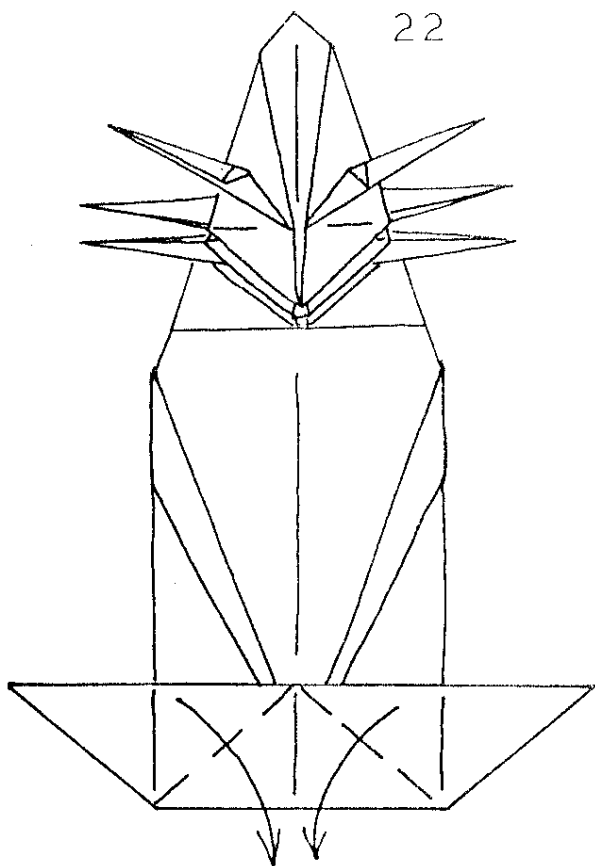


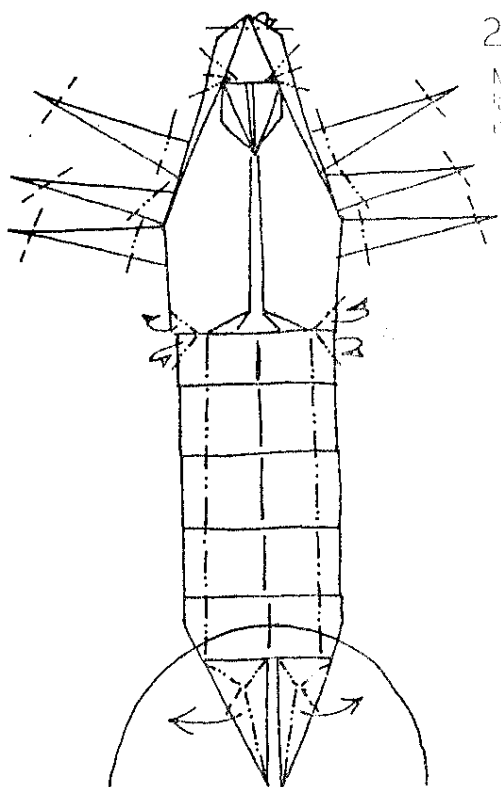
Ripetere dalla  
fig. 4 alla fig. 14  
per l'altro lato





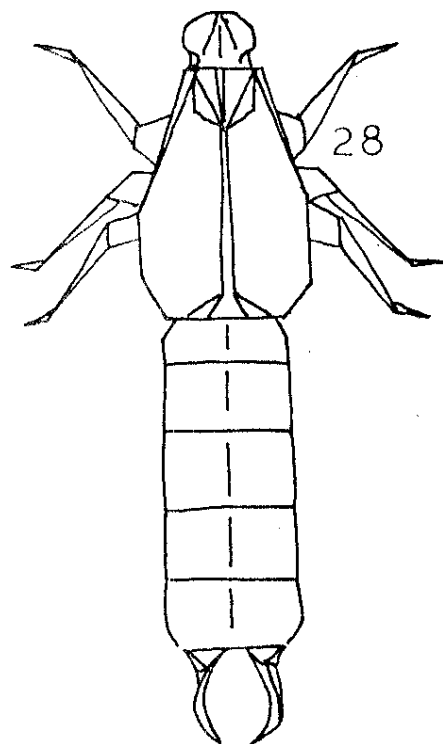




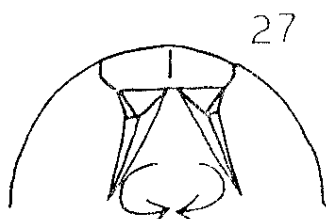


26

Modellare seguendo le pieghe,  
la testa, le zampe, il corpo  
ed i ceca adformati

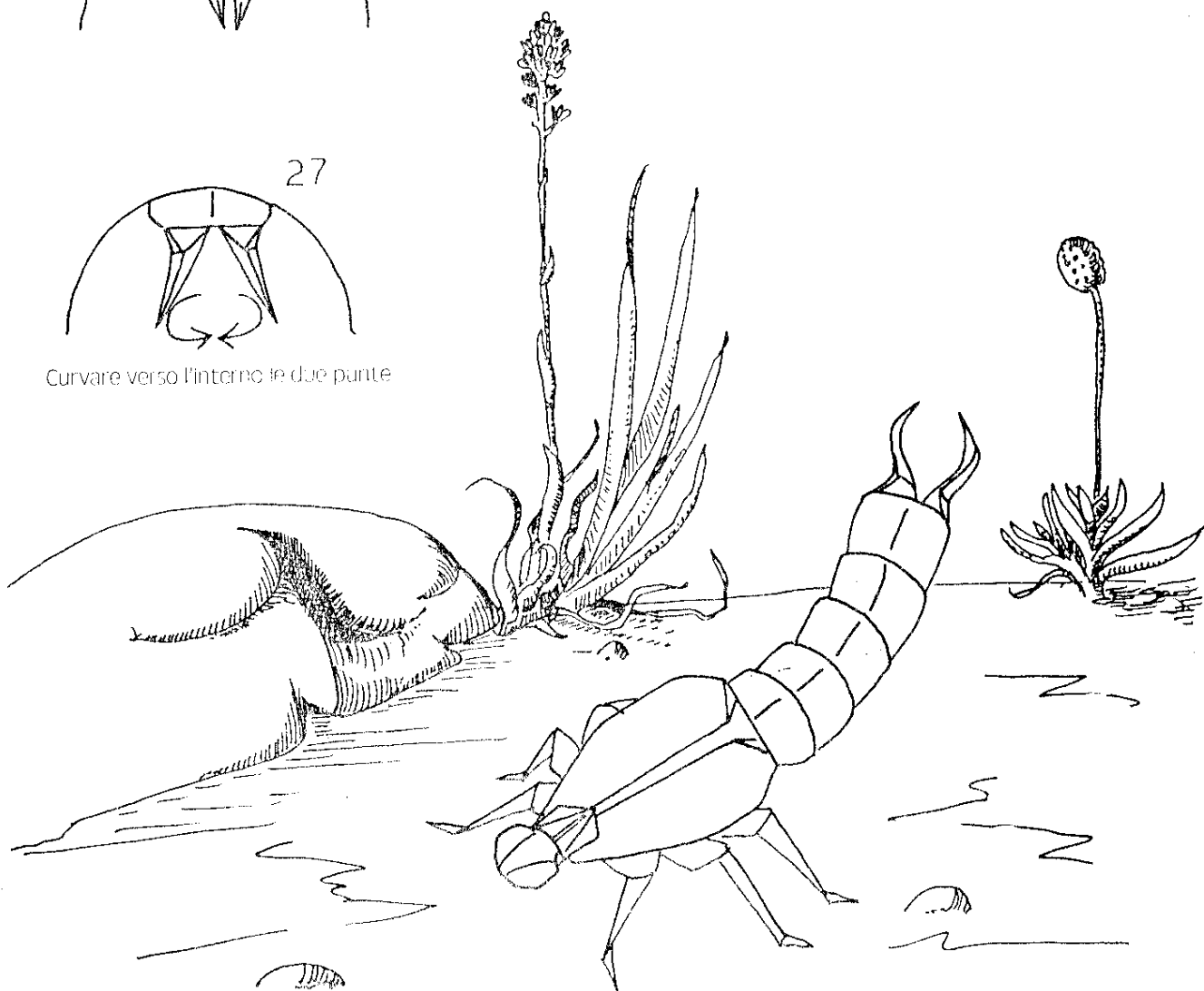


28

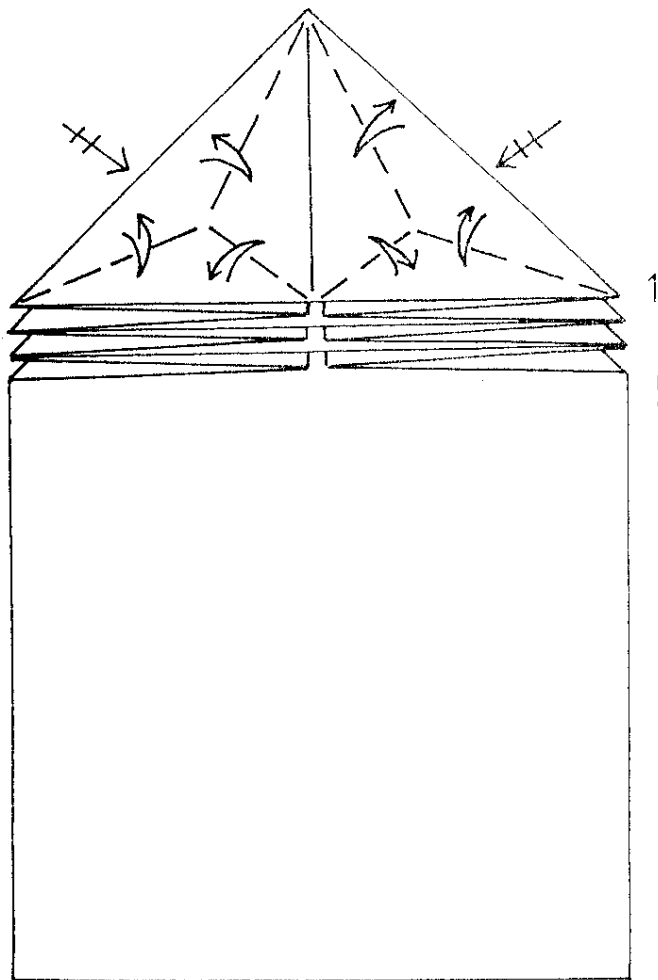


27

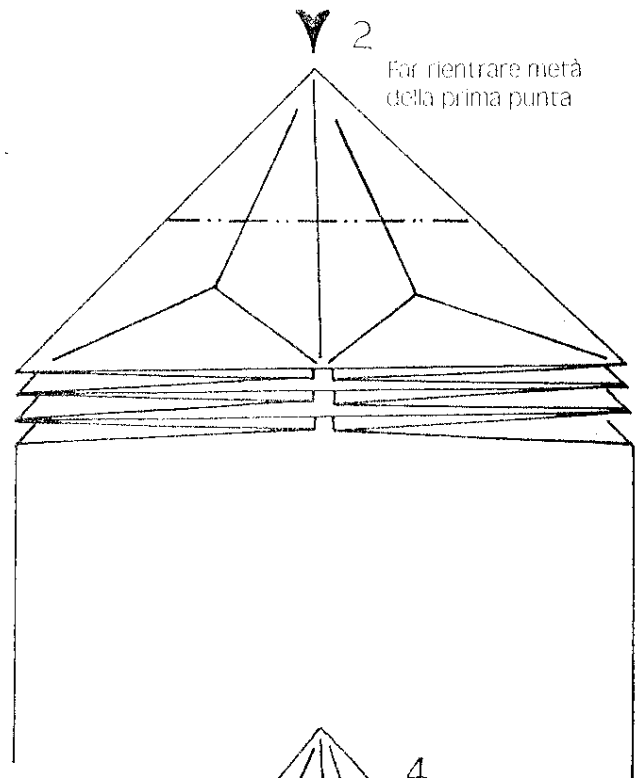
Curvare verso l'interno le due punte



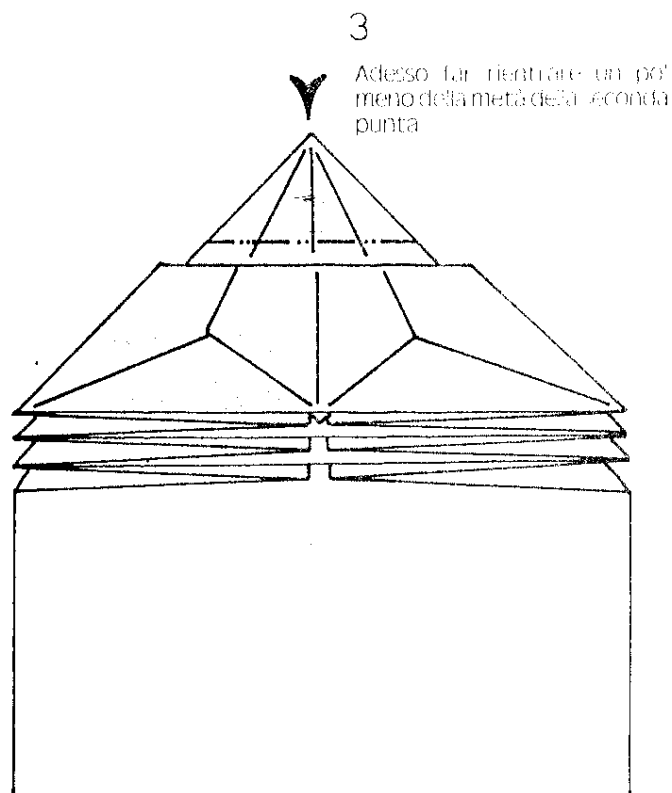
# IL CERVO VOLANTE



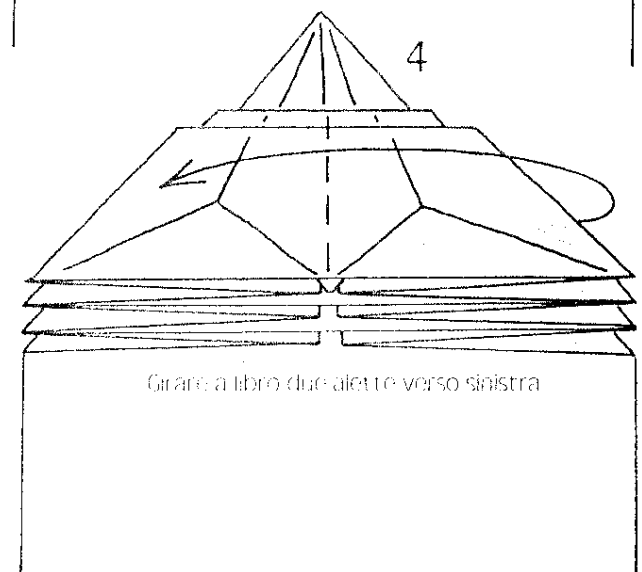
Iniziare dalla fig. 2 del modello precedente.  
Segnare le pieghe come da disegno sulle prime  
tre alette di ogni lato



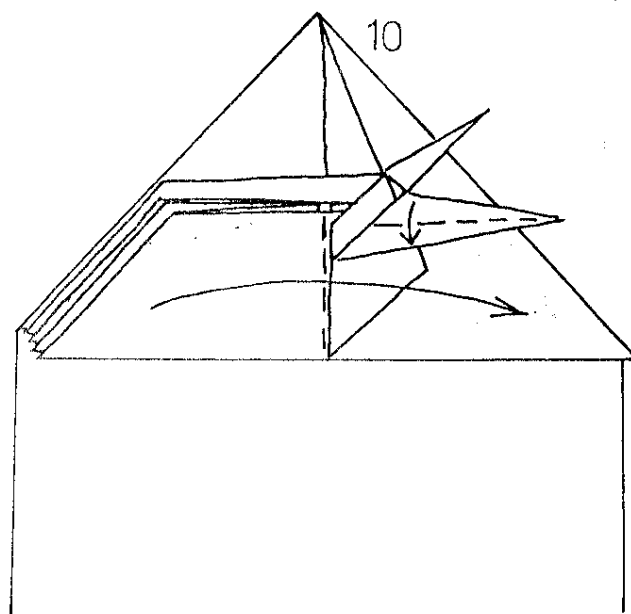
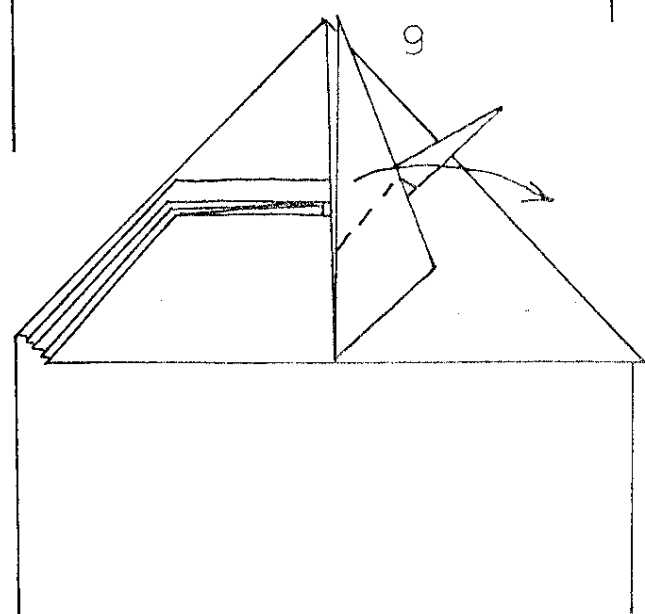
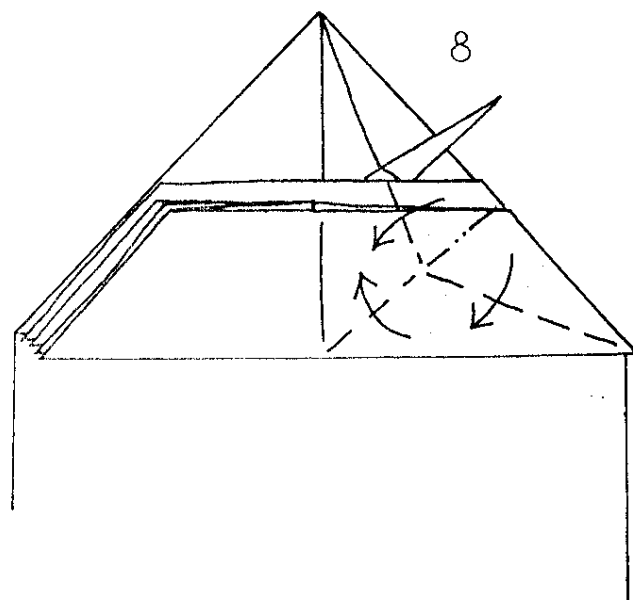
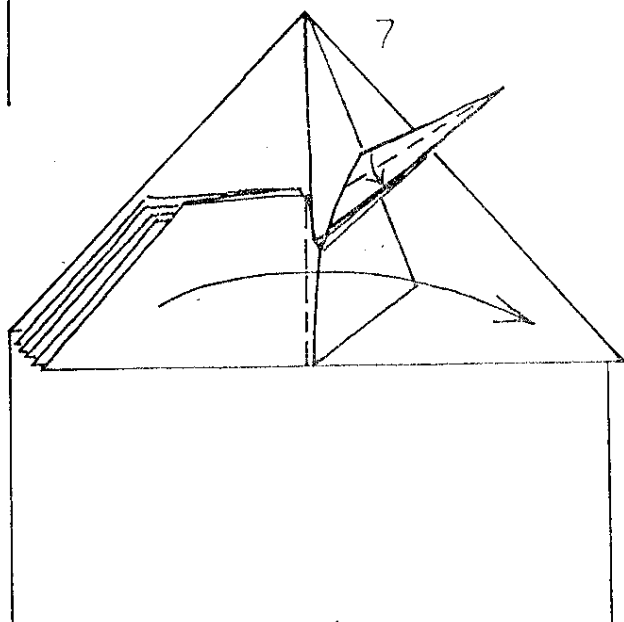
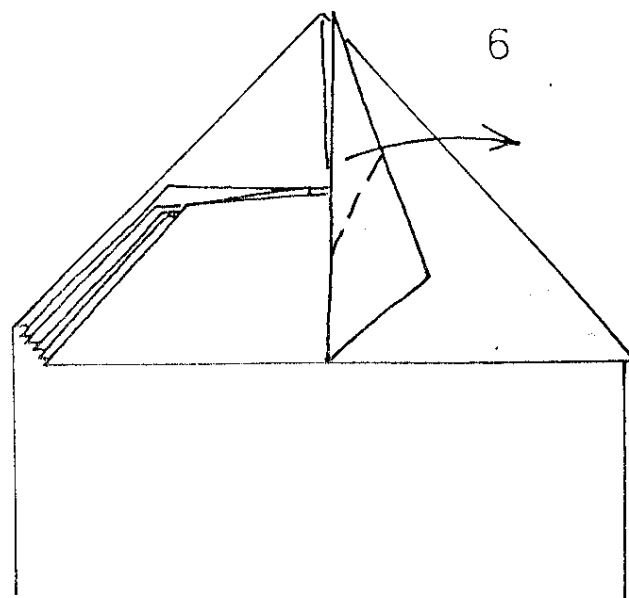
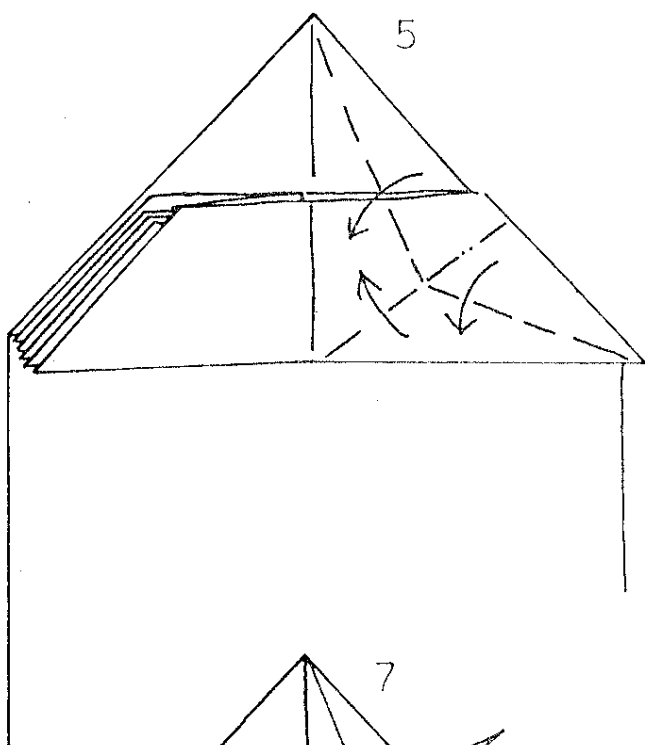
Far rientrare metà  
della prima punta

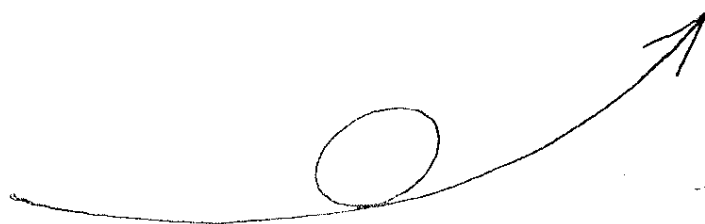
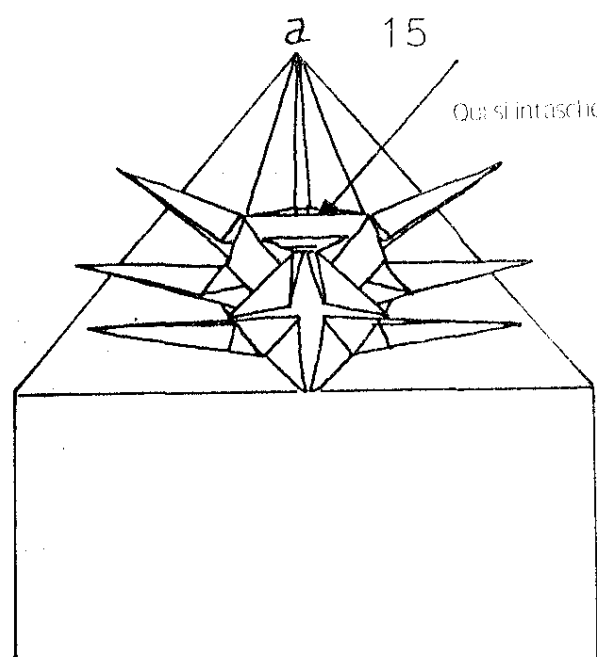
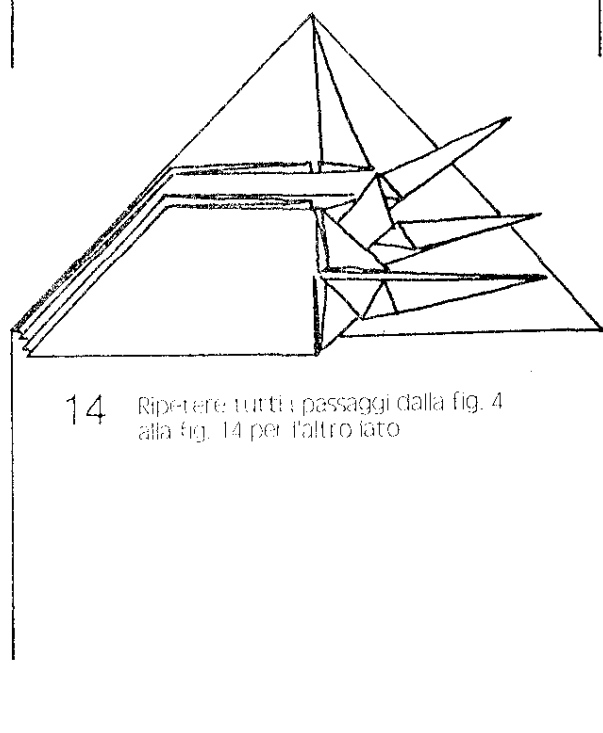
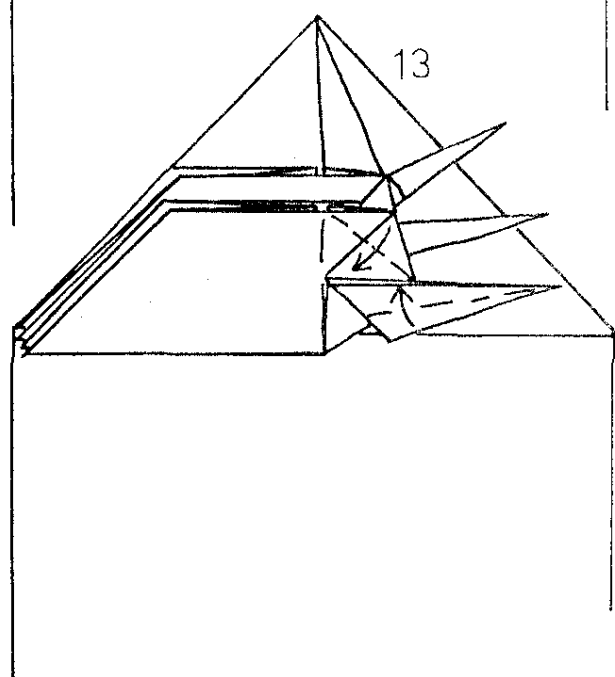
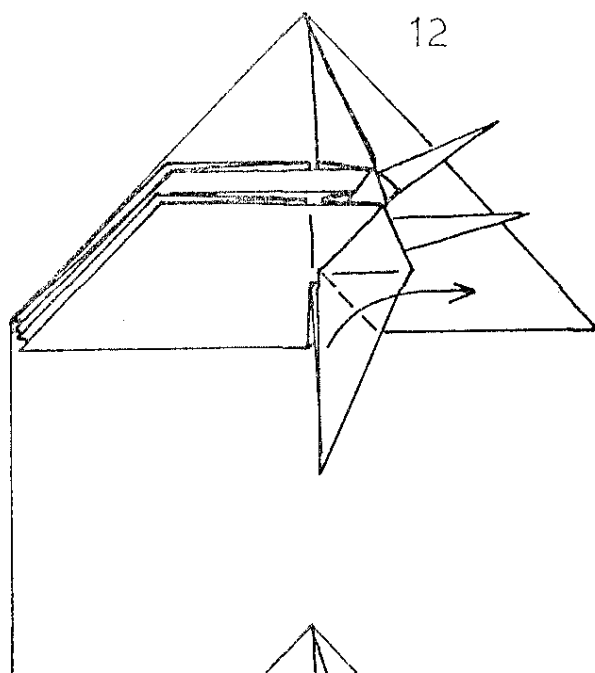
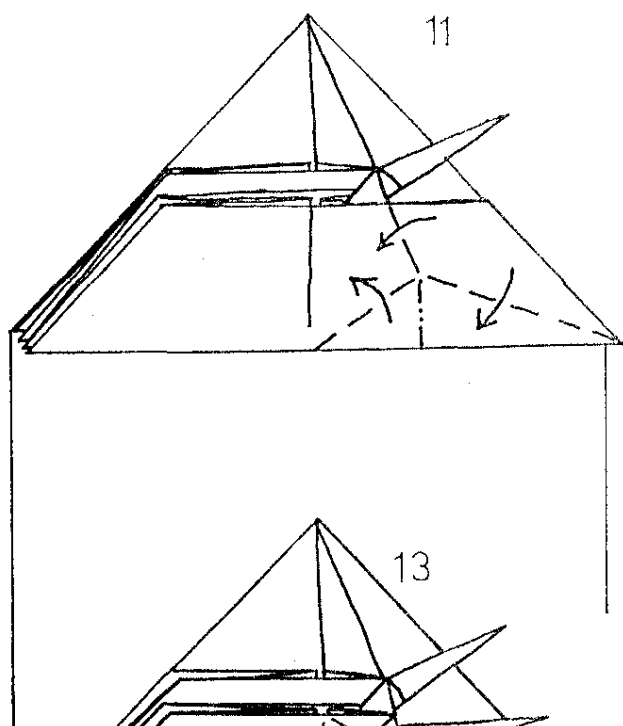


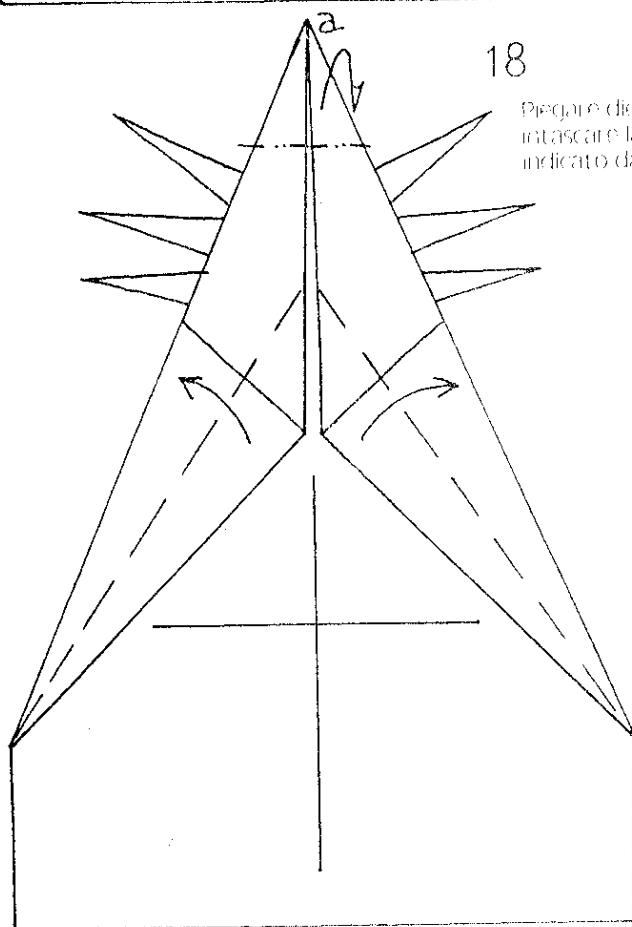
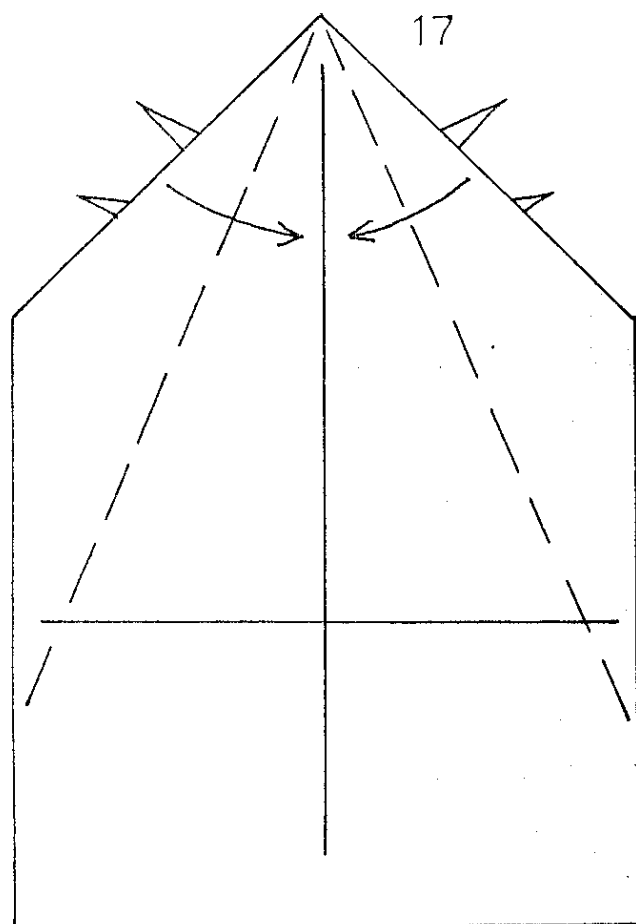
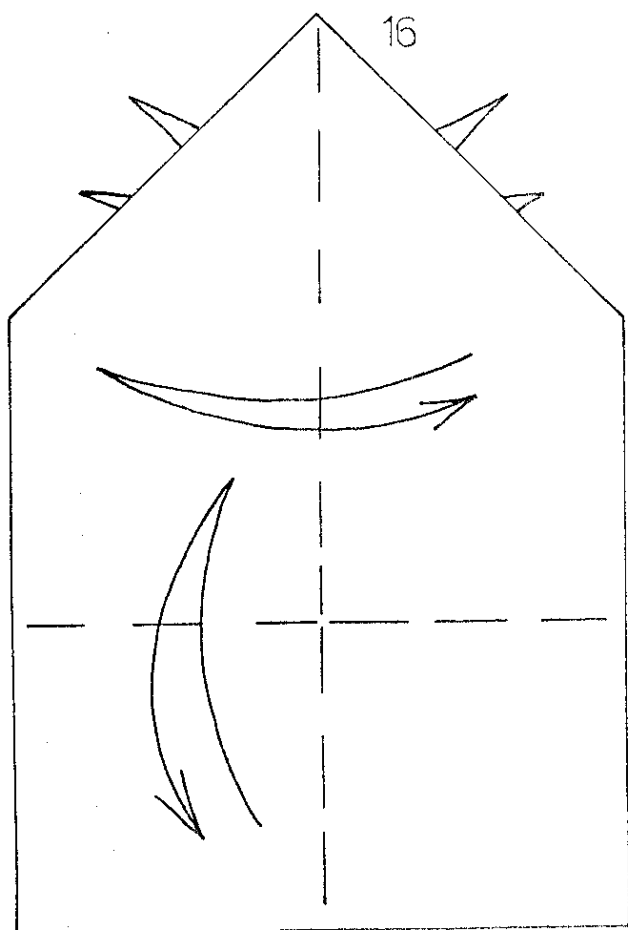
Adesso far rientrare un po'  
meno della metà della seconda  
punta



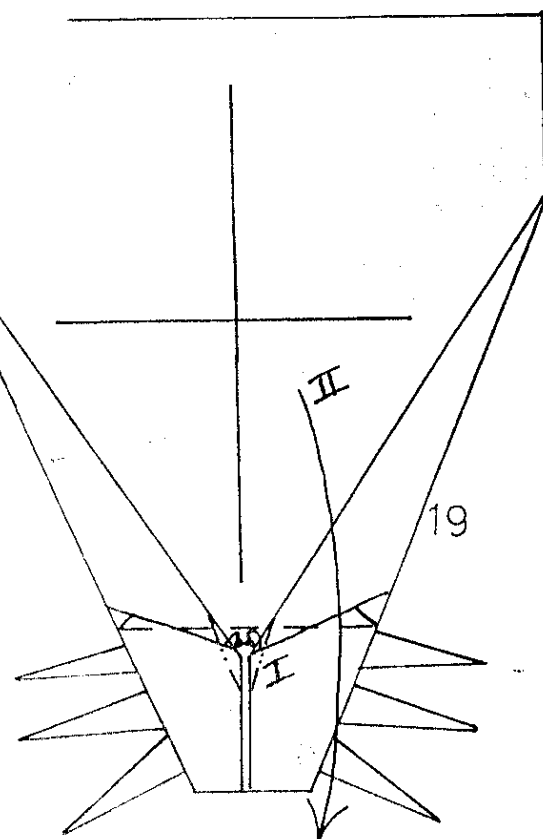
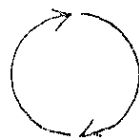
Girare a libro due alette verso sinistra



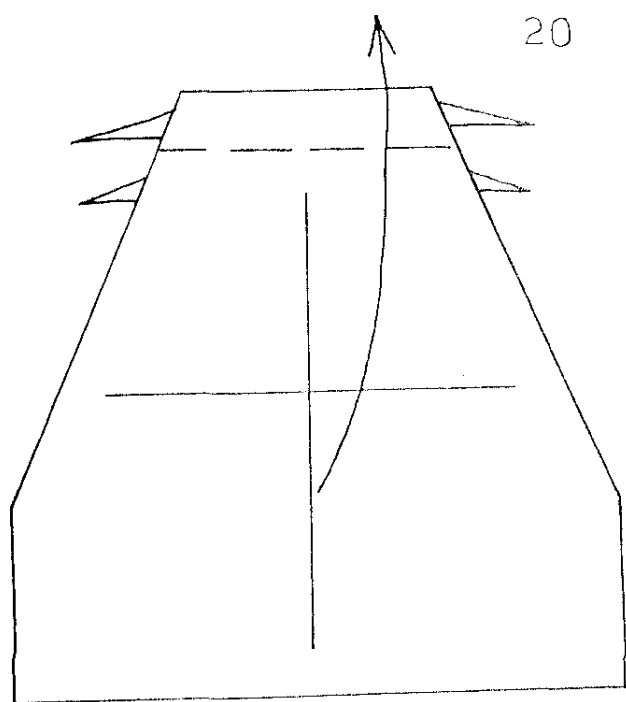




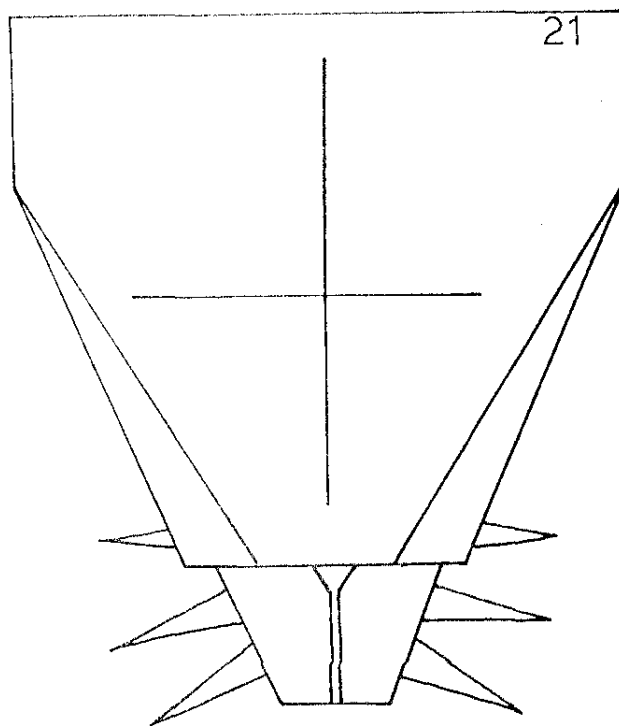
Piegare dietro ed  
intascare la punta (a) come  
indicato dalla fig. 15



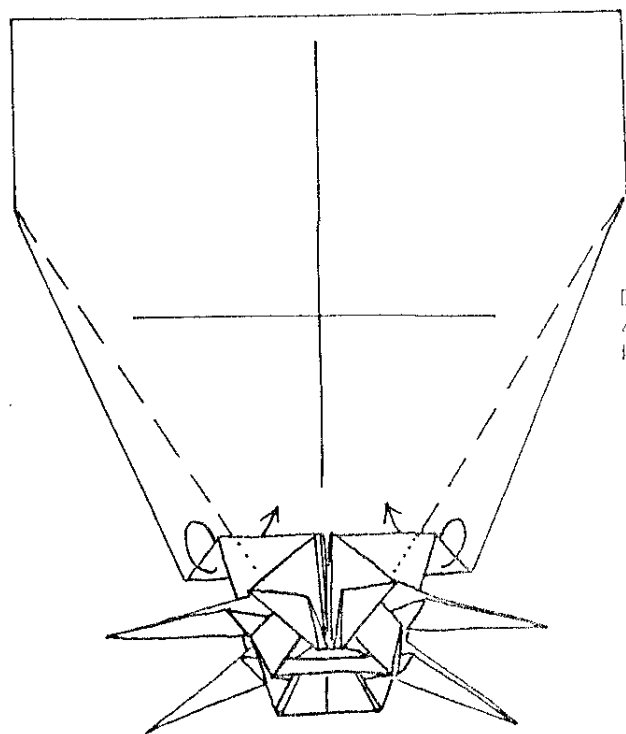




20

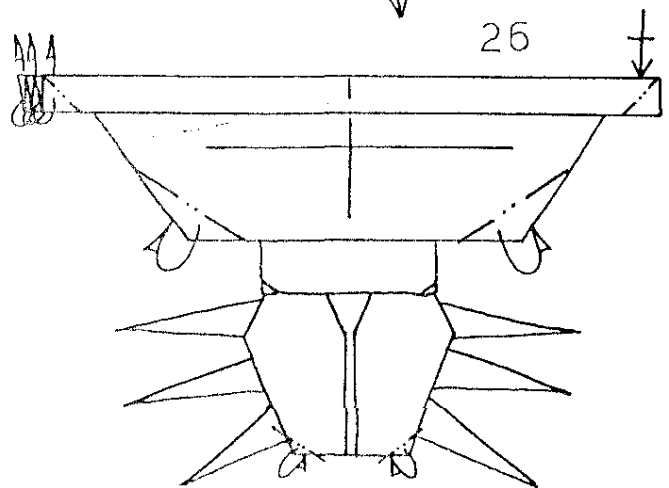
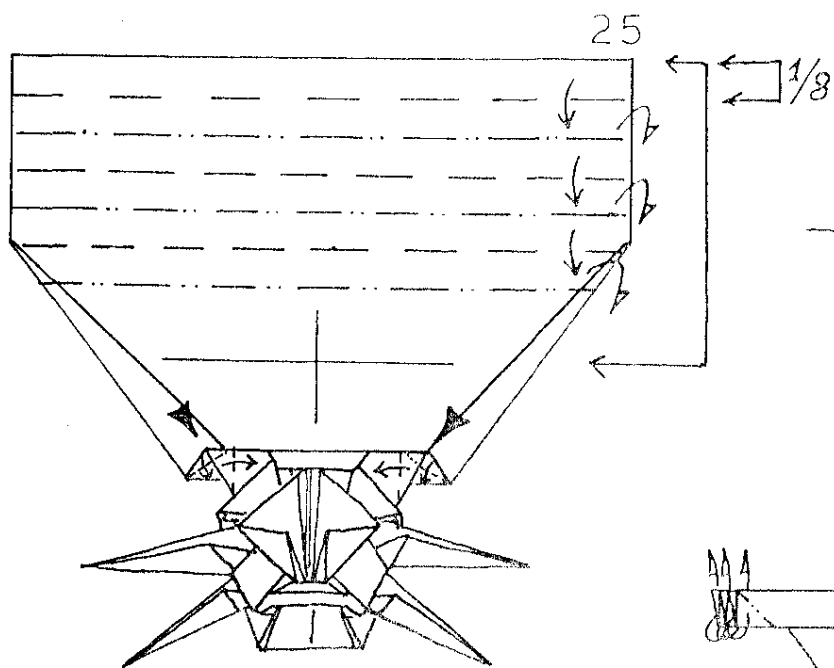
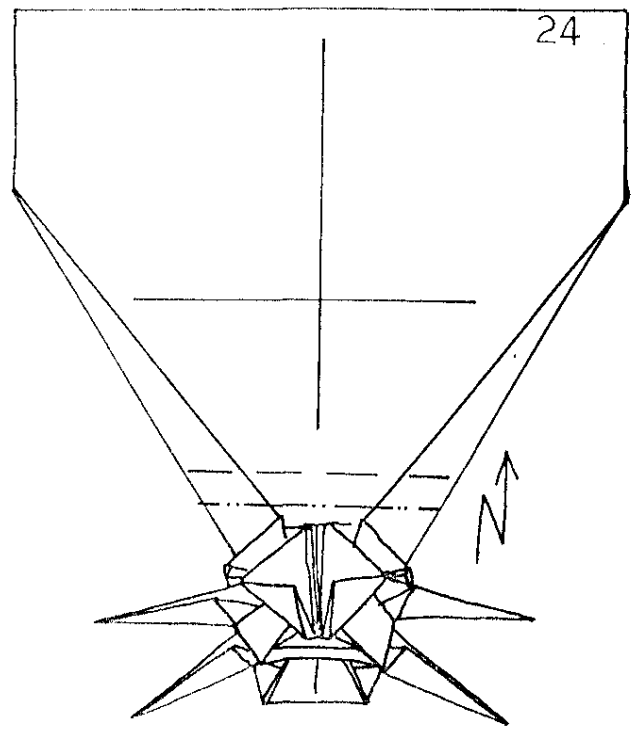
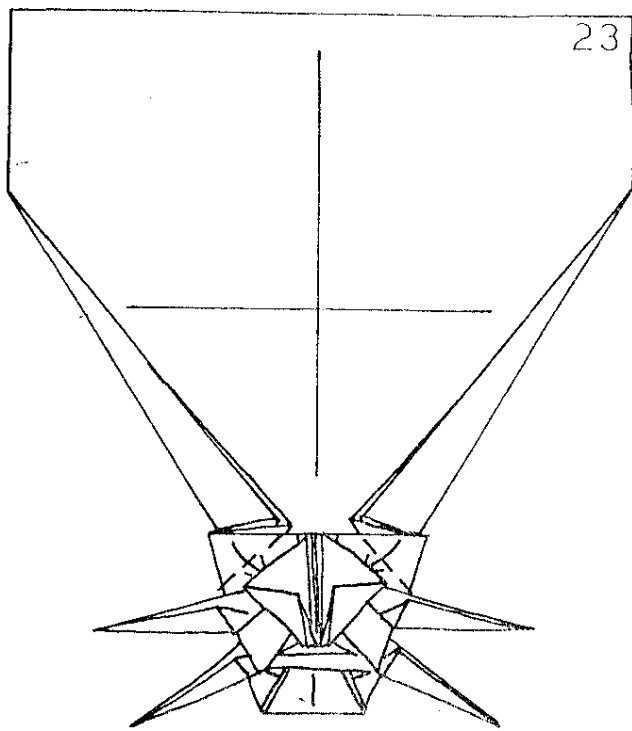


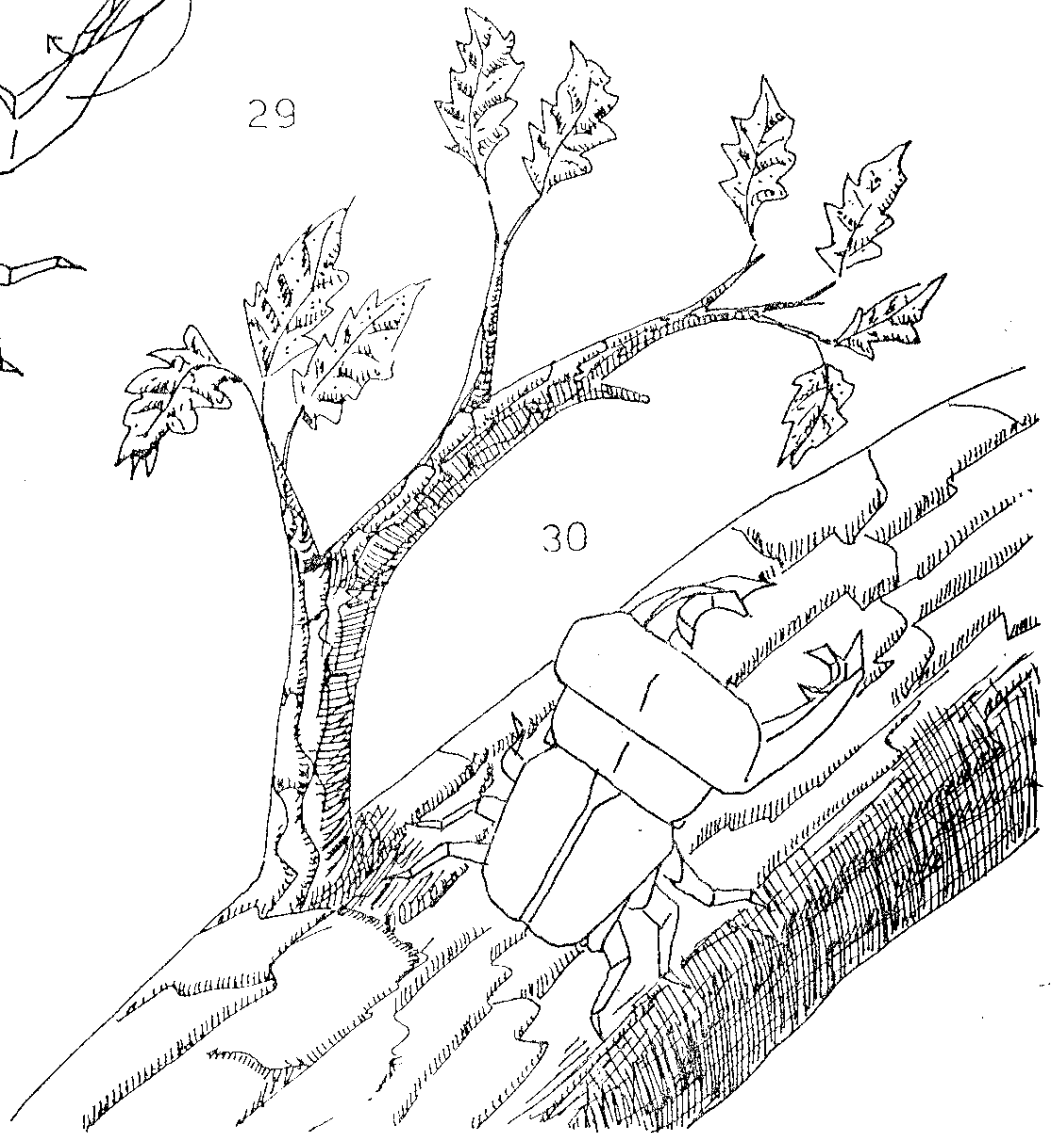
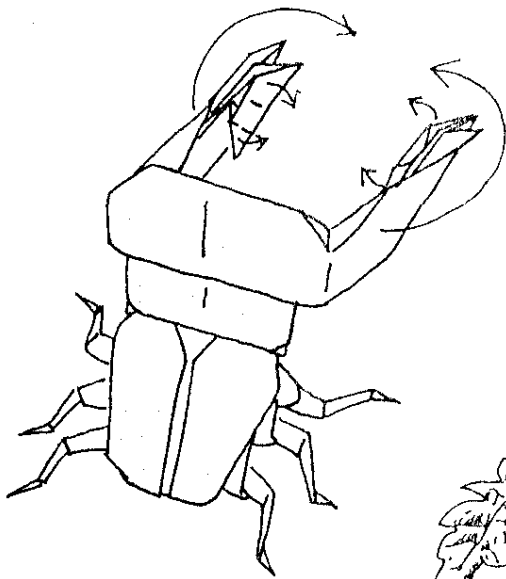
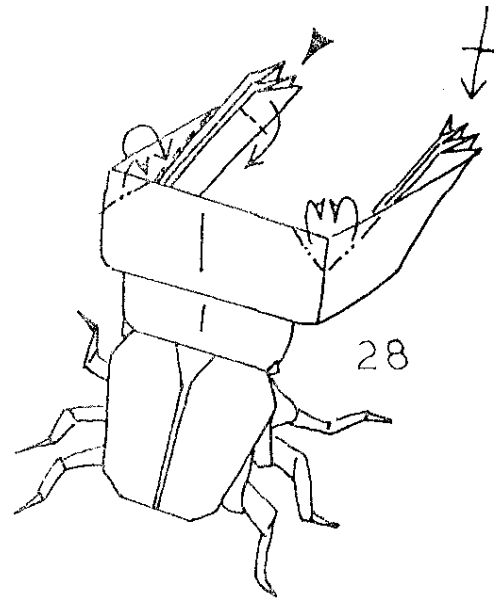
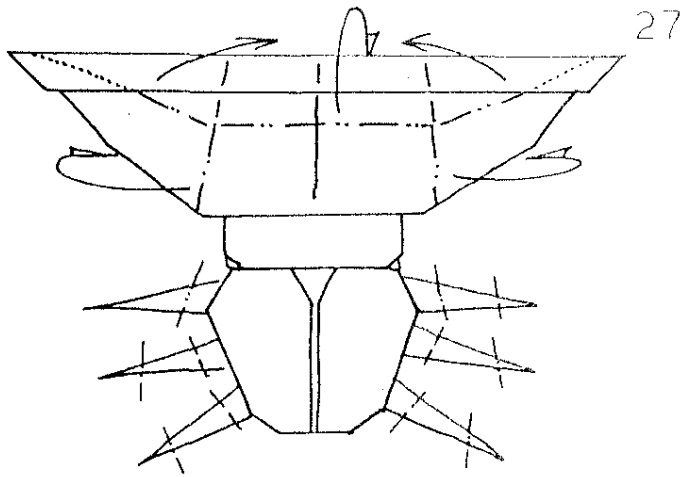
21



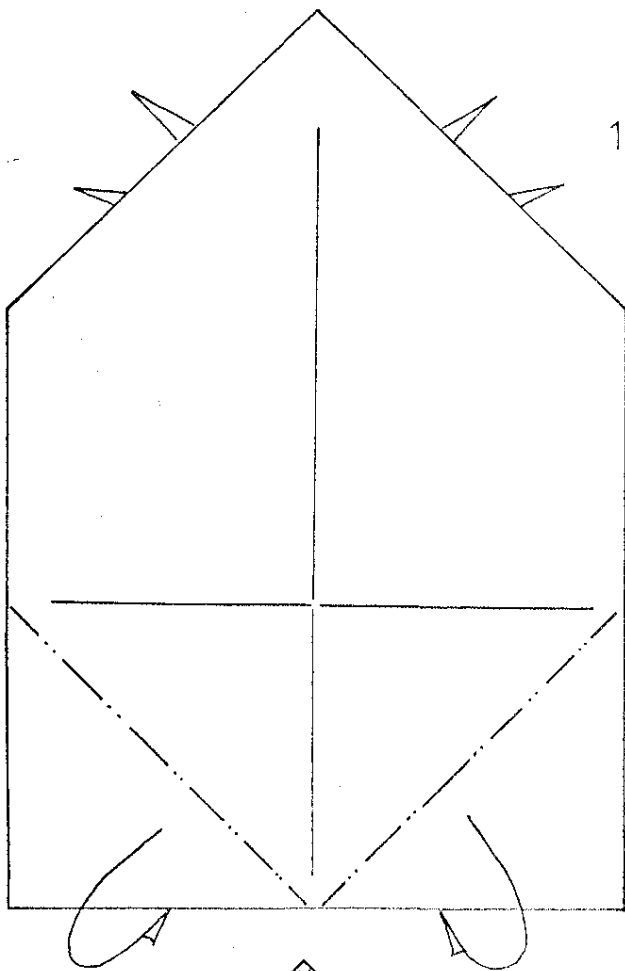
22

Da qui fino alla fig. 25 non appaiono il primo paio di zampe per poter illustrare con più comodità le pieghe



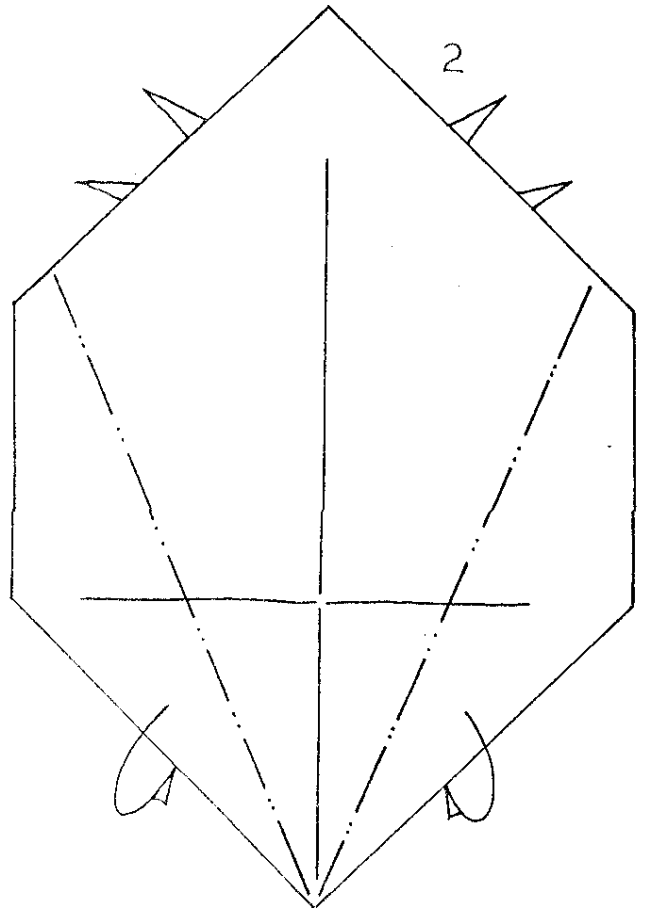


# LO SCARABEO RINOCERONTE

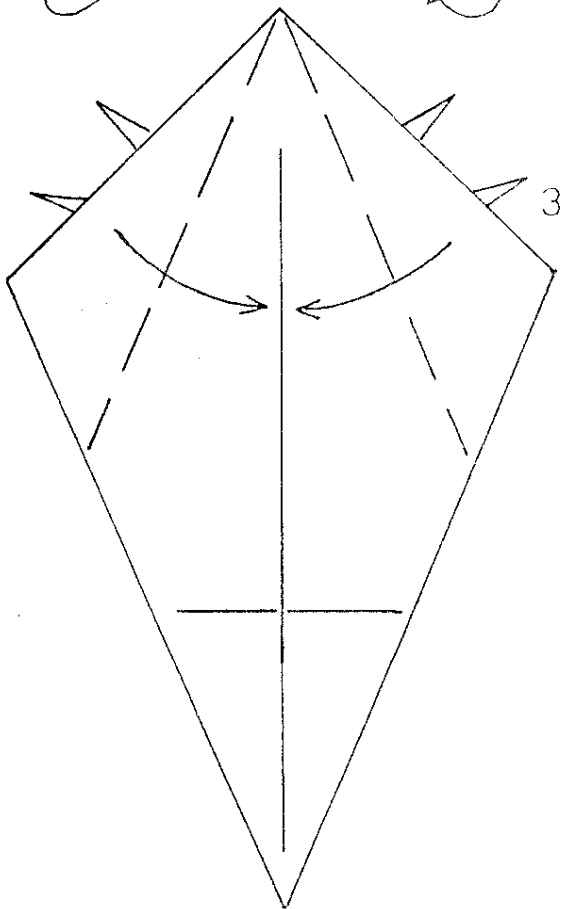


1

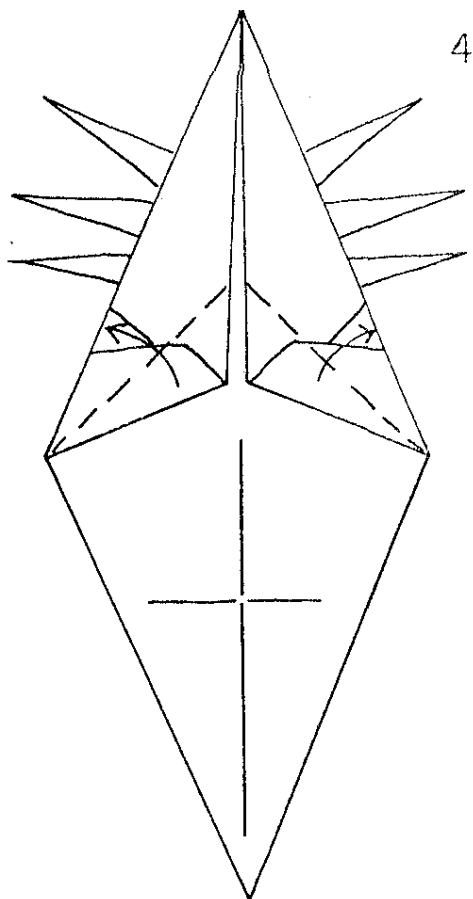
Iniziare dalla fig. 17 del cervo volante



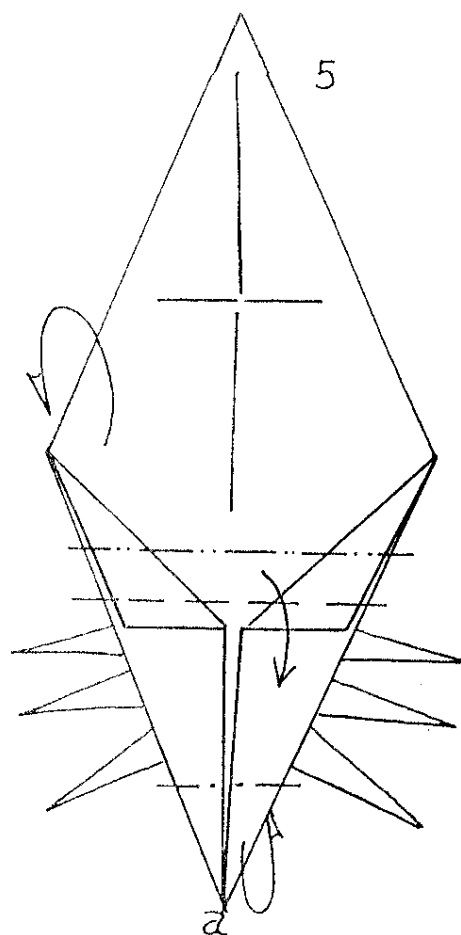
2



3

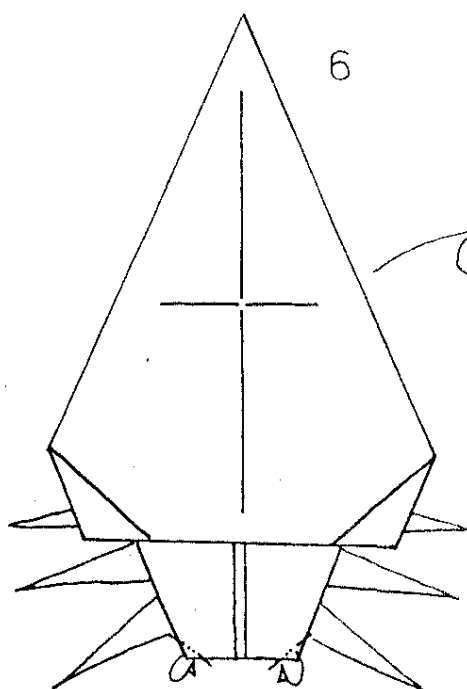


4

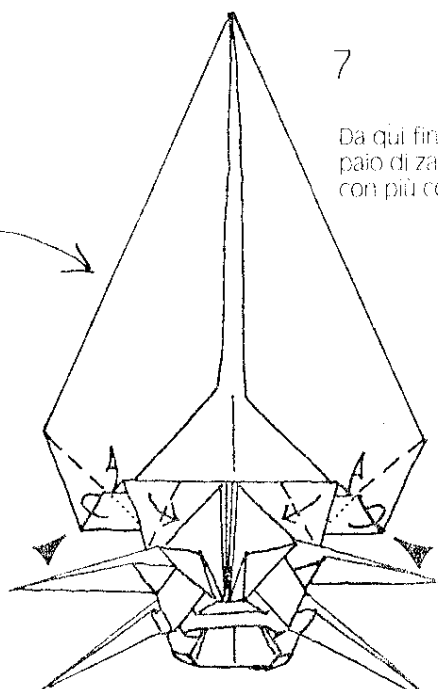


5

Intascare la punta (a) come alla fig. 18 del modello precedente

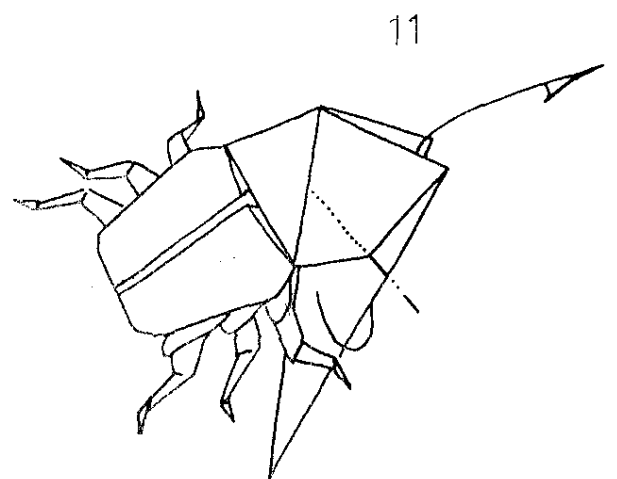
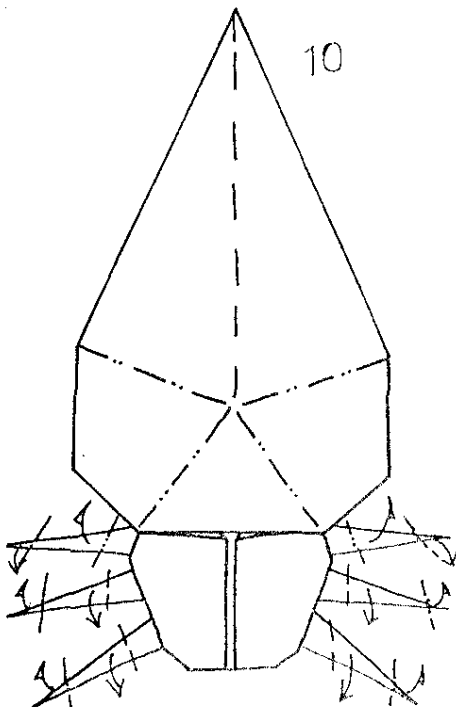
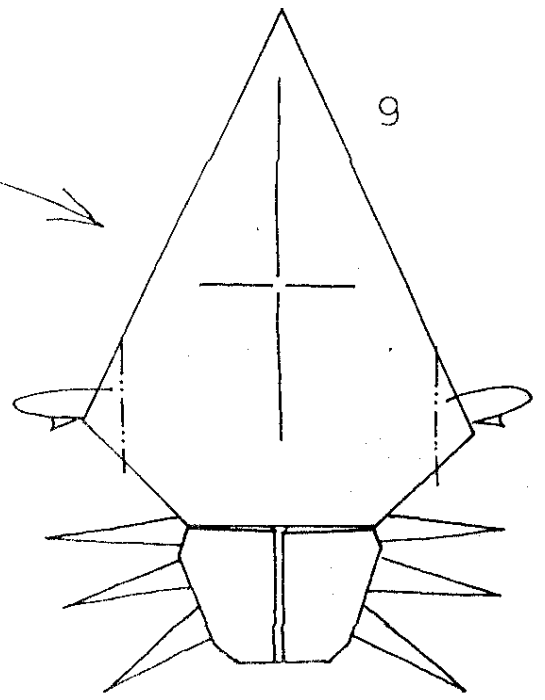
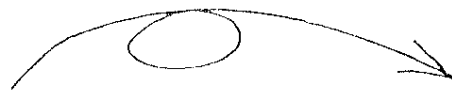
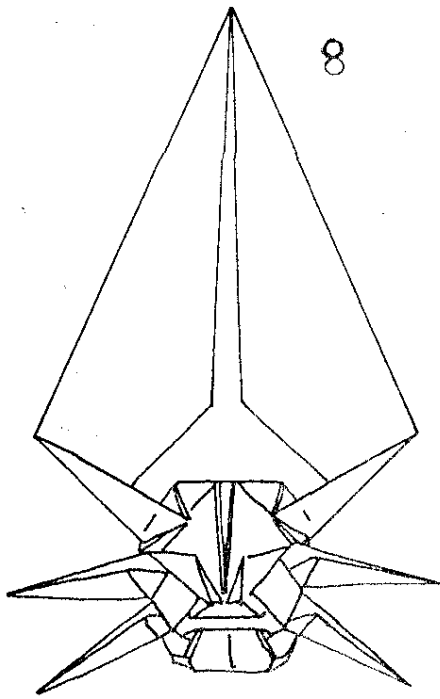


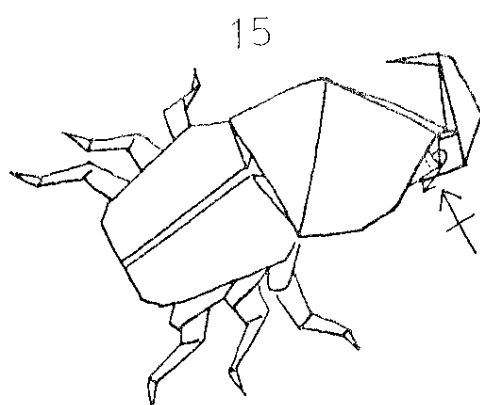
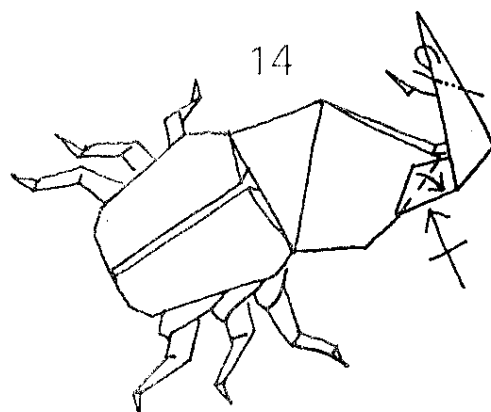
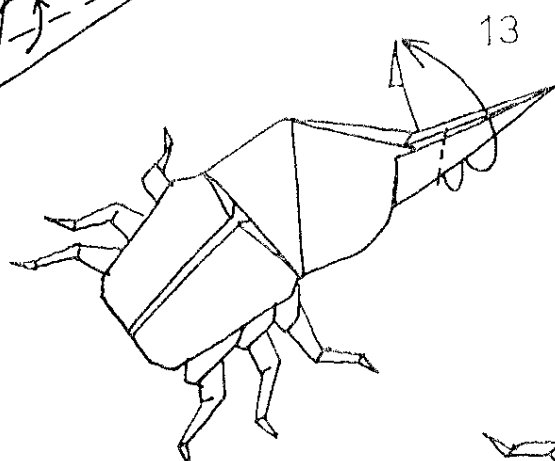
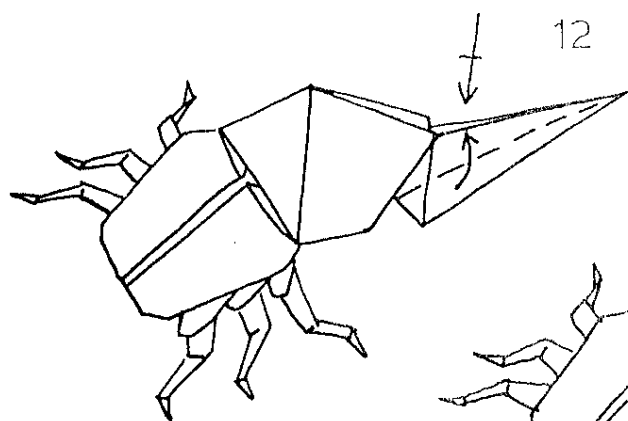
6



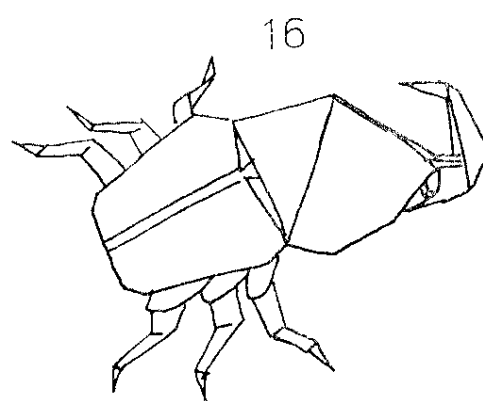
7

Da qui fino alla fig. 8 non appaiono il primo paio di zampe per poter illustrare con più comodità le pieghe





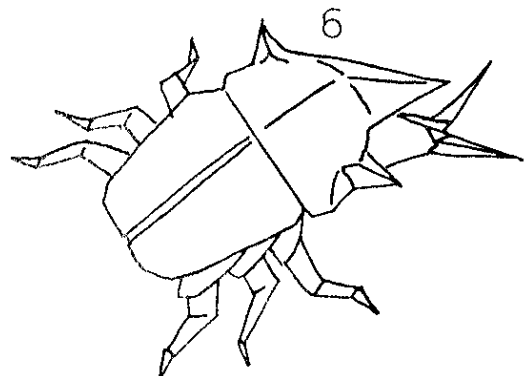
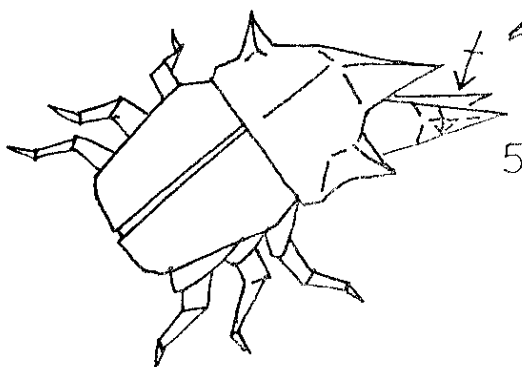
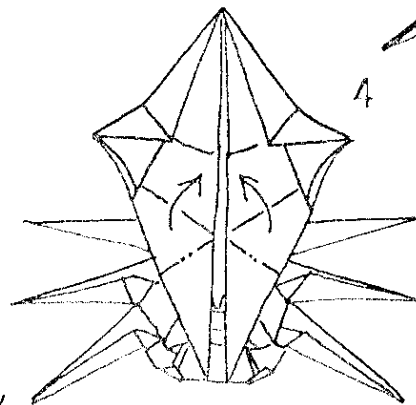
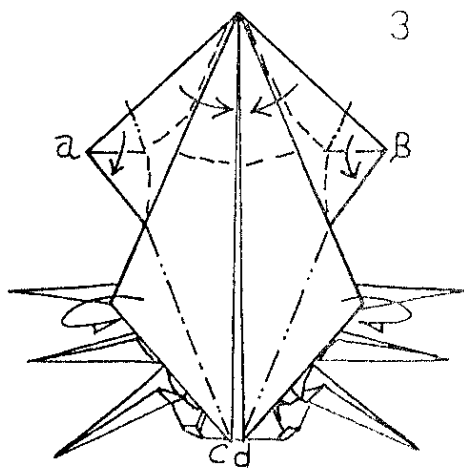
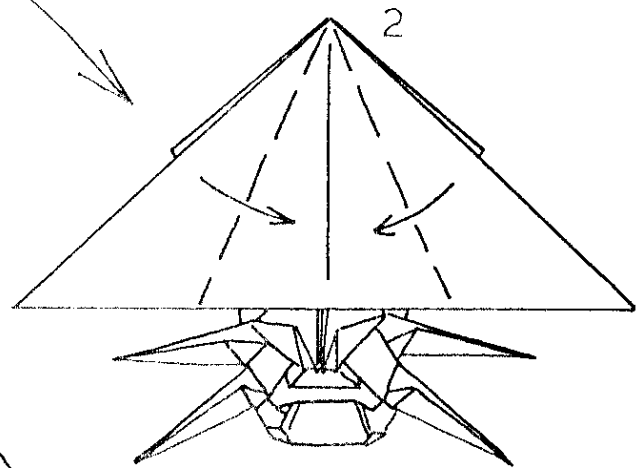
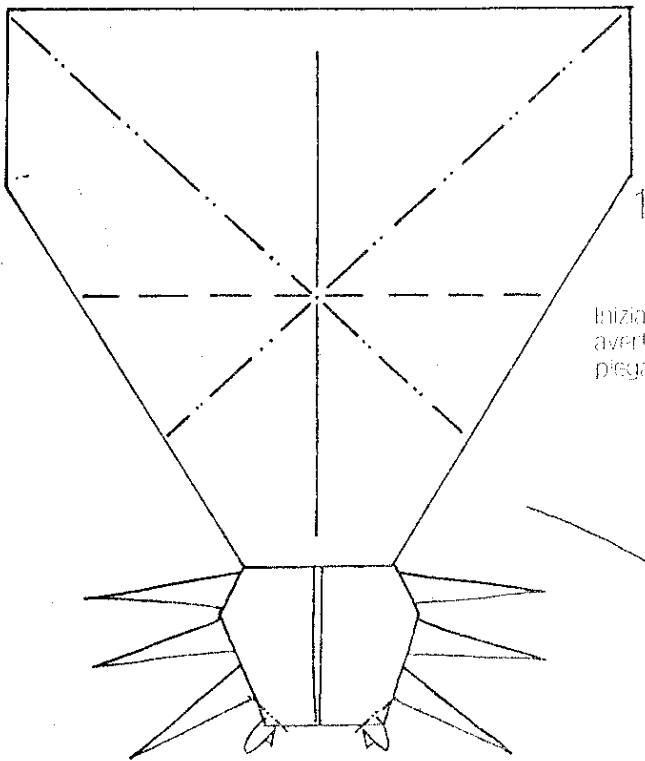
Modellare l'occhio aiutandosi  
con una punta



# IL COLEOTTERO TROPICALE

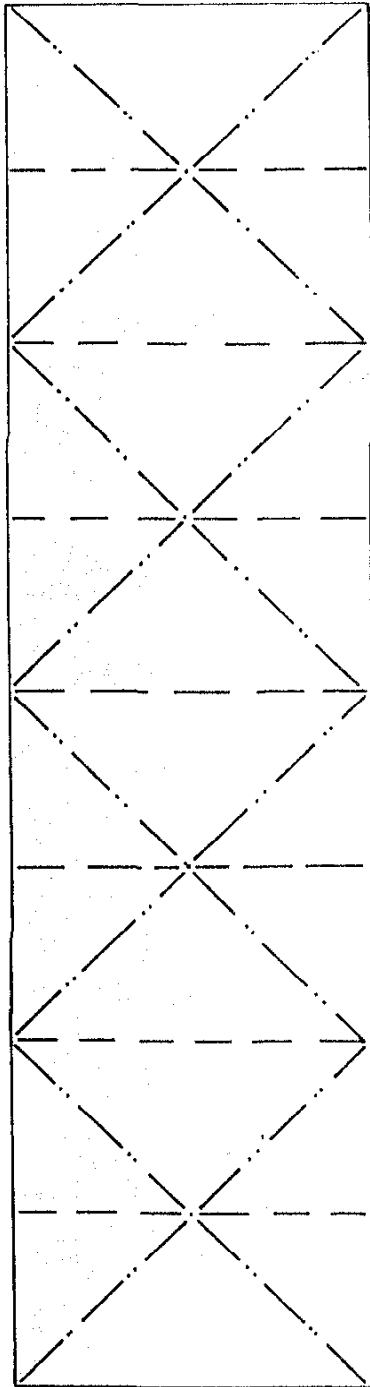
132

Iniziare dalla fig. 24 del modello precedente, dopo averla voltata ed avendo avuto cura di omettere la piegatura della fig. 1<sup>a</sup>

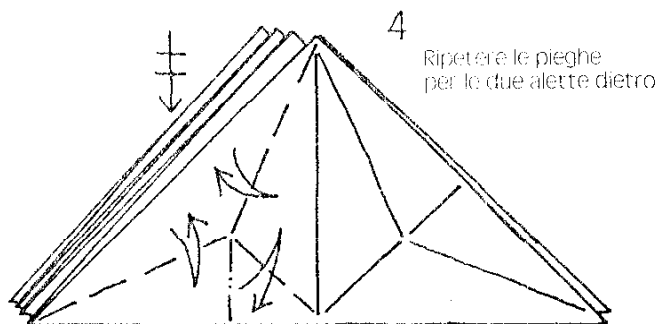
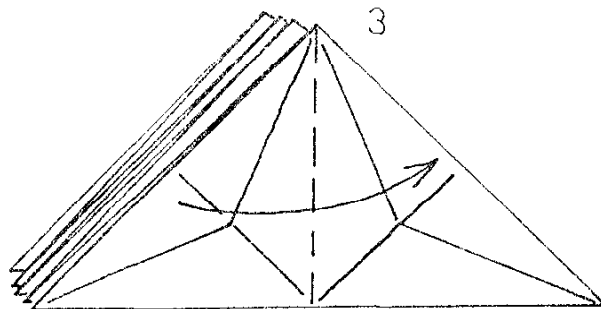
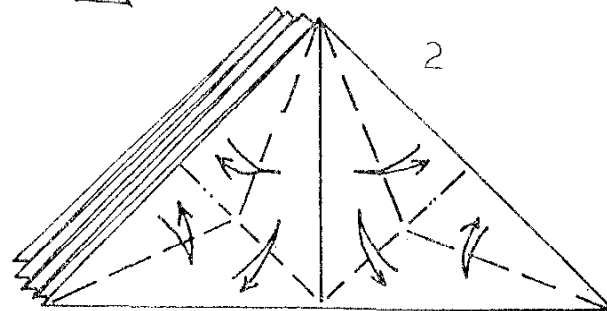
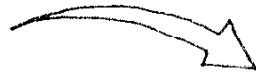


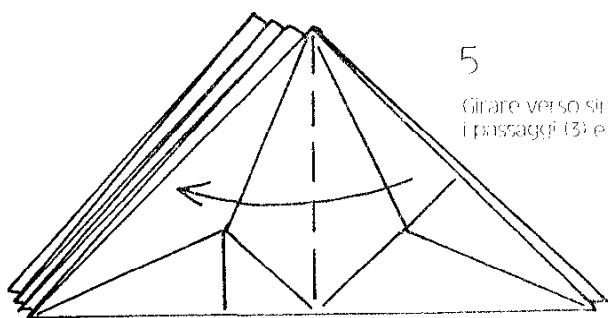


# LA FORMICA



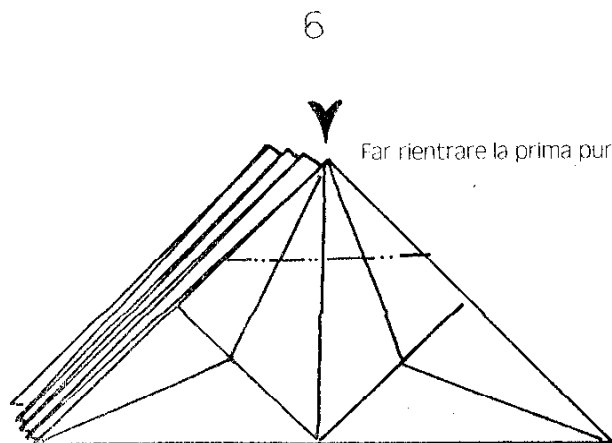
Iniziare con un rettangolo 4x1





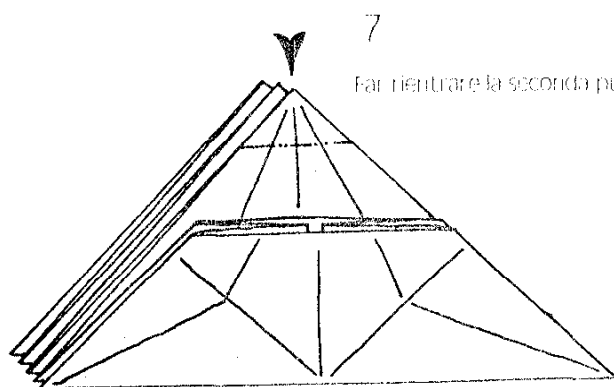
5

Girare verso sinistra e ripetere i passaggi (3) e (4) per l'altro lato



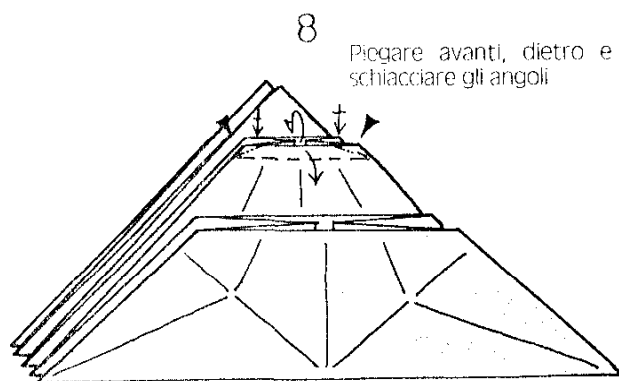
6

Far rientrare la prima punta



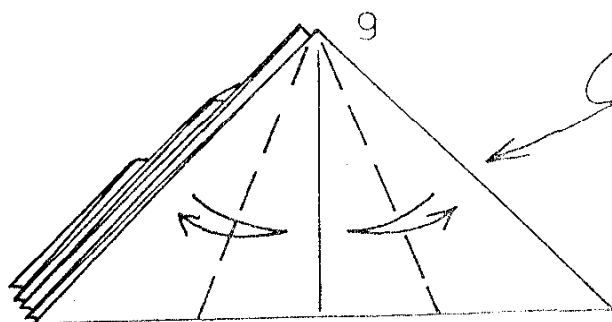
7

Far rientrare la seconda punta

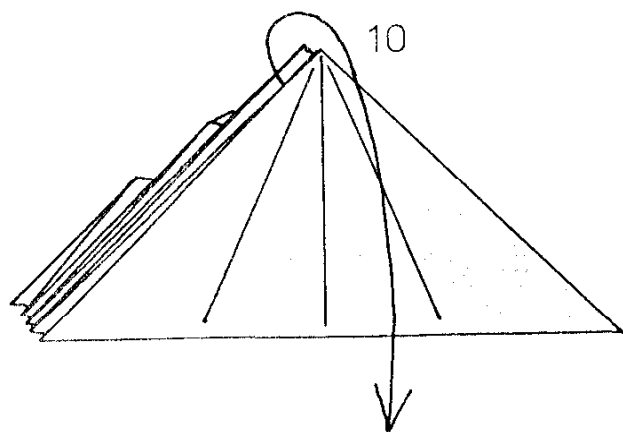


8

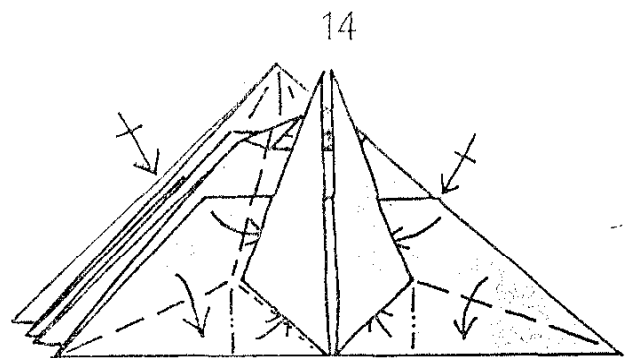
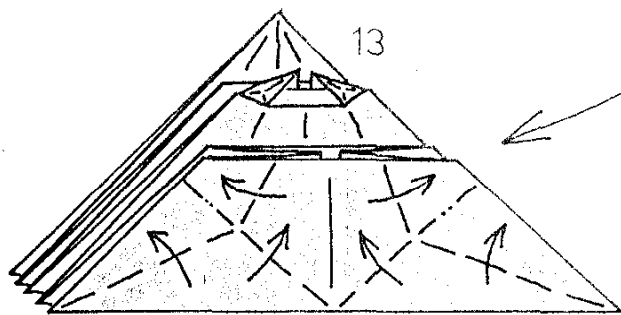
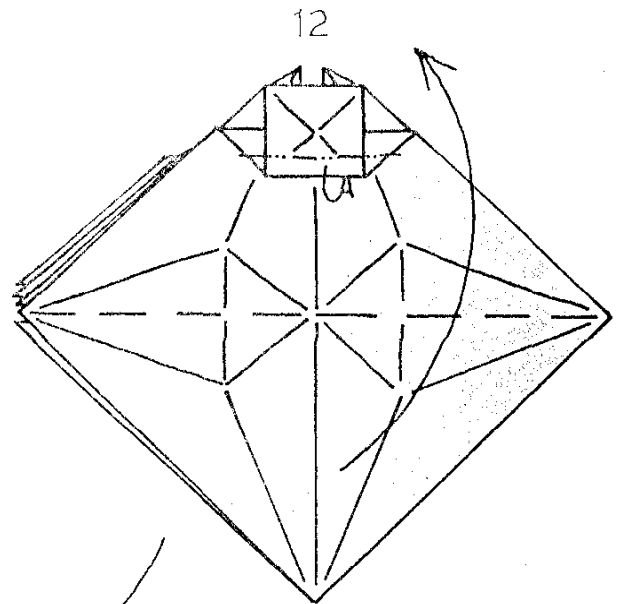
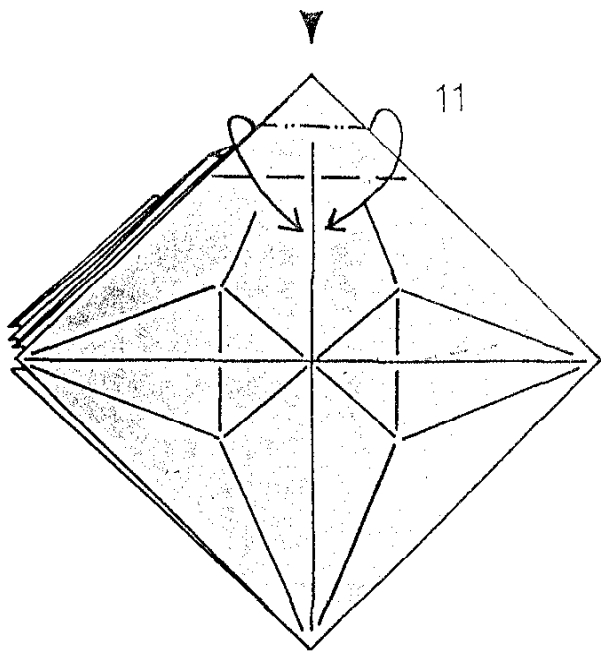
Piegare avanti, dietro e schiacciare gli angoli

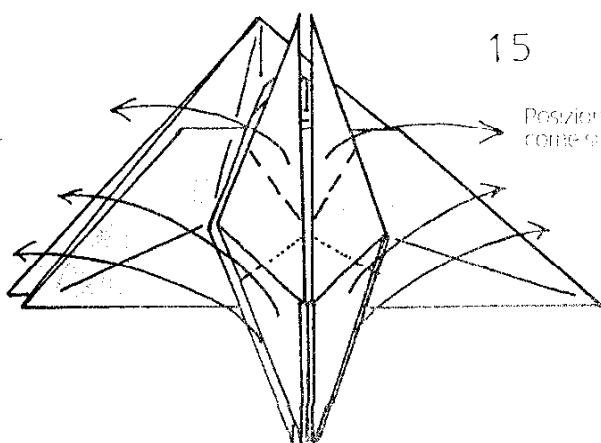


9



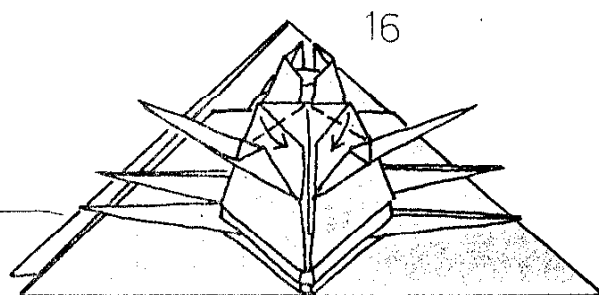
10



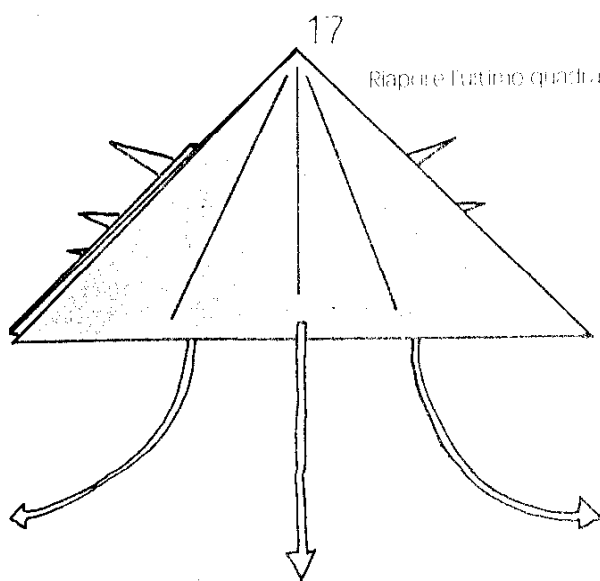


15

Posizionare le zanghe ed assottigliarle così come si è fatto per la forficula

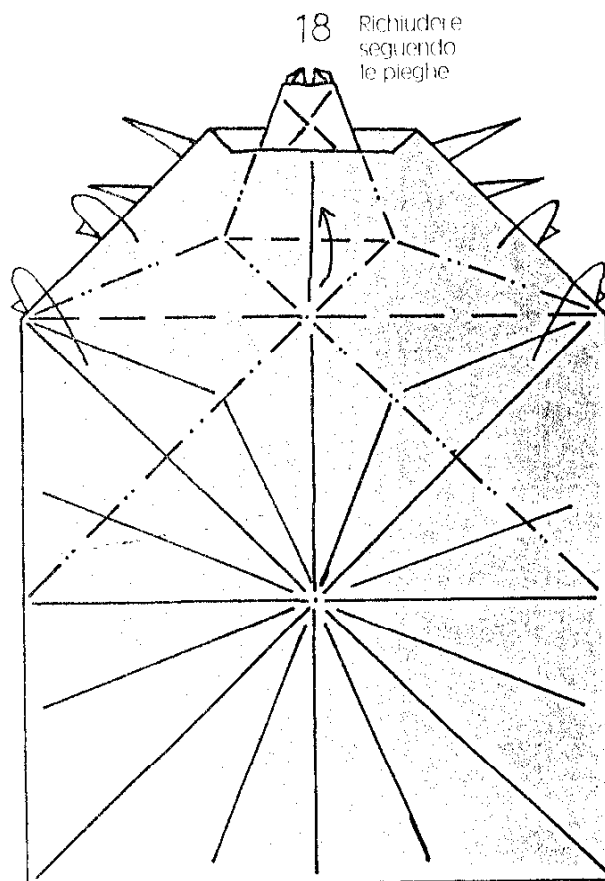


16



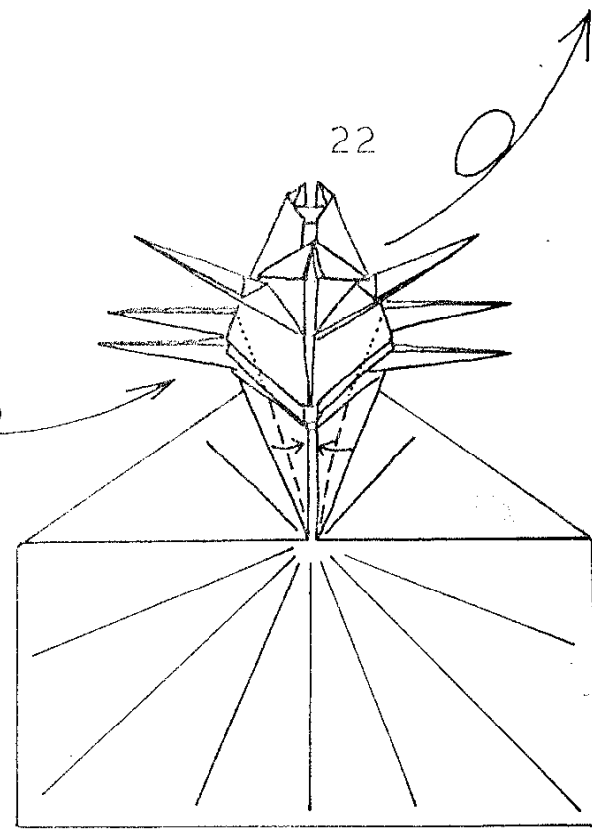
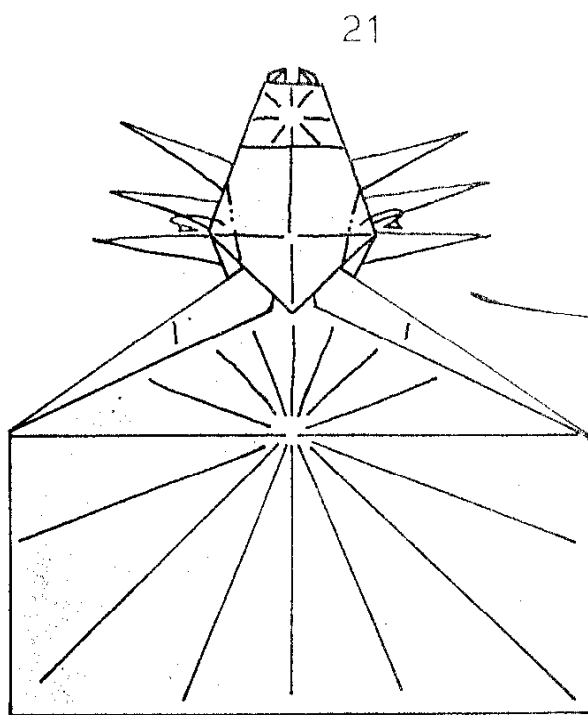
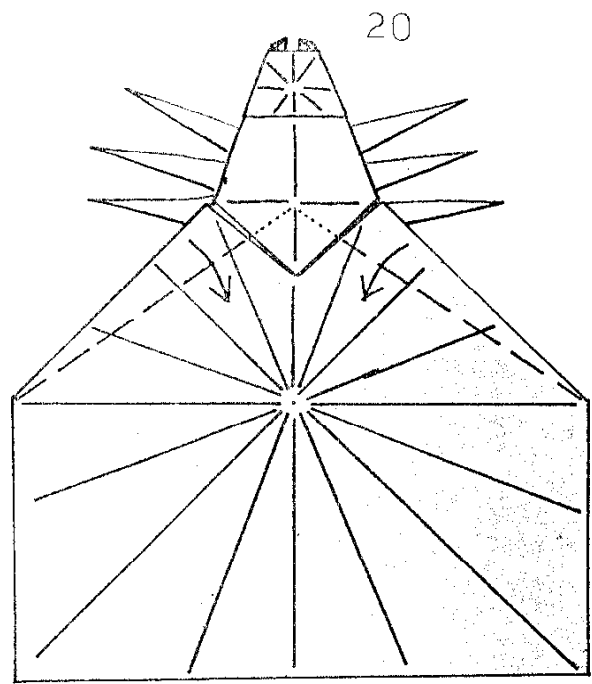
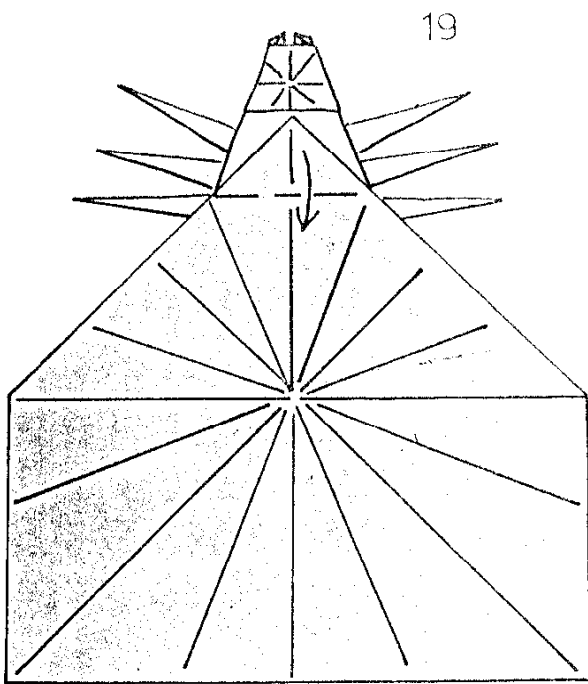
17

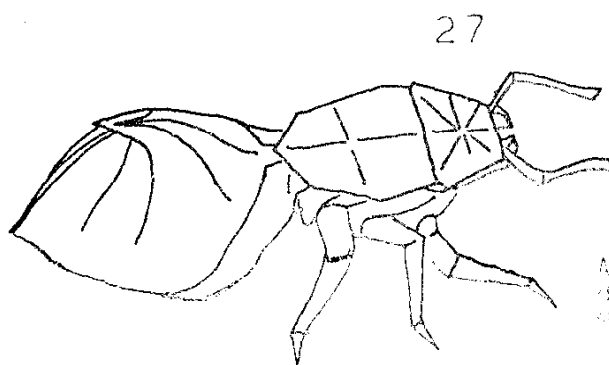
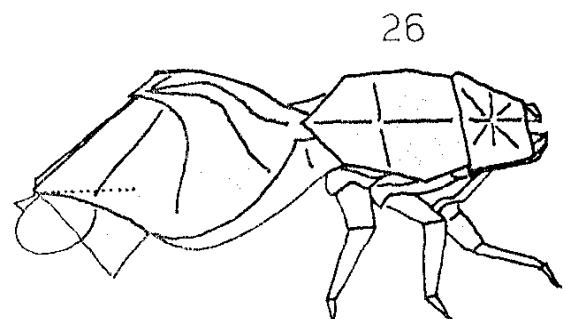
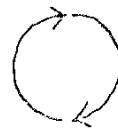
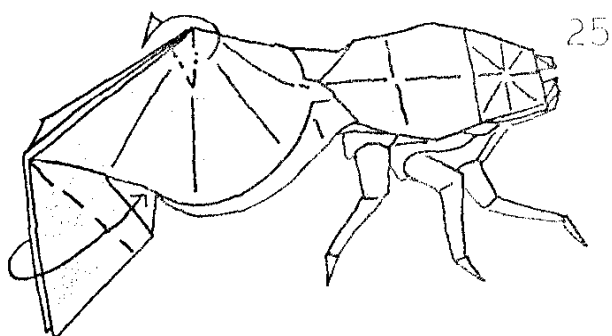
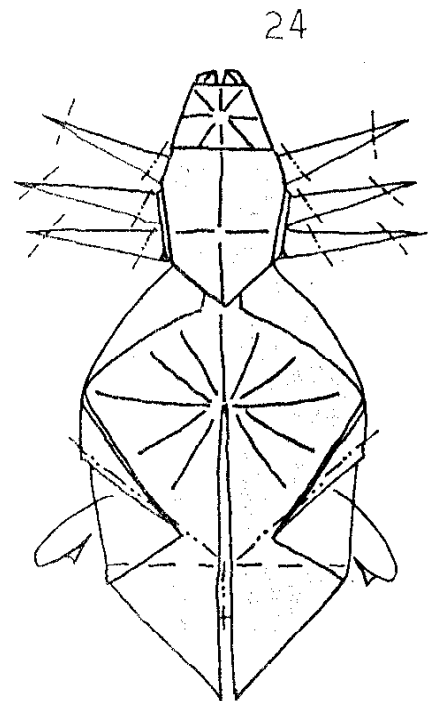
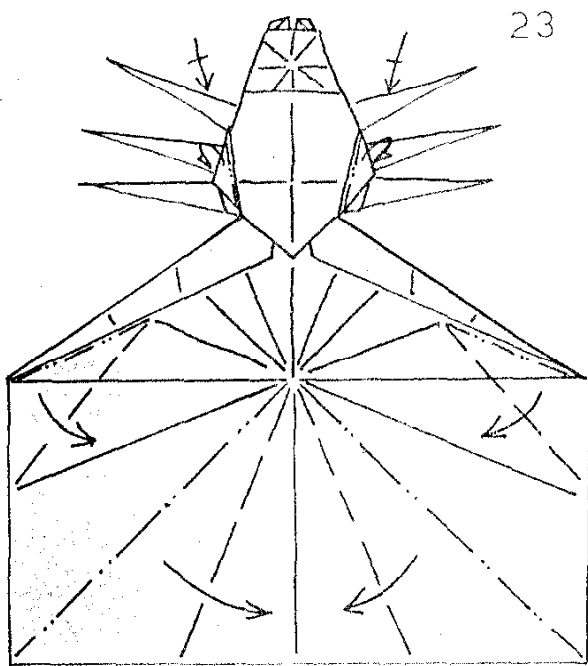
Riaprire l'utero quadrato



18

Richiudere seguendo le pieghe





A questo modello è necessario aggiungere le antenne per dare una visione più realistica. Realizzarle quindi con una carta rigata e piegare come nel disegno.